

Miner. on Fined 3½ Million Dollars; Lewis Personally Is Assessed \$10,000

Veto Yielded By Molotov On Arms Inspections

Startling Concession Covers Day-to-Day Work, but May Include Atom Bomb

By Ferdinand Kuhn, Jr.

Lake Success, N. Y., Dec. 4.—

Foreign Minister Molotov said today that neither Russia nor any other power could veto the day-to-day work of inspection and control of armaments.

His statement electrified the Assembly's Political Committee, for it seemed to sweep away the biggest single obstacle to starting a world-wide effort toward disarmament.

Although American, British and other delegates studied Molotov's speech carefully tonight to find some hidden meaning in it, his words appeared clear and unequivocal on the veto issue. This, in brief, is what he said:

1. The Security Council must do the "policy planning" for the work of inspection and control; it must lay down the guiding principles and the rules of procedure under which a control agency would operate. In such decisions the five great powers on the Council must, of course, be unanimous, and each must have the right of veto.

2. Once a control agency has been established, however, the veto rule has no further connection with its work, and no country will be able to use the veto to obstruct its operations.

This is just the position which the Americans, British and others have been trying to get the Russians to accept. Now that they have accepted it, there are good prospects that this Assembly can pass a resolution asking the Security Council to plan a general reduction of armaments, including atomic weapons and including "effective safeguards against the hazards of evasion."

Once it gets to the Security Council there is bound to be a long, hard struggle for unanimity. The argument may drag on through the whole of next year, or at least until the next session of the Assembly in the fall of 1947. The value of Molotov's concession today and it was a great and perhaps historic concession, in the opinion of most delegates, was that it enabled this start to be made.

Molotov agreed also to accept as a basis of discussion the general principles proposed by the American.

See NATIONS, Page 10, Column 2

Wyatt Quits As Expediter Of Housing

By John W. Ball

Post Reporter

The long-threatened resignation of Wilson W. Wyatt as National Housing Expediter, was announced last night.

The announcement that he had quit was made by the White House in a "statement by the President." Accompanying the release were copies of brief letters exchanged between Mr. Truman and Wyatt in which the resignation was accepted.

The White House statement reviewed Wyatt's 12-month stay in Washington as head of the National Housing Agency.

Profusely Praised

It was profuse in his praise, declaring that "labor, industry and the people of this country have cooperated in doing an outstanding job under his leadership."

The statement, however, made no reference to Wyatt's recent row with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation over support for his program for pre-fabricated houses.

It was this disagreement that eventually settled down to a personal feud between Wyatt and RFC Director George E. Allen that led to Wyatt's demand for presidential support for his entire Veterans Emergency Housing Program.

In carrying out his emergency program, Wyatt desired to use authority he said the Patman Housing Act conferred upon his office, to order RFC to grant 90 million dollars in Government loans to firms

Paid to Curb Vote, Say Negroes



THE MAN—Not talking now, Senator Theodore G. Bilbo of Mississippi gives ear to testimony of witnesses before the Senate Campaign Investigating Committee in Jackson, Miss. The group is inquiring into charges that speeches made by Bilbo encouraged discrimination against Negro voting.

Two Negro leaders told the Senate Campaign Expenditures Committee investigating charges against Theodore G. (The Man) Bilbo of intimidating and coercing Negro voters that they had received \$25 each for keeping Negroes away from the polls.

A rangy, six-foot Gulfport policeman admitted "slapping up" a 125-pound Negro war veteran who went to the Gulfport polls to vote in the July 2 primary which renominated Bilbo for the United States Senate.

Testifies Man Was Drunk

The policeman, Robert L. Williams, said the Negro was drunk and he couldn't handle him any other way.

Chairman Allen Ellender (D., La.) told reporters tonight that the committee would end its hearings here tomorrow. The committee will present nine additional witnesses and Bilbo will close with the presentation of his side of the case.

The two Negro leaders who said they received \$25 each when they warned their people away from the polls at Greenwood, Miss., last July 2, were J. D. Collins, 37-year-old Negro shoe-repairman, and A. C. Montgomery, a taxi driver.

Collins testified that he was called to the office of Shelby Steele, prominent white insurance agent of Greenwood, and found three other white leaders present, including Greenwood's Mayor A. D. Saffold.

Collins, chairman of the Greenwood District of the Mississippi Progressive Voters League, said that the white leaders declared they were worried that trouble might ensue if Negroes tried to vote in the traditionally white primary, particularly after the sort of speeches Senator Bilbo had made.

Relations between whites and Negroes always had been friendly in Greenwood, Collins stated, and he and Montgomery agreed the best way to handle the situation was for them to go around and warn the 32 Negroes already registered that they had better not try to vote.

Steele and Mayor Saffold, who followed Collins to the witness stand, denied that anything had been said at the meeting about Senator Bilbo's speeches.

Steele testified that the two Negro leaders had used their own gasoline on the warning errand, and that subsequently the group gave each man \$25 to cover his expenses.

He agreed that relations between See BILBO, Page 10, Column 1

Bilbo Probe Hears Parade of Witnesses; Will Adjourn Today

By Mary Spargo

Post Reporter

Jackson, Miss., Dec. 4.—A parade of witnesses, both Negro and white today explained how Mississippi, with only 4000 more white than Negro citizens, has maintained its "white supremacy" tradition since the days of the reconstruction.

Two Negro leaders told the Senate Campaign Expenditures Committee investigating charges against Theodore G. (The Man) Bilbo of intimidating and coercing Negro voters that they had received \$25 each for keeping Negroes away from the polls.

A rangy, six-foot Gulfport policeman admitted "slapping up" a 125-pound Negro war veteran who went to the Gulfport polls to vote in the July 2 primary which renominated Bilbo for the United States Senate.

Testifies Man Was Drunk

The policeman, Robert L. Williams, said the Negro was drunk and he couldn't handle him any other way.

Chairman Allen Ellender (D., La.) told reporters tonight that the committee would end its hearings here tomorrow. The committee will present nine additional witnesses and Bilbo will close with the presentation of his side of the case.

The two Negro leaders who said they received \$25 each when they warned their people away from the polls at Greenwood, Miss., last July 2, were J. D. Collins, 37-year-old Negro shoe-repairman, and A. C. Montgomery, a taxi driver.

Collins testified that he was called to the office of Shelby Steele, prominent white insurance agent of Greenwood, and found three other white leaders present, including Greenwood's Mayor A. D. Saffold.

Collins, chairman of the Greenwood District of the Mississippi Progressive Voters League, said that the white leaders declared they were worried that trouble might ensue if Negroes tried to vote in the traditionally white primary, particularly after the sort of speeches Senator Bilbo had made.

Relations between whites and Negroes always had been friendly in Greenwood, Collins stated, and he and Montgomery agreed the best way to handle the situation was for them to go around and warn the 32 Negroes already registered that they had better not try to vote.

Steele and Mayor Saffold, who followed Collins to the witness stand, denied that anything had been said at the meeting about Senator Bilbo's speeches.

Steele testified that the two Negro leaders had used their own gasoline on the warning errand, and that subsequently the group gave each man \$25 to cover his expenses.

He agreed that relations between See BILBO, Page 10, Column 1

3-Way Program Started

By John G. Norris

Post Reporter

America's military and naval chiefs moved yesterday to bolster the Nation's waning defenses with these three actions:

1. Placed the largest plane order since the war—25 million dollars for 500 P-84 Republic Thunderjets, a 600-mile an hour fighter.

2. Set five high ranking Army officers to work on plans for defending United States industrial centers against atomic and other new types of attack.

3. Opened enlistments in the Naval Reserve to nonveterans and launched a recruiting drive aimed at building up the "ready" reserve to full strength by next July.

Included in the 25-million contract awarded the Republic Aviation Corp. was an order for delivery of additional craft or equipment of a secret nature.

The Thunderjet, powered by a new-type turbine gas engine, holds the American speed record of 611 miles an hour.

Heading the new Army board on civil defense is Maj. Gen. Harold B. Bull, who was General Eisenhower's chief of operations in Europe. Others named to study what the War Department called this "vital matter" were Maj. Gen. Percy W. Clarkson, Robert W. Douglas and William H. Arnold and Brig. Gen. Blackshear M. Bryan, Army provost marshal general.

The group was ordered to "study the question of civil defense insofar as it pertains to War Department participation in this essential part of national defense planning. They were directed to consult with outstanding civilian authorities."

This was taken to indicate the War Department's reluctance to assume complete responsibility over such a great task as atomic defense without specific orders to do so.

Preliminary study of the dire lessons learned at Hiroshima, Nagasaki and Bikini suggest that future civil defense plans may involve fundamental changes in American life.

Such matters as dispersal of industry, building of underground factories and possible shifts of population go beyond the Army's scope. But many phases of the huge problem—as yet hardly examined—See DEFENSE, Page 10, Column 1

Emergency Declared In Oakland

CIO Unions Threaten To Cut Off Water, Gas, Power and Food In General Strike

Oakland, Calif., Dec. 4 (AP)—A state of emergency giving the mayor full police powers was proclaimed by the Oakland City Council today as CIO unions threatened to support the AFL general strike by cutting off electricity, gas and water.

The strike, which began at 5 a. m. Tuesday, left the one million population of the Oakland area short of food, without transportation and lacking many services such as laundry and ice.

The Alameda County "Joint Strategy Committee of CIO Unions" called a mass meeting of CIO members for 8 p. m. tomorrow and telegraphed Mayor Herbert L. Beach that unless the AFL dispute was settled, they would "effect the discontinuation of gas, lights, telephone and water services; food supplies, drug supplies, services performed by city and county employees, all manufacturing, and other essential services will be curtailed or suspended."

Even as this new threat to vital utilities developed, the AFL Central Labor Council agreed to "ease the blockade of food and gasoline shipments. Shortages in food and gasoline were apparent last night as AFL teamsters halted deliveries to those neighborhood stores remaining open and to service stations.

Some Bats to End

A union spokesman, following a conference with City Manager John F. Hassler, announced the strike would be lifted from food stores, gasoline distributors, some laundries and elevator service in four office buildings housing doctors.

At Seattle, Dave Beck, international vice president of the AFL teamsters' union, announced he would order striking Oakland teamsters to return to work today if a settlement of the general walkout was not accomplished in peace meetings there last night.

Beck, however, said he would See STRIKES, Page 11, Column 1

Attlee Says A-Bomb Dropped After Jap Surrender Offer

London, Dec. 4 (AP)—Prime Minister Clement Attlee told the House of Commons today that the atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima 15 days after Japan first had offered to surrender on July 22, 1945.

Attlee said in answer to a question that it was decided at the beginning of July to use the atomic bomb against Japan.

"The first bomb was dropped on the sixth of August," Attlee said. "The offer of peace made by Japan on the twenty-second of July was not accepted until the tenth of August."

An all-around survey of the fuel situation during the last 24 hours brought the following facts to light:

1. The Pennsylvania railroad will discontinue some service between Washington and Harrisburg. Three through trains which operate between Washington and Chicago, St. Louis and Detroit will be continued.

See FUEL, Page 11, Column 2

Post Office Sets 5 Pound Limit Freight, Postal Curbs Boost Early Mailing of Yule Parcels

Announcement of the freight embargo and restrictions on parcel post packages, effective at midnight tonight, has spurred Washington area residents into buying and mailing their Christmas presents early.

Postoffices throughout the area began to receive greatly increased parcel post volume yesterday as Christmas givers beat the deadline of weight and size restrictions.

After tonight, the Postoffice will limit packages to 5 pounds, or not more than 18 inches in length and 60 inches in length and girth combined.

Meanwhile, merchants took stock of Christmas goods on hand and hoped that the early buying most of them have done would carry them through the 17 shopping days before Christmas.

Most store executives felt that restriction of freight shipments to retail necessities would reduce the

Mutter Defiance in Streets

Soft-Coal Miners Show Hostility Against Heavy Fines Levied

Pittsburgh, Dec. 4 (AP)—The heavy fines imposed upon the United Mine Workers and John L. Lewis brought hostile reactions from soft coal miners tonight.

Thousands of miners milled in the streets and taverns of the dingy mining towns of western Pennsylvania and West Virginia, muttering defiance.

Hundreds poured into the coal center of Uniontown and gathered in taverns and other places to listen to the radio.

When the miners heard the court decision they became aroused.

"The Government is trying to break their union," said William Hines, president of District 5, UMW, "but anything can happen now. These men think the Government is trying to break their union."

"I don't know how the Government expects to get any coal dug with this kind of tactics. The miners are down in the streets now, talking the thing over. Nobody has decided what he will do."

At Charleston, W. Va., the fine drew an angry blast from William H. Blizard, president of UMW District 17, who said it was "proof that the Democratic Party has entered into a plot to destroy the miners' union."

"According to the fine," Blizard said, "the Government wants the money either to balance the budget, grant a new loan to England or set up a new Pendergast machine."

He said a few minutes after the sentence was passed, a miner walked into his office, put down a \$50 bill and said, "here's my share."

George Titler, president of UMW District 29 at Beckley, W. Va., described the miners' attitude as "hostile."

"I think now we are much farther away from a settlement than we were yesterday morning," he said.

CIO and AFL leaders were indignant. An official of the powerful District 6, CIO United Electrical Workers, said the organization would continue to back the UMW in its fight against Government use of the injunctive process.

A. F. Whitney, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, said at Cleveland:

"I am grieved to learn that the men who struggle underground and whose wage is barely sufficient to enable them to maintain proper subsistence should be required to pay a fine merely because they asked succor in a Democratic country. I also regret to learn that their

See REACTION, Page 11, Column 1

Rail Services Here Face New Crisis in Lack Of U. S. Coal

Critically Needed Plants in War-Torn Lands Closing Down

London, Dec. 4 (AP)—Industrial crises threatened today in at least half a dozen European nations cut off from American coal supplies by the strike of John L. Lewis' miners.

France, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland and Denmark were suffering most from the immediate effects of the work stoppage.

Observers in Sweden, Norway and Germany, less dependent on American supplies, reported no evidence yet of industrial breakdown, but saw the prospect of increasing difficulties unless the coal dispute was settled quickly.

Worried lest the American strike further endanger Britain's already precarious supply position, officials of the Ministry of Fuel and Power announced the situation was under review.

Scandinavian Need

A British government spokesman forecast requests, particularly from Scandinavian countries, for more British coal.

"Denmark, for one," he said, "probably will turn to us."

Unable wholly to supply the domestic market's demands, Britain now exports an average of 403,740 tons a month, compared with 2,988,000 tons in 1938.

A survey by Associated Press correspondents indicated France, Italy and Denmark were hardest hit by the American miners' walkout.

Reporting that American supplies represent more than half of France's total coal imports, a spokesman for the Ministry of Industrial Production predicted widespread work stoppages.

American coal imports by France compared with total imports in recent months included: September, 713,000 tons and 1,188,000 tons; October, 713,000 tons and 1,188,000 tons; November, 713,000 tons and 1,188,000 tons; December, 713,000 tons and 1,188,000 tons.

Union Plans To Appeal; Action Called 'Outrageous'

Goldsborough Says He Would Have Jailed Mine Boss If Asked By U. S.

By Dillard Stokes

Post Reporter

Justice T. Alan Goldsborough yesterday fined the United Mine Workers 3½ million dollars for their coal strike—which went right on into its third week.

The Justice also fined UMW President John L. Lewis \$10,000 and said he would have jailed him if the Justice Department has not wanted a fine instead.

U. S. counsel called the fines outrageous and said they would appeal at once.

Injunction Is Granted

Lewis and his union were fined after being found guilty of contempt of court, for calling the strike in defiance of Justice Goldsborough's restraining order against it.

Assistant Attorney General John F. Sonnett asked—and late yesterday the Justice granted—an injunction to take the place of the order. This will be in effect until the coal case is settled, probably by the Supreme Court, where the Administration means to take it as soon as the appeal is filed.

Justice Goldsborough's courtroom was packed at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, when he was due to pass sentence on the miners.

But he met in his chambers with Sonnett, UMW Chief Counsel Welly K. Hopkins, AFL Counsel Joseph A. Padway and other defense lawyers.

Lewis, Lawyers Confer

Lewis waited for awhile in the courtroom, then went to a jury room nearby, where he smoked a cigar and walked up and down. After some 40 minutes his lawyers came out for a conference with Lewis, in a room where there was a telephone he could use.

After a few minutes the lawyers went back to the justice. These talks went on for almost two hours, and led to rumors that the strike was being settled, which became stronger when Justice Goldsborough opened his court at noon and fifteen second later ordered a recess until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Although both Lewis and the Administration have said they want a fight to the finish, the rumors had the Government offering to drop the fines if the miners went back to work and Lewis offering to call off the strike if the Administration would drop the injunction against it.

Whatever the meetings with the justice were for, the lawyers would not talk about them and they followed the same pattern of secrecy.

See COAL, Page 11, Column 1

Stocks Take Spurt As Rumor Spreads Mine Pact Is Near

New York, Dec. 4 (AP)—Wide-spread reports today that an agreement for the coal miners' return to work was brewing produced a stock market rally unexcelled since November 1.

Steele led the way as leading shares climbed \$1 to around \$3. Optimism over a possible bituminous settlement reached its height in the final hour when for a brief period the ticker tape failed to keep up with transactions. Announcement that the market's close of fines against John L. Lewis and the union gave no suggestion of support for the rumors that had pervaded financial quarters.

Profit-taking at the close cut the gains by some stocks.

Bethlehem finished at \$90.25, up \$2.75; U. S. Steel at \$71.62, up \$2.25; Chrysler at \$85, up \$1; General Motors at \$50.50, up \$1; American Smelting at \$52.87, up \$1.75; Chesapeake & Ohio at \$53.25, up \$1.97; and John's-Manville at \$128, up \$2.

Today's Index

Pages	Pages	Pages
Ask Anne	16 Lyons, Leonard	9
Bell, Nelson B.	9 Hoover, Barnard	9
Crowdover Puzzle	13 Pearson, Drew	13
Death Notice	18 Perlick, Shirley	14
Editorial, Carlson	8 Radio	12
Federal Diary	9 Sports	14, 15
Financial	18 Weather	18
Lippman, Walter	9 Women	16



1322 F Street N.W.



*Problems,
People,
Love,
Adventure,
Historical
Romance,
Religious
Figures,
Mystery,
The Realm*

of FICTION *for Everybody's Enjoyment.*

1. **B. F.'S DAUGHTER**
by JOHN P. MARQUAND—Literary Guild selection for December. An intriguing novel by one of America's foremost writers. \$2.75.
2. **THIEVES IN THE NIGHT**
by ARTHUR KOESTLER—Jewish settlers, terrorists, Arabs, Britons, an American reporter, act out an exciting novel of contemporary Palestine. \$2.75.
3. **GREEN GRASS OF WYOMING**
by MARY O'HARA—The qualities of human understanding and the feeling for nature and horses which made "My Friend Flicka" and "Thunderhead" so beloved are here again. \$2.75.
4. **EAST RIVER**
by SHOLEM ASCH—A drama of life in the melting pot that was New York during the early 1900's, dealing with spiritual issues significant in their implications. \$3.00.
5. **THE FALL OF VALOR**
by CHARLES JACKSON—Adult writing that probes the human personality with honesty and the emotional intensity of his first novel, "The Lost Weekend." \$2.75.
6. **KING JESUS**
by ROBERT GRAVES—Jesus' life on earth with all its drama and poetry is brought before the reader in glowing scenes. \$3.00.
7. **MISTER ROBERTS**
by THOMAS HEGGEN—The story of a man who found himself playing guardian angel, referee and diplomat to the crew and officers of a ship with a "regular run from Tedium to Apathy and back . . . an occasional run to Monotony and once it made a run all the way to Ennui." \$2.50.
8. **PAVILION OF WOMEN**
by PEARL BUCK—A saga of Chinese life and character as only the author of "The Good Earth" and "Dragon Seed" can present it. \$3.00.
9. **HOLDFAST GAINES**
by ODELL SHEPARD and WILLARD SHEPARD—A splendid historical drama of America from 1780 to 1815, with breath-taking action, characters to make you laugh and cry. \$3.00.

- 10. A TREASURY OF LAUGHTER**
 Edited by LOUIS UNTERMEYER—A mammoth 768-page treasury covering the entire field of humor: Stories, poems, essays, jokes, from Mark Twain to Stephen Leacock and Thurber. \$3.95.

The Lifetime Library, a form worthy of the distinguished texts, the best thought of antiquity, the Middle Ages and today.

11. **BASIC WRITING OF ST. THOMAS AQUINAS:** Two volumes, boxed.
Edited by ANTON C. PEGIS. \$7.50.
12. **COMPLETE WORKS OF EUGENE O'NEILL,** Three volumes, boxed, \$7.50.
13. **THE DIALOGUES OF PLATO**
Two volumes, boxed, \$7.50
The BENJAMIN JOWETT translation.
14. **THE COMPLETE GREEK DRAMA.** Two volumes, boxed \$7.50
Edited by WHITNEY J. OATES and EUGENE O'NEILL, Jr.
15. **REMEMBRANCE OF THINGS PAST.** Two volumes, boxed, \$7.50
by MARCEL PROUST.

Illustrated Modern Library, \$2.00 Each

Don Quixote	The Pickwick	Jane Eyre
Famous Ghost	Papers	Poems of
Stories	Crime and	Longfellow
Wuthering Heights	Punishment	Tom Jones
Walden	The Brothers	The Autobiography
Leaves of Grass	Karamazov	of Benjamin
Green Mansions	Wisdom of	Franklin
	Confucius	



Brentano's for Books

BOOKSELLERS  TO THE WORLD

Suggestions for A Happy Christmas

*Light on Current Problems—Our World
Neighbors — HISTORY*

- 16. NOT SO WILD A DREAM**
by ERIC SEVAREID—A thought-provoking personal account by a clear-thinking spokesman for this important Present Generation. **\$3.50.**
- 17. DISCOVERY OF INDIA**
by JAWAHARLAL NEHRU—A story of India from pre-historic times to the urgent present. **\$5.00.**
- 18. THE SHORE DIMLY SEEN**
by ELLIS GIBBS ARNALL, Governor of Georgia—an exciting record of achievement by "the South's greatest leader since the Civil War," and an engaging view of the goals toward which the nation moves. **\$3.00.**
- 19. LOST MEN OF AMERICAN HISTORY**
by STEWART H. HOLBROOK—The story of important figures who have contributed to America's development, but who, because of the passage of time or the vagaries of history, are now forgotten or obscure. **\$3.50.**
- 20. ABRAHAM LINCOLN:
His Speeches and Writings**
Edited by ROY P. BASLER—250 of Lincoln's most important speeches, state papers and letters, some of them hitherto unpublished. **\$7.75.**

Horses—Dogs—Hunting—Fishing
Football—Baseball—Boxing—Skiing—Golf
—SPORTS—

- 27. BEAU DARE: American Saddle Colt**
by **PERS CROWELL**—A beautiful and highly informative book to delight everyone who loves a horse. **\$4.00.**
- 28. HUNTERS CHOICE**
by **ARCHIBALD RUTLEDGE**—A refreshing and vigorous interpretation of outdoor life, built around adventures with gun and dog. **\$7.50.**
- 29. THE MORGAN DENNIS DOG BOOK WITH SOME SPECIAL CATS**
—From small, sad-eyed pups to great cart-pulling sheep dogs, Morgan Dennis' drawings of dogs have a very special appeal to all animal lovers and to artists. **\$3.00.**
- 30. THE RUFFED GROUSE**
- 31. WOODCOCK WAYS**
by **HENRY MARION HALL**—Beautifully illustrated books at **\$6.00 each.**

*Famous Americans—
Creative People—Use-
ful lives — Men and
women who have made
their lives worth read-
ing about—*

BIOGRAPHY

- 38. THE ROOSEVELT I KNEW**
by FRANCES PERKINS—A warm and deep understanding of Roosevelt as a human being and statesman makes this book a major biography of the late President. **\$3.75.**
- 39. BRANDEIS: A Free Man's Life**
by ALPHEUS THOMAS MASON—One of the most controversial important figures of our time is here accorded his first full-scale biography. **\$5.00.**
- 40. HORACE GREELEY: Printer, Editor, Crusader**
by HENRY LUTHER STODDARD—An accurate, interesting and sympathetic biography of the great American editor. **\$3.50.**
- 41. PAULINE BONAPARTE:
A Woman of Affairs**
by HARRISON BRENT—The story of Napoleon's youngest sister, a fabulous and scandalous figure in a period which was itself fabulous for scandal and extravagance. **\$3.50.**

- 42. JAMES MONROE**
by W. P. CRESSON—A refresher course in American history in the company of one of the most thorough-going Americans that ever lived. \$5.00.
- 43. THE LOWELLS AND THEIR SEVEN WORLDS**
by FERRIS GREENLEAF—The saga of one of America's oldest and most influential families whose lives span the whole course of our history and reflect the finest qualities in it. \$4.00.

To Suit a Variety of Moods and Personalities

44. SHORT STORIES OF DOSTOEVSKY
45. SHORT NOVELS OF DOSTOEVSKY
46. SHORT NOVELS OF TOLSTOY
47. GREAT SHORT NOVELS OF HENRY JAMES
48. GREAT AMERICAN SHORT NOVELS
• A "Permanent Library" series, durably bound and well printed. Each volume, \$4.00.

- 49. RUSSIAN FAIRY TALES**
Illustrated by ALEXANDER ALEXEIEFF.

- 50. GRIMM'S FAIRY TALES**
Illustrated by **JOSEF SCHARL**—A complete, thoroughly revised edition of these classic fairy and folk tales. Each volume, **\$7.50.**

Wonderful Books for every child—

- 31. THE ROOSTER CROWS**
By Maud and Miska Petersham.
Here is part of America's heri-
tage, gay verses beautifully il-
lustrated, beloved by American
children for generations. Win-
ner of the 1946 Caldecott
Medal. \$2.00.
- 52. HOW TO BEHAVE AND
WHY**
By Munro Leaf. This latest
book by one of America's most
popular writers of children's
books gives the accent positive
on how to be popular though
very young! \$1.50.
- 53. MOTHER GOOSE**
Arranged and edited by Eulalie
Osgood Grover. These ever-
popular verses are here pre-
sented in a new edition with
new illustrations by Fred-
erick Richardson. \$2.50.
- 54. STRAWBERRY GIRL**
By Lois Lenski. The second of
a series of regional stories in
which the heroine is presented
in a fascinating and little-
known background to boys and
girls. Winner of the 1946
Newberry Medal. \$2.50.
- 55. THE MONKEY WITH A
NOTION**
By Glen O. Blough. The story
of Snick, a monkey with a
notion—and his notion was
that he could open the latch
on his cage in Miss Pessley's
pet shop. A Junior Literary
Guild Selection. \$2.00.
- 56. AMERICA'S PAUL
REVERE**
By Esther Forbes. A beautifully
written book that will introduce
a child to the beginnings of
American history and a man
whose contribution to his
country will always be remem-
bered. \$2.00.
- 57. H. M. S. PINAFORE**
Adapted from Gilbert and Sul-
livan by Opal Wheeler. The
story of the operetta enchant-
ingly told with all of its gay
music so simply arranged that
any one with even an academic
knowledge of music can play
it. \$3.00.
- 58. GREYLOCK AND THE
ROBINS**
By Tom Robinson. Greylock is
a pampered, well-fed house cat
who nevertheless has an eye
for any extra luscious morsel
he can find. \$2.00.

GENERAL

- 32 LOST TREASURES OF EUROPE**
A pictorial record. Edited by **HENRY LA FARGE**—427 photographs of the great monuments of Europe which were either partially or totally destroyed in World War II. \$5.00.
- 33 A TREASURY OF GRAND OPERA**
Edited by **HENRY W. SIMON**—Music arranged for piano and voice by Albert Sirmay from each of seven operas. \$5.00.
- 34 A TREASURY OF STEPHEN FOSTER**
Foreword by DEEMS TAYLOR—For singing, for playing, for sheer delight in reading, here are the best songs of Stephen Foster in a beautiful gift volume. \$3.95.
- 35 ART IN MODERN BALLET**
Edited by **GEORGE AMBERG**—Many painters of distinction have concerned themselves with the ballet stage and costume design. Here is a complete text from 1909 to 1945 with eight full color plates, 200 photographs and the text and index of 830 ballets. \$15.00.
- 36 DAUMIER: Twenty-four Prints on Married Life**
—Handsomely reproduced on heavy sheets and encased in a cloth-covered portfolio. It is one of the best study and picture collections of Daumier ever to be offered to the public at a nominal price. \$5.50.
- 37 LAUTREC: Twelve Drawings**
—A collection of the work of a great artist; a sensitive painter, a superb draughtsman and lithographer and an unrivalled designer of pictorial posters. \$15.00.

**Mail This Coupon for Any Book on This Page
or in This Section**

BRENTANO'S

1322 F Street N.W., Washington 4, D. C.

Please send me the books whose numbers I have encircled below. I enclose (.....) check (.....) money order for \$..... or charge my account

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56
57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70

Name (please print)

Address

City Zone State (P)

Miner Union Fined 3½ Million Dollars; Lewis Personally Is Assessed \$10,000

Veto Yielded By Molotov On Arms Inspections

Startling Concession
Covers Day-to-Day
Work, but May
Include Atom Bomb

By Ferdinand Kuhn, Jr.
Post Reporter

Lake Success, N. Y., Dec. 4.—Foreign Minister Molotov said today that neither Russia nor any other power could veto the day-to-day work of inspection and control of armaments.

His statement electrified the Assembly's Political Committee, for it seemed to sweep away the biggest single obstacle to starting a world-wide effort toward disarmament.

Although American, British and other delegates studied Molotov's speech carefully tonight to find some hidden meaning in it, his words appeared clear and unequivocal on the veto issue. This, in brief, is what he said:

1. The Security Council must do the "policy planning" for the work of inspection and control; it must lay down the guiding principles and the rules of procedure under which a control agency would operate. In such decisions the five great powers on the Council must, of course, be unanimous, and each must have the right of veto.

2. Once a control agency has been established, however, the veto rule has no further connection with its work, and no country will be able to use the veto to obstruct its operations.

This is just the position which the Americans, British and others have been trying to get the Russians to accept. Now that they have accepted it, there are good prospects that this Assembly can pass a resolution asking the Security Council to plan a general reduction of armaments, including atomic weapons and including "effective safeguards against the hazards of evasion."

Struggle Yet Ahead
Once it gets to the Security Council there is bound to be a long, hard struggle for unanimity. The argument may drag on through the whole of next year, or at least until the next session of the Assembly in the fall of 1947. The value of Molotov's concession today—and it was a great and perhaps historic concession, in the opinion of most delegates—was that it enabled this start to be made.

Molotov agreed also to accept as a basis of discussion the general principles proposed by the American See NATIONS, Page 10, Column 3

Wyatt Quits As Expediter Of Housing

By John W. Ball
Post Reporter

The long-threatened resignation of Wilson W. Wyatt as National Housing Expediter, was announced last night.

The announcement that he had quit was made by the White House in a "statement by the President." Accompanying the release were copies of brief letters exchanged between Mr. Truman and Wyatt in which the resignation was accepted.

The White House statement reviewed Wyatt's 12-month stay in Washington as head of the National Housing Agency.

Professing Praise
It was profuse in his praise, declaring that "labor, industry and the people of this country have cooperated in doing an outstanding job under his leadership."

The statement, however, made no reference to Wyatt's recent row with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation over support for his program for pre-fabricated houses. It was this disagreement that eventually settled down to a personal feud between Wyatt and RFC Director George E. Allen that led to Wyatt's demand for presidential support for his entire Veterans Emergency Housing Program.

In carrying out his emergency program, Wyatt desired to use authority he said the Patman Housing Act conferred upon his office, to order RFC to grant 90 million dollars in Government loans to firms See HOUSING, Page 11, Column 2

Paid to Curb Vote, Say Negroes



THE MAN—Not talking now, Senator Theodore G. Bilbo of Mississippi gives ear to testimony of witnesses before the Senate Campaign Investigating Committee in Jackson, Miss. The group is inquiring into charges that speeches made by Bilbo encouraged discrimination against Negro voting.

Meyer Resigns As President Of World Bank

Work of Launching
Institution Is Now
Completed, He Says

By Alfred Friendly
Post Reporter

Eugene Meyer, first president of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, yesterday resigned from that position, six months from the day on which he was appointed.

He resigned, he said, because he felt he had completed the job of launching the World Bank and getting it started. The moment has now arrived, he said, and when for the welfare of the Bank, "a permanent head should be selected so that he may participate in the further building of the organization and the development of operating policies and practices."

Meyer, formerly head of the Federal Reserve Bank and Reconstruction Finance Corporation, pointed out that when he was named to the World Bank presidency it was understood he was not to serve "indefinitely." He asked that his resignation be accepted.

See BANK, Page 10, Column 1

Ray Fights for His Day

Lippy Stole Laraine, Posing As Friend, Charges Husband

Hollywood, Dec. 4 (AP)—Airport Executive Ray Hendricks, spouse of Movie Actress Laraine Day, tonight blamed Leo (Lippy) Durocher for his broken home.

He charged that the handsome manager of the Brooklyn Dodgers stole the love of his wife under his very roof while posing as a family friend.

Hendricks, in a stinging answer to Miss Day's routine "mental cruelty" divorce petition, accused Durocher of dishonorable and ungentlemanly conduct with his wife. "She told me in front of Durocher that she was in love with him," Hendricks said in his answer. "And he said he was in love with her and wanted to marry her. The rapidity and shock of these events completely humiliated and overwhelmed me."

"In my opinion," he added, "Leo

Bilbo Probe Hears Parade of Witnesses; Will Adjourn Today

By Mary Spargo
Post Reporter

Jackson, Miss., Dec. 4 (AP)—A parade of witnesses, both Negro and white today explained how Mississippi, with only 4000 more white than Negro citizens, has maintained its "white supremacy" tradition since the days of the reconstruction.

Two Negro leaders told the Senate Campaign Expenditures Committee investigating charges against Theodore G. (The Man) Bilbo of intimidating and coercing Negro voters that they had received \$25 each for keeping Negroes away from the polls.

A rangy, six-foot Gulfport policeman admitted "slapping up" a 125-pound Negro war veteran who went to the Gulfport polls to vote in the July 2 primary which renominated Bilbo for the United States Senate.

Testifies Man Was Drunk
The policeman, Robert L. Williams, said the Negro was drunk and he couldn't handle him any other way.

Chairman Allen Ellender (D., La.) told reporters tonight that the committee would end its hearings here tomorrow. The committee will present nine additional witnesses and Bilbo will close with the presentation of his side of the case.

The two Negro leaders who said they received \$25 each when they warned their people away from the polls at Greenwood, Miss., last July 2, were J. D. Collins, 37-year-old Negro shoe-repairman, and A. C. Montgomery, a taxi driver.

Collins testified that he was called to the office of Shelby Steele, prominent white insurance agent of Greenwood, and found three other white leaders present, including Greenwood's Mayor A. D. Saffold.

Feared Trouble
Collins, chairman of the Greenwood District of the Mississippi Progressive Voters League, said that the white leaders declared they were worried that trouble might ensue if Negroes tried to vote in the traditionally white primary, particularly after the sort of speeches Senator Bilbo had made.

Relations between whites and Negroes always had been friendly in Greenwood, Collins stated, and he and Montgomery agreed the best way to handle the situation was for them to go around and warn the 32 Negroes already registered that they had better not try to vote.

Steele testified that the two Negro leaders had used their own gasoline on the warning errand, and that subsequently the group gave each man \$25 to cover his expenses.

He agreed that relations between See BILBO, Page 10, Column 1

3-Way Program Started

Military and Naval Chiefs Act to Bolster U. S. Defenses

By John G. Norris
Post Reporter

America's military and naval chiefs moved yesterday to bolster the Nation's waning defenses with these three actions:

1. Placed the largest plane order since the war-end—a 25 million dollar contract for 500 P-84 Republic Thunderjets, a 600-mile an hour fighter.

2. Set five high ranking Army officers to work on plans for defending United States industrial centers against atomic and other new types of attack.

3. Opened enlistments in the Naval Reserve to nonveterans and launched a recruiting drive aimed at building up the "ready" reserve to full strength by next July.

Included in the 25-million contract awarded the Republic Aviation Corp. was an order for delivery of additional aircraft or equipment of a secret nature. The Thunderjet, powered by a new-type turbine gas engine, holds the American speed record of 611 miles an hour.

Heading the new Army board of defense is Maj. Gen. Harold R. Bull, who was General Eisen-

Emergency Declared In Oakland

CIO Unions Threaten
To Cut Off Water,
Gas, Power and Food
In General Strike

Oakland, Calif., Dec. 4 (AP)—A state of emergency giving the mayor full police powers was proclaimed by the Oakland City Council today as CIO unions threatened to support the AFL general strike by cutting off electricity, gas and water.

The strike, which began at 5 a. m. Tuesday, left the one million population of the Oakland area short of food, without transportation and lacking many services such as laundry and ice.

The Alameda County "Joint Strategy Committee of CIO Unions" called a mass meeting of CIO members for 8 p. m. tomorrow and telegraphed Mayor Herbert L. Beach that unless the AFL dispute were settled, they would "effect the discontinuation of gas, lights, telephone and water services; food supplies, drug supplies, services performed by city and county employees, all manufacturing, and other essential services will be curtailed or suspended."

Even as this new threat to vital utilities developed, the AFL Central Labor Council agreed to ease the blockade of food and gasoline shipments. Shortages in food and gasoline were apparent last night as AFL teamsters halted deliveries to those neighborhood stores remaining open and to service stations.

Some Bait to End

A union spokesman, following a conference with City Manager John P. Hauser, announced the strike would be lifted from food stores, gasoline distributors, some laundries and elevator service in four office buildings housing doctors.

[At Seattle, Dave Beck, international vice president of the AFL teamsters' union, announced he would order striking Oakland teamsters to return to work today if a settlement of the general walkout was not accomplished in peace meetings there last night.]

Beck, however, said he would see STRIKES, Page 11, Column 7

Attlee Says A-Bomb Dropped After Jap Surrender Offer

London, Dec. 4 (AP)—Prime Minister Clement Attlee told the House of Commons today that the atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima 15 days after Japan first had offered to surrender on July 22, 1945.

Attlee said in answer to a question that it was decided at the beginning of July to use the atomic bomb against Japan.

"The first bomb was dropped on the sixth of August," Attlee said. "The offer of peace made by Japan on the twenty-second of July was not accepted until the tenth of August."

Mutter Defiance in Streets

Soft-Coal Miners Show Hostility Against Heavy Fines Levied

Pittsburgh, Dec. 4 (AP)—The heavy fines imposed upon the United Mine Workers and John L. Lewis brought hostile reactions from soft coal miners tonight.

Thousands of miners milled in the streets and taverns of the dingy mining towns of western Pennsylvania and West Virginia, muttering defiance.

When the miners heard the court decision they became aroused.

"There aren't any demonstrations yet," said William Hinek, president of District 5, UMW, "but anything can happen now. These men think the Government is trying to break their union."

"I don't know how the Government expects to get any coal dug with this kind of tactics. The miners are down in the streets now talking the thing over. Nobody has decided what he will do."

At Charleston, W. Va., the fine drew an angry blast from William Blizard, president of UMW District 17, who said it was "proof that the Democratic Party has entered into a plot to destroy the miners' union."

"According to the fine," Blizard

said, "the Government wants the money either to balance the budget, grant a new loan to England or set up a new Pendergast machine."

He said a few minutes after the sentence was passed, a miner walked into his office, put down a \$50 bill and said, "here's my share."

George Titler, president of UMW District 29 at Beckley, W. Va., described the miners' attitude as "hostile."

"I think now we are much farther away from a settlement than we were yesterday morning," he said.

CIO and AFL leaders were indignant. An official of the powerful District 6, CIO United Electrical Workers, said the organization would continue to back the UMW in its fight against Government use of the injunctive process.

A. F. Whitney, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, said at Cleveland:

"I am grieved to learn that the men who struggle underground and whose wage is barely sufficient to enable them to maintain proper subsistence should be required to pay a fine merely because they asked succor in a Democratic country. I also regret to learn that their

See REACTION, Page 11, Column 1

Rail Services Here Face New Slash Monday

D. C. Tax Receipts Cut
Forecast; Peppo Dips
Into Coal Reserves

By Howard Dutkin
Post Reporter

Further curtailment of railroad service affecting Washington, effective Monday, was announced yesterday while nationally, unemployment was expected to pass two million as a result of the freight embargo and bituminous coal tieup.

At the same time, a slash in District tax receipts was predicted by Edward A. Dent, tax assessor, as a byproduct of decreased earnings due to these factors.

For the second consecutive day, the Potomac Electric Power Co. was obliged to dip into its coal reserves with receipts insufficient for the day's requirements. J. H. Ferry, vice-president, reported the company was working on plans to convert some existing coal-burning equipment to oil usage. The utility still had 36 days supply of bituminous coal on hand.

Alders Baltimore Plant
An additional strain was put on Peppo yesterday when it was obliged to send 50,000 kilowatt hours of power to the Consolidated Gas, Electric Light and Power Co. of Baltimore, plagued by a generator breakdown. This additional load approximated 25 tons of bituminous, according to Ferry, who said, however, that the local utility to have the power returned from Baltimore.

An all-around survey of the fuel situation during the last 24 hours brought the following facts to light:

1. The Pennsylvania railroad will discontinue some service between Washington and Harrisburg. Three through trains which operate between Washington and Chicago, St. Louis and Detroit will be continued.

See FUEL, Page 11, Column 2

Europe Nears Crisis in Lack Of U. S. Coal

Critically Needed
Plantain War-Torn
Lands Closing Down

London, Dec. 4 (AP)—Industrial crises threatened today in at least half a dozen European nations cut off from American coal supplies by the strike of John L. Lewis' miners.

France, Belgium, Italy, Switzerland and Denmark were suffering most from the immediate effects of the work stoppage.

Observers in Sweden, Norway and Germany, less dependent on American supplies, reported no evidence yet of industrial breakdown, but saw the prospect of increasing difficulties unless the coal dispute was settled quickly.

Worried lest the American strike further endanger Britain's already precarious supply position, officials of the ministry of fuel and power announced the situation was under review.

Scandinavian Need
A British government spokesman forecast requests, particularly from Scandinavian countries, for more British coal.

"Denmark, for one," he said, "probably will turn to us."

Unable wholly to supply the domestic market's demands, Britain now exports an average of 403,740 tons a month, compared with 2,988,000 tons in 1938.

A survey by Associated Press correspondents indicated France, Italy and Denmark were hardest hit by the American miners' walkout.

Reporting that American supplies represent more than half of France's total coal imports, a spokesman for the ministry of industrial production predicted widespread work stoppages.

American coal imports by France compared with total imports in recent months included: September, 713,000 tons and 1,188,000 tons; October, 713,000 tons and 1,188,000 tons; November, 713,000 tons and 1,188,000 tons.

See FOREIGN, Page 11, Column 4

Post Office Sets 5 Pound Limit

Freight, Postal Curbs Boost Early Mailing of Yule Parcels

Announcement of the freight embargo and restrictions on parcel post packages, effective at midnight tonight, has spurred Washington area residents into buying and mailing their Christmas presents early.

Postoffices throughout the area began to receive greatly increased parcel post volume yesterday as Christmas givers beat the deadline of weight and size restrictions. After tonight, the Postoffice will limit packages to 5 pounds, or not more than 18 inches in length and 6 inches in length and girth combined.

Meanwhile, merchants took stock of Christmas goods on hand and hoped that the early buying most of them have done would carry them through the 17 shopping days before Christmas.

Most store executives felt that restriction of freight shipments to vital necessities would reduce the

gift list, but that for the current buying at least, stocks would be generally adequate.

Ralph Goldsmith, chairman of the Merchants and Manufacturers' department store division, and vice president and general manager of Lansburgh & Bro., said conditions might be a lot worse if the stores had not started buying a month or six weeks ago to meet expected demand.

"Stocks on hand are adequate; in fact they are better than last year," he said, "but of course many types of goods still were expected to fill out the Christmas stocks. This was particularly true of men's furnishings."

Goldsmith was hopeful that some solution could be found to the coal strike-freight embargo dilemma before Christmas. If orders are delayed that long, he pointed out, See EFFECTS, Page 11, Column 1

Union Plans To Appeal; Action Called 'Outrageous'

Goldsborough Says
He Would Have
Jailed Mine Boss
If Asked by U. S.

By Dillard Stokes
Post Reporter

Justice T. Alan Goldsborough yesterday fined the United Mine Workers 3½ million dollars for their coal strike—which went right on into its third week.

The Justice also fined UMW President John L. Lewis \$10,000 and said he would have jailed him if the Justice Department has not wanted a fine instead.

UMW counsel called the fines outrageous and said they would appeal at once.

Injunction Is Granted
Lewis and his union were fined after being found guilty of contempt of court, for calling the strike in defiance of Justice Goldsborough's restraining order against it.

Assistant Attorney General John F. Sonnett asked—and late yesterday the justice granted—an injunction to take the place of the order. This will be in effect until the coal case is settled, probably by the Supreme Court, where the Administration means to take it as soon as the appeal is filed.

Justice Goldsborough's courtroom was packed at 10 o'clock yesterday morning when he was due to pass sentence on the miners. But he met in his chambers with Sonnett, UMW Chief Counsel Welly K. Hopkins, AFL Counsel Joseph A. Padway and other defense lawyers.

Lewis, Lawyers Confer
Lewis waited for awhile in the courtroom, then went to a jury room nearby, where he smoked a cigar and walked up and down. After some 40 minutes his lawyers came out for a conference with Lewis, in a room where there was a telephone he could use.

After a few minutes the lawyers went back to the justice. These talks went on for almost two hours, and led to rumors that the strike was being settled, which became stronger when Justice Goldsborough opened his court at noon and fifteen second later ordered a recess until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Although both Lewis and the Administration have said they want a fight to the finish, the rumors had the Government offering to drop the case if the miners went back to work and Lewis offering to call off the strike if the Administration would drop the injunction against it.

Whatever the meetings with the justice were for, the lawyers would not talk about them and they followed the same pattern of secrecy.

See COAL, Page 11, Column 1

Stocks Take Spurt As Rumor Spreads Mine Pact Is Near

New York, Dec. 4 (AP)—Wide-spread reports today that an agreement for the coal miners' return to work was brewing produced a stock market rally unexcelled since November 1.

Steels led the way as leading shares climbed \$1 to around \$35. Optimism over a possible bituminous settlement reached its height in the final hour when for a brief period the ticker tape failed to keep up with transactions. Announcement after the market's close of fines against John L. Lewis and the union gave no suggestion of support for the rumors that had pervaded financial quarters.

Profit-taking at the close cut the gains by some stocks.

Bethlehem finished at \$90.25, up \$2.75; U. S. Steel at \$71.62, up \$2.25; Chrysler at \$85, up \$1; General Motors at \$50.50, up \$1; American Smelting at \$52.87, up \$1.75; Chesapeake & Ohio at \$53.25, up \$1.87, and John's-Manville at \$123, up \$2.

Today's Index

Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
Ask Anne	16	Lyons, Leonard	9
Bell, Nelson B.	9	Never, Barnet	9
Crossword Puzzle	13	Pearson, Drew	13
Death Notices	18	Pavich, Shirley	12
Editorials, Carlton	8	Radio	12
Federal Diary	9	Sports	14
Financial	18	Weather	13
Lippmann, Walter	9	Woman	16

Greek Plea Against Reds Filed With U.N.

No Details Given

Tehran Has Begun War, Says Tabriz

Tehran, Dec. 4.—Radio Tabriz said tonight central government troops from Zanjan had "declared war on us" and launched an attack against Azerbaijan.

"Let the world know the attack was started from the Tehran side," the broadcast said, but it gave no details of the reported fighting.

The central government general staff chief in Tehran said the only fighting now going on was at Sari, 110 miles northeast of Tehran, where Tudeh Party workers attacked a group of gendarmes, dispersed them and barricaded themselves in buildings when government came up.

Zanjan, 180 miles northwest of Tehran, was described yesterday as one of three possible jumping-off points for central government troops who have been ordered into Azerbaijan by Premier Ahmad Qavam es-Sultaneh to supervise elections scheduled for December 11.

Jewish 'Army' Fears Civil War In Palestine

Jerusalem, Dec. 4 (U.P.).—The Jewish Hagana, a half-underground army charged today that some undercover elements were driving Palestine toward civil war and warned that Hagana would "clean them from our midst."

In a broadcast over its clandestine radio, "Kol Israel," conservative Hagana said "Palestine is on the verge of civil war brought about by a small group of desperate undergrounds who are murdering in cold blood not only British personnel but also Jews."

The broadcast said these underground groups had "insane ideologies" and were "a cancer in Yishuv's body which will have to be eradicated." Yishuv is the Jewish community in Palestine.

Meanwhile, the Jewish agency executive called a conference to discuss High Commissioner Gen. Sir Alan Cunningham's warning yesterday to the executive's temporary chairman, Isaac Ben Zvi, after six British soldiers were killed by mines in two days.

The agency spokesman admitted "the authority of the Jewish Agency has been somewhat weakened, especially in its struggle against terrorism."

The agency generally is considered in charge of Hagana, which has broken with its offshoots, the Stern Gang and Irgun Zvai Leumi. The Irgun claim credit for the slaying of the six British soldiers, U. S. Committee Assailed.

Jerusalem, Dec. 4 (U.P.).—The president and executive committee of Vaad Leumi, a Jewish national council, issued a statement today declaring the Hebrew Committee of National Liberation, which operates in the United States, "is wholly outside the organized Jewish community."

"We are issuing this statement in order to insure that the Jewish and non-Jewish public in the United States of America will be no further deceived by grandiloquent claims put forward by or on behalf of this 'committee,' whose resounding title is calculated to mislead people who are not fully acquainted with the true facts of the situation in Palestine," the statement said.

(Peter H. Bergson, chairman of the Hebrew Committee of National Liberation, could not be reached by the committee, Dr. David Ben-Gurion today, but a member of the committee, identified as a leader in the Warsaw ghetto battle and president of the Union of Hebrew Partisans, declared the Hebrew committee "is the temporary spokesman of the Hebrew nation."

"Palestine is an occupied country today and any statement emanating from there must come with the permission and sponsorship of the British," Wdowski said. "The fact the Vaad Leumi is permitted to release such an attack is routine proof that the attack had British approval."

Suspect's Bail Set at \$5000

Joseph McInerney, 50-year-old telegraph operator, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Needham C. Turnage yesterday on a charge of assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill.

McInerney was captured by police under gunfire Monday night a short while after he shot his landlady, Mrs. Romeo Perini, 34, of 3403 Holmead pl. nw., in the right shoulder. She was admitted to Garfield Hospital where her condition was reported to be good yesterday.

Commissioner Turnage set bond for McInerney at \$5000 and continued the hearing to December 12 to permit him to obtain counsel.

Wheel-Chair Veterans Learn to Fly Plane

Van Nuys, Calif. (U.P.).—Wheelchair patients at Birmingham General Hospital here are learning to fly airplanes.

They have formed a flying club within the Paralyzed Veterans' Association and are taking lessons in a new type two-control airplane.

Tsaldaris Delayed On Plane Trip to Present Appeal

Lake Success, N. Y., Dec. 4 (U.P.).—Greece called on the United Nations Security Council today to help settle the explosive situation along her northern frontier, which she charged was due to repeated border violations by Yugoslavia, Albania and Bulgaria.

The case formally came before the U. N. when Greek Ambassador Vassili-General Trygve Lie a 40-page complaint outlining alleged incidents and urging that a U. N. commission make an "on-the-spot" investigation.

The document was being translated tonight and prepared for circulation among the 11 Security Council members. Although publication was withheld until copies had been received by the delegates, the complaint was said to consist largely of detailed accounts of alleged border violations.

Tsaldaris Delayed
Premier Constantin Tsaldaris of Greece is expected to present the case personally before the Council, probably next week. Tsaldaris, now en route to New York, was reported delayed at Shamrock, Ireland, when his plane from Paris developed engine trouble today.

Denwramis said the case was being filed under Articles 34 and 35 of the U. N. charter providing for Pacific settlement of situations or disputes which are likely to endanger world peace and security.

Filing of the case had been expected for some time, as a result of the deterioration of relations between Greece and her northern neighbors. Tsaldaris called in the Soviet charge d'affaires in Athens last week and informed him of the contemplated action.

He asked that the complaint not be considered as an unfriendly act toward the Soviet Union, and assured the Soviet representative that Greece's only desire was to restore order in her frontier zone where bitter fighting has been in progress for some time.

This will be the third time the Greek situation has been before the Security Council, but the first time the Greek government itself has taken the initiative in asking for action.

In London last winter, Russia charged that the presence of British troops in Greece was a threat to peace. The complaint was dismissed without action.

The Soviet Union again brought up the case before the Council here last summer, alleging that Greece was endangering peace in the Balkans by provoking border incidents and persecuting minorities.

The Ukrainian charges were dropped, however, after Russia vetoed a United States proposal for an "on-the-spot" investigation such as Greece now proposes. The United States delegation was reported to be considering reviving its original proposal, but U. S. Delegate Herschel V. Johnson reserved comment until he had seen the Greek complaint.

Greeks Signify 'Dispute'
Athens, Dec. 4 (U.P.).—The Greek parliament adjourned tonight on a motion that the session be suspended "as a sign of national mourning and disgust" that the Foreign Ministers Council in New York had disregarded Greek's territorial war claims.

The adjournment followed the unanimous decision that a formal note of protest to the United Nations "would serve no useful purpose."

(British Foreign Secretary Ernest Bevin abandoned his proposal in the Foreign Ministers session yesterday that Greece's frontier with Bulgaria be moved northward.)

Meanwhile, an American official said a statement by a Greek prisoner was the "first definite confirmation of reports that Bulgarians are involved with the Yugoslavs and Albanians in moving agents into northern Greece."

The statement was said to have been made to both American and British military interrogators by a captain of a leftist band captured by the Greek army in western Thrace.

In the statement, the prisoner said he and other Bulgarians-trained Greeks were transported from a training center at Buljies, Yugoslavia, to the Bulgarian frontier by rail, thence by "Bulgarian trucks" to a place where they were armed "by Bulgarians" and conducted across the Greek frontier to join a band at Komotino, capital of western Thrace.

The American official said observers considered the captive's statement was "accurate and factual" and that it was being transmitted to Washington and London.

New Fighting Flares

Responsible informant said the Communists had touched off new bloody fighting in southern and central Greece to divert attention from violence along the northern frontiers.

Press reports said that more than a score of gendarmes and an undetermined number of nationalist civilians were killed in a vicious fight at Paleohori, 40 miles northeast of Sparta, in the Peloponnese, and that at least 38 guerrillas were killed in central land northern Greece.

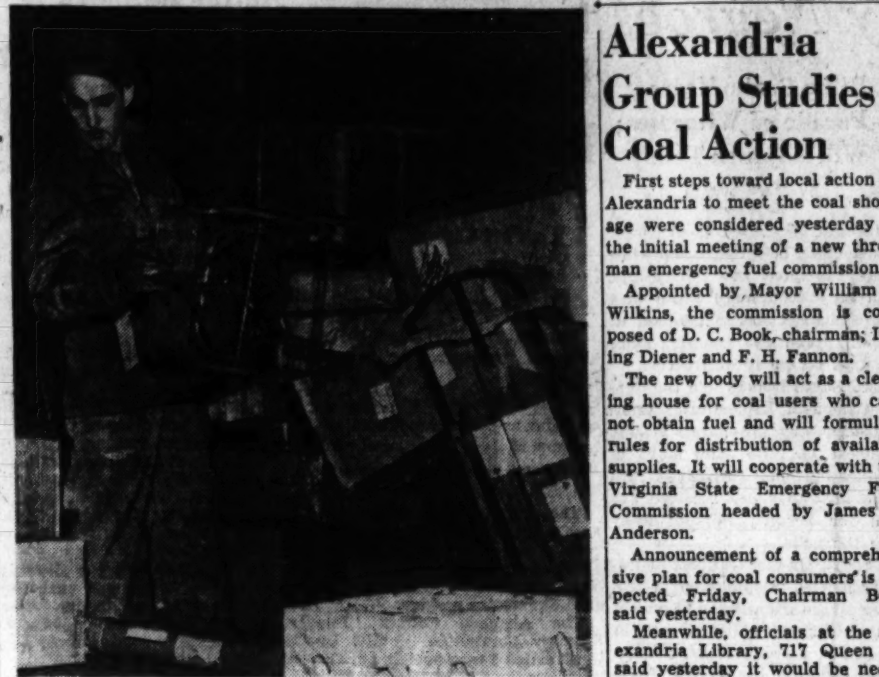
The responsible informant said the new outbreaks were a part of a Communist scheme to create conflict within Greece, so as to demonstrate that the resistance was internal and not inspired from the outside.

(The British Foreign and War Offices denied a Moscow report, contained in a Tass dispatch from Ankara, that Britain was negotiating with the United States to send at least a token force of United States troops to northern Greece.)

Freight Getting In Under the Wire . . .



JAMMED—This was the scene yesterday at the Railway Express shipping depot, 2d and I sts. ne., as hundreds of articles arrived for shipment before the Government embargo on railroad freight becomes effective Friday at 12:01 a. m. Among the consignments is a casket (left), not on the embargo list.



GIFTS GET THROUGH—At least two youngsters are going to have a happy Christmas morning with a new wagon and sled, which arrived yesterday at the Railway Express depot in time to be shipped. C. E. Williams, of 441 Newton st. se., sees that they are properly handled. Any other nonessential articles like them will be banned from rail shipment after Friday.

Steelman Denies Ickes Charge He Discussed Inch With Lewis

Answering a blast by Harold L. Ickes, Reconversion Director John R. Steelman declared yesterday he had never discussed with any labor leader the disposal of the Big Inch and Little Inch pipelines, which will transport natural gas during the coal strike emergency.

Ickes, former Interior Secretary, told the House Surplus Property Investigating Committee Tuesday that Steelman is a long time and "obliging" friend of Mine Union Chief John L. Lewis.

Moreover, the former Cabinet member suggested that Steelman, whom he termed "District 51 of the United Mine Workers Union," should be summoned for questioning as to whether he had any part in "lack of planning" for earlier use of the pipelines for gas transportation.

In a letter yesterday to Committee Chairman Slaughter (D., Mo.), Steelman said he had not intervened in problems connected with disposal of the war-built carriers "in any manner."

Ickes Urges Steelman Quits
Ickes, who criticized the Government for not having started using the pipelines for gas long ago as competition for Lewis, had also urged that Steelman be asked whether he had suggested to the War Assets administrator that if an "adequate bid" for the pipelines for oil transportation were accepted, it would help settle the coal strike.

Steelman asserted he had not telephoned the WAA chief or anyone "about the pipelines problem" nor talked with any labor leader about it.

Meanwhile there were these developments in the use and ultimate disposition of the 1500-mile lines built at a cost of 145 million dollars in wartime to transport oil.

Gas to Flow in 48 Hours
T. Gardiner Symonds of Houston, Tex., president of the Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co., said today that the pipelines would be ready to transport gas within 48 hours.

Bandit Pair Robs Two Hotels After Midnight

A pair of shabbily dressed bandits held up the night managers of two local hotels early today and escaped with about \$125 in cash.

The bare-headed holdup men robbed W. R. Merrill, 43, of 1440 Fairmont st. nw., night manager of the Benedict Hotel, 1808 I st. nw., about 1:15 a. m. While one of the bandits held a nickel-plated revolver, his companion scooped about \$100 in bills from the cash register. After warning Merrill not to phone police "right away" the men, both about 30-years-old, escaped.

About twenty minutes later the pair walked into the lobby of the Senate Hotel, 101 D st. ne., wearing hats this time, and took about \$25 from the cash drawer, Night Manager Harvey Black, told police.

Alexandria Group Studies Coal Action

First steps toward local action by Alexandria to meet the coal shortage were considered yesterday in the initial meeting of a new three-man emergency fuel commission.

Appointed by Mayor William T. Wilkins, the commission is composed of D. C. Book, chairman; Irving Diener and F. H. Fannon.

The new body will act as a clearing house for coal users who cannot obtain fuel and will formulate rules for distribution of available supplies. It will cooperate with the Virginia State Emergency Fuel Commission headed by James A. Anderson.

Announcement of a comprehensive plan for coal consumers is expected Friday, Chairman Book said yesterday.

Meanwhile, officials at the Alexandria Library, 717 Queen st. se., said yesterday it would be necessary to close the building next week as a result of the coal shortage.

The building is heated by soft coal, according to Mrs. James L. Scott, librarian, and present supplies cannot last beyond Saturday, even in the event of continued rising temperatures. She said libraries are not included in the type of establishments likely to be granted coal priorities during the present shortage.

Spelling Club to Meet

The Capital City Spelling Club will hold a meeting tonight at 7:30 in Mt. Pleasant Library, 16th and Lamont sts. nw., with Ora E. Haines in charge of the program. The public is invited.

Florida Coast Line

Back Again
Effective DEC. 12
LARGEST FLEET OF VACATION TRAINS

Here is good news for Winter Vacationists. Coast Line will provide more Pullman and de luxe, reserved-seat Coach accommodations this Winter than at any time within five years!

9 FINE TRAINS DAILY
Your Greatest Choice
The following famous Coast Line vacation trains once again will provide the most comprehensive travel service to East Coast, Central and West Coast Florida—and the Sunny South. With these increased facilities more people will be able to travel in restful comfort over the smooth double-track route.

Leave Washington, D. C., Daily:
3 ALL-PULLMAN TRAINS
FLORIDA SPECIAL.....5:30 P.M.
(East Coast)
FLORIDA SPECIAL.....7:40 P.M.
(West Coast)
MIAMI.....7:20 P.M.

3 ALL-COACH TRAINS
(Only All-Coach Trains to Florida)
CHAMPION (East Coast).....6:40 P.M.
CHAMPION (West Coast).....7:35 P.M.
VACATIONER.....4:45 P.M.

3 PULLMAN AND COACH TRAINS
EVERGLADES.....2:59 A.M.
PALMETTO.....10:35 A.M.
PALMETTO.....6:45 P.M.

FOR RESERVATIONS consult your Local Ticket Agent or FRANK E. MASI, Assistant General Passenger Agent, 735 15th St. N.W., Washington 5, D. C., Phone National 7835.

Service to all Florida Beach Coast points operated in connection with Florida East Coast Railway.

It's great to have the trains back again—
And so travel with certainty and relaxation!
ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD
The only double-track route between the East and Florida

3 Slum Areas Selected for Elimination

By Robert Bruskin
Three of Washington's more dismal slum areas have been selected tentatively for elimination by the newly-authorized District Redevelopment Land Agency, it was learned yesterday. Two others are to be studied.

District Commissioners and members of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission agreed Monday to concentrate their first efforts in clearing blighted areas north of the main business section, Barry Farms and Marshall Heights. But a final decision is made the Commissioners agreed to seek advice from a group of citizens.

While the recommendations of the Planning Commission mark the first steps in the project, plans for all slum clearance are still tenuous. No appropriation has been made for the 20 million dollars authorized by Congress in July to purchase land by the Redevelopment Agency.

Agency Not Appointed
The agency itself is still nonexistent. President Truman has not yet announced his two appointees and the District Commissioners were reported to be withholding their nominations until after Congress convenes.

The three areas agreed upon were recommended by the planning commission from studies made over several years. One official declared Congress would be asked to appropriate sufficient funds to prepare detailed plans for the type of buildings which will be required of the organization which purchases the cleared land from the redevelopment agency. It is expected the request will be in excess of \$60,000.

Adding to the delays is a provision in the bill which makes necessary a census of family incomes in the District because only those earning the lowest 20 per cent are eligible if the new construction is done by a Government agency. The Census Bureau has agreed to undertake the study for \$15,000 which the planning commission will add to its request for appropriations.

Since the Redevelopment act requires that adequate housing be furnished to families displaced by slum clearance, the Commission and Planning Commission contemplate that the first project will be in the Barry Farm Area, southeast of the Anacostia River. It is roughly bounded by Nichols Ave., St. Elizabeths Hospital grounds, Fort Drive and Modern Houses to Remain.

Several modern houses scattered among the shanties and empty lots are expected to be kept and integrated into the plans for the new development.

Upon completion of the Barry Farms housing, or simultaneously with construction of the project, the Commissioners expect to begin demolishing slums near the business district, an area east of 14th st., Florida ave. nw. and First st. Creek lying within H st., Potomac Parkway and 21st st. nw., an area which includes Doctors Hospital. Planners said this may be developed as a commercial area.

Communist Premiership Bid Crushed by French Assembly

Paris, Dec. 4 (U.P.).—The National Assembly crushed the Communist party's initial bid for interim premiership of the new French government today, and prepared to vote again tomorrow in what may be a direct test between the Communists and Popular Republican Movement (MRP).

Communist Maurice Thorez, only candidate whose name was placed before the Assembly, received 259 votes—51 short of the 310 required for an absolute majority. Two votes were cast for Socialist Andre Le Troquer and 318 Rightist and Centrist deputies cast blank ballots.

Thorez received the solid vote of his party, and most of the Socialist votes. However, eight Socialists deliberately abstained from casting ballots, and 12 others were absent.

The weary Socialists, who sat up until dawn this morning before deciding to support Thorez, called their National Congress back into session again tonight. Presumably they will decide whether to continue to support Thorez tomorrow and whether to participate in any Communist-headed cabinet.

Communist Leader Jacques Duclos announced shortly after the assembly had voted that his party would continue to support Thorez's candidacy.

The MRP—middle-of-the-road party of resigned Premier Georges Bidault—announced that it would present a candidate to the assembly. The name of the candidate was not immediately made public, but most speculation centered around Bidault himself, who resigned the post last week, and Robert Schuman, former finance minister.

The short debate which preceded today's vote was marked by a charge by Deputy Maurice Viollette that the Soviet Union was responsible for furious fighting in Indo-China between French troops and Indo-Chinese natives.

Viollette, former governor of Indo-China and a member of the political group called the "Leftist Rally," said the fighting was part of the "anti-France policy sustained by Moscow."

Today's setback was the second in as many days for the Communists, whose candidate for temporary president of the National Assembly lost yesterday to Socialist Vincent Auriol.

The temporary president of the Assembly, like the interim premier of the government, will serve only until mid-January, when the first officers of the Fourth Republic will be selected.

House of Kasser

EGG-NOG

Fully Prepared • Ready to Serve

JUST CHILL... AND SERVE

No fuss or bother; just chill and serve... and every day can be a holiday! Festive, flavorful, delicious—that's HOUSE OF KASSER EGG NOG! Made of imported brandy, imported rum, whiskey, U. S. Government Graded No. 1 selected eggs; fresh milk and cream—the finest of ingredients, the traditional old-time recipe! Bottled at 30 Proof.

ON SALE AT LIQUOR STORES, HOTELS and BARS

KASSER DISTILLERS PRODUCTS CORP., PHILA., PA.

HOUSE OF STOVER, INC., WASHINGTON, D. C., EXCLUSIVE WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS

NAM Holds Strikes 'Going Up' . . . ?

Peril U. S. Economy

Cites Address

Berle Aided Overthrow, Vargas Says

Rio de Janeiro, Dec. 4 (AP).—Former President Getulio Vargas today accused Adolph S. Berle, Jr., former United States Ambassador to Brazil, of contributing to the overthrow of the Vargas regime in the fall of 1945.

The coup against him by the armed forces, Vargas told a news conference, was made under a false atmosphere created by the "tempestuous address" of the former ambassador.

Vargas said Berle had made a public address praising Brazil's preparation for an election and saying that "no true friend of Brazil will interrupt the process."

Four weeks later, the former president recalled, the army engineered the coup which ended the 15-year Vargas regime. He said his enemies wrongly interpreted his appointment of his brother, Benjamin, to the powerful post of Federal police chief as a blow against the election preparations.

"When Ambassador Berle showed me the speech before delivery, I suggested changes, but he did not consider them," Vargas said.

(In New York, Berle, now professor of law at Columbia University, said: "I had nothing to do with any coup, and anyone who knows Brazil knows that no foreigner could seriously influence its political affairs. Brazil is run by Brazilians.")

120 Enlisted Men Sought for Famed Marine Corps Unit

The Marine Reserve "Hell's Angels" squadron at Anacostia Naval Air Station has about 120 vacancies for enlisted men, Lieut. Col. William H. Doolin, squadron commanding officer, said yesterday.

Veterans of all services are eligible, he said, and men will be appointed to the rank they held when discharged from the service, or to a comparable Marine rank.

Enlistments are for either three or four years, although men may be discharged upon their own request. Members are expected—but not compelled—to attend an hour-and-a-half instruction period every other week and to participate in two weeks' training during the summer.

The reservists are given a full day's pay for each period of instruction. During summer training, held the last two weeks of June at Cherry Point, N. C., they get full pay and allowances. Colonel Doolin said there are some vacancies for men to go on continuous active duty with the fighter squadron.

Marketing Study Held Ad Asset

Marketing research is achieving new standing in the advertising field, Vergil D. Reed, associate director of research for J. Walter Thompson Co., told the Advertising Club luncheon Tuesday at the Statler Hotel.

Reed, who was formerly assistant director of the census in the Commerce Department, said market research experts are being given top management positions in advertising agencies and business firms.

He likened market research for businessmen to instruments and equipment developed to guide aviators in flight.

4000 Poultry Workers Serve Strike Notice

Wilmington, Del., Dec. 4 (AP).—Approximately 4000 poultry workers and truck drivers of nine poultry dressing plants in Delaware and Maryland served notice on their employers today they will strike on January 5 unless a new contract is negotiated by that time.

They are asking a 20 cent an hour increase, to bring their rate to 75 cents an hour, according to Jack Biri, international representative of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workers of America, AFL Local 199. That local and Local 929 of the Teamsters Union have joint contracts with the nine poultry plants.

Hess's Nervous Tension Eased Since His Trial

Nuernberg, Germany, Dec. 4 (AP).—Rudolf Hess has thrown away his bicarbonate. For the first time since the one-time deputy Fuehrer became prisoner, he is free from stomach cramps.

Prison doctors said today Hess' stomach aches were genuine but were caused simply by nervous strain. Now that he no longer faces trial and his fate is settled—life imprisonment—his nerves are returning to normal and he is in good health.

No 'Dixie' Bowl Game

Birmingham, Ala., Dec. 4 (AP).—Plans for a post-season football game here to be known as the Dixie bowl, were abandoned today.

This decision was announced at a meeting of the bowl committee and the Birmingham Park and Recreation Board, which had tentatively eased the use of the city stadium for January 1.

Federal Controls Also Considered Partly Responsible

New York, Dec. 4 (AP).—The Nation's top industrial executives today charged strikes and governmental interference were factors most responsible for the semi-paralysis of the national economy.

With an eye on Washington, where John L. Lewis was being fined for contempt of court, leading business leaders attending the fifty-first annual Congress of American Industry, sponsored by the National Association of Manufacturers, described exponents of Government controls as "dead-end collectivist kids" and blamed strikes for crippling production everywhere.

A parade of Cabinet members, business leaders and executives headed by W. Averell Harriman, Secretary of Commerce, mounted the speakers' platform in the grand ballroom at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel and spoke.

Nearly 3500 representatives of industry from every section of the country set through the first day sessions made tense by the coal strike developments at Washington.

Robert R. Watson, president of NAM, condemning what he called "the combinations of labor unions and politicians" demanded that President Truman tell the coal miners and the American people that the strike would be settled "without concessions of any kind to John L. Lewis or any miner."

Walter B. Weisenburger, executive vice president of NAM, declared the Wagner Act "is bringing America dangerously close to open revolution," and that the Nation was "bucking a world-trend of collectivism."

Harriman, who opened the congress, shook up his audience early in his speech by declaring, "The power of labor leaders has grown to a point where we find one man defying the Government and the Nation." He did not name the individual.

"I only hope any action taken will be based on due regard for the rights and responsibilities of both management and labor," he added in discussing probable measures to be considered by Congress.

Blasting proponents of Federal controls as "dead-end collectivist kids," Arthur Walsh, former United States Senator from New Jersey and a Thomas A. Edison executive, declared 500 war emergency acts and controls still remained on the statute books.

"Our job is to get rid of all residual controls as well as wartime emergency acts as fast as they can be removed without damage to the economy," he said. "We must remove at the earliest date everything that slightly resembles an economic straight jacket."

Strike Losses Cited

Hammering at the labor question, B. E. Hutchinson, Chrysler Corporation executive, charged that last spring's steel and coal strikes cost the industry 1,200,000 motor vehicles.

"In the automobile industry itself, in the 12 months ended September 30, more than 73,000 man-years of work were lost through strikes," he said. "This is substantially the equivalent of a full year's production of Chrysler Corporation. Even this incredible figure does not reflect production losses occasioned by strikes in the plants of vendors and suppliers to the automotive industry."

The machine tool industry has been hurt by strikes, too, though current production is 40 per cent greater than prewar levels, Robert M. Gaylord, president of Ingersoll Milling Machine Co., declared.

He added: "Labor rates are about 70 per cent above prewar and materials have gone up a good 50 per cent. However, prices have not increased in the same extent, because war production greatly increased manufacturing efficiency."

Calling for intelligent, factual information to be given to American labor, Charles R. Hook, American Rolling Mill president, declared, "teachers of false, misleading, foreign economic philosophies could accomplish little if American workers clearly understood what governs the purchasing power of wages. We should explain how the purchasing power of the industrial worker is determined by the amount of time he must exchange for the time of other workers who made the goods he wishes to purchase. When costs are traced to their source, at least 92 per cent of those costs are represented by compensation for human effort."

What might be called a dissenting note to the general theme of speakers, was struck by Eugene Holman, president of Standard Oil Co. (N. J.).

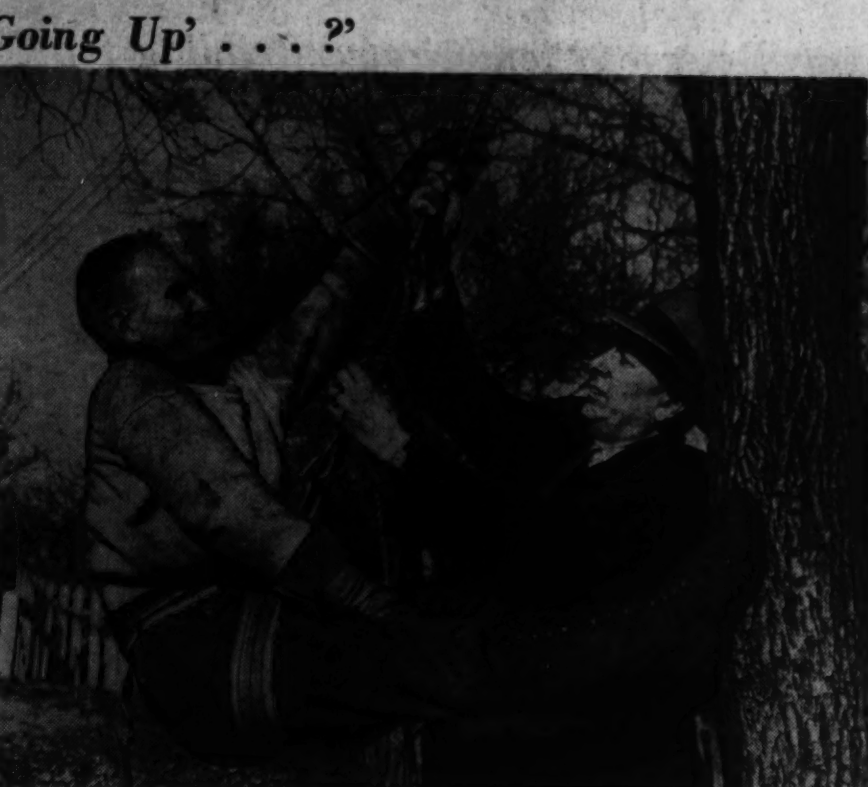
"As most of you know, the oil industry has been particularly fortunate in its employee relations," he said. "Over the past two or three decades there has developed a general willingness among employers and employees to sit down together and find solutions to the human problems created by modern industry."

Another parade of notables, including Senators Joseph Ball of Minnesota and Harry F. Byrd of Virginia, are scheduled to appear before the Congress Thursday.

Attorney General Tom Clark was to have addressed tomorrow's meeting but cancelled the appearance suddenly in the middle of the afternoon on the ground of urgent business in connection with the coal crisis.

Louisville Editor Ill

Balboa, Canal Zone, Dec. 4 (AP).—Tom Wallace, editor of the Louisville Courier Journal and Times, was taken to Gorgas hospital today for treatment and observation. He had just arrived from Bogota, Colombia, where he attended the fourth Pan American Press Congress last week. Doctors said his illness was not serious.



HIGH CLIMBER—John W. Batson (right), director of the trees and parks division of the District, inspects John Nikolop's safety belt and rope, which Batson introduced to replace ladders for use in tree surgery.

Group Charges U. S. Intent to Exploit Food

By Sigrid Arne
Lake Success, N. Y., Dec. 4 (AP).—Ninety prominent Americans put their names to a statement today asserting the United States Government is preparing to use food "as a weapon of foreign policy" in the war-wrecked nations.

The statement was issued through the office of F. H. LaGuardia, director general of UNRRA, who also said that through out the last week he received copies of similar protests from 27 national organizations.

The protests are in answer to a refusal from the Washington Government to enter any further plans for international distribution of food after UNRRA closes shop this month for Europe and in March for the Far East.

400-Million Dollars Suggested

"LaGuardia has suggested a 400-million-dollar international fund to meet the needs, with the food to be allocated through a United Nations committee without consideration for political advantage. He was strongly supported here by some 20 nations."

The United States in reply proposed that food needs can be met through loans or outright grants, but the distribution of American food through those means would then be at the discretion of the U. S. Government.

The statement today said of the U. S. proposal:

"This is a reversion to power politics, the use of food as a weapon of foreign policy—an approach to world problems utterly opposed to the concept of the United Nations."

"Unhappily, the United States Government, despite the generous attitude of the American people indicates it will follow the course of politics."

Signers Listed

Signers of the statement include Bishop G. Bromley Oxnam, president of the Federal Council of Churches; Mrs. F. F. Dickinson, president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs; Oscar Cox, former Assistant Solicitor General; Mrs. J. H. Welt, president of the National Council of Jewish Women; James G. Patton, president of the National Farmers Union; Evans Clark, director of the Twentieth Century Fund; Freda Kirchwey, editor of the Nation; Dorothy Canfield Fisher, novelist; Dr. Mary B. Gilson, Wellesley professor of economics; Mrs. Dorothy Groelling of the YWCA National Board; Mayor H. H. Humphrey of Minneapolis; Roger Baldwin of the Civil Liberties Union; Rabbi S. Lazaron of Baltimore; Yehudi Menuhin, violinist; and Dr. Helen C. White, president of the American Association of University Women.

Paints Dire Picture

Lake Success, N. Y., Dec. 4 (AP).—Fiorenzo La Guardia predicted today that if no international relief agency succeeds UNRRA when it expires late this year Yugoslavia, White Russia, Ukraine, Albania, Czechoslovakia and Poland would be the first nations cut from American relief shipments.

Asked if this withdrawal of United States support could cause the governments of some of these nations to fall, LaGuardia shrugged and replied:

"Hungry people always become active and it is a bad way to form new governments. Certainly, it is not the American way."

Moslem-Hindu Disagreement Appears Unbroken by Attlee

London, Dec. 4 (AP).—Prime Minister Attlee wound up his program of talks with India's embittered political leaders tonight, and 36 hours before the deadline there was no sign that his efforts to break the roadblock to peaceful Indian independence had been successful.

An India office spokesman said neither the Congress Party nor the Moslem League representatives appeared to have been in a mood to make concessions in the round of crucial discussions in which the British plan for India's transition to independence and hopes to avert civil war have been described as at stake.

The crucial talk of the day—between Attlee and the Moslem

League Leaders Mahomed Ali Jinnah and Liaquat Ali Khan—apparently was not encouraging.

Observers believed the British would stand on the present plan, permitting the constituent assembly to convene on schedule December 9 whether the Moslems participated or not. In effect this seemingly would allow the Congress Party to write the new constitution without the League, which claims to represent the 90 million Moslem minority, with consequences in dissatisfaction and strife yet to be determined.

Moslems have refused to join in the assembly because of a fear that under the voting procedure, as interpreted by the Congress Party, they would be outnumbered and unable to press the interest of their minority.

Bombay dispatches, meanwhile, told of continued violence in which the India office estimates more than 6000 persons have been killed in recent months. Police at Bombay fired on a riotous crowd last night, and 16 persons were injured in clashes, eight by stabbing and eight by acid throwing. Unofficial estimates said about 600 persons have been killed in three months of disorders at Bombay.

Mayo Heads Special Board For Veterans

Dr. Charles W. Mayo, of the famed Mayo Clinic at Rochester, Minn., has been named head of a special advisory board on over-all medical care to former servicemen. Veterans Administration announced yesterday.

The group includes 19 nationally recognized doctors, nurses, social service workers, and dietitians. Its first regular session is scheduled in Washington for January 21. Dr. Mayo's associates include:

Dr. Charles F. McCuskey, Glendale, Calif.; Dr. John S. Voyles, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss Kathryn R. Vermulen, Grand Haven, Mich.; Dr. Paul Titus, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Dr. Guy W. Brugler, assistant director, University Hospitals of Cleveland, Ohio.

Dr. W. S. Middleton, dean, University of Wisconsin School of Medicine, Madison, Wis.; Dr. Francis J. Braceland, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, Minn.; Dr. Claude C. Coleman, Richmond, Va.; Dr. Francis M. Keever, Los Angeles, Calif.; Miss Katherine J. Densford, University of Minnesota School of Nursing, Minneapolis, Minn.; Dr. Derrick T. Vail, Chicago, Ill.; A. R. Shands, Jr., Alfred I. Dupont Institution, Wilmington, Del.; Dr. Dean M. Lierle, State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa; Dr. Roy Kracke, dean, University of Alabama Medical College, Birmingham, Ala.

Dr. A. C. Christie of Grover, Christie and Merritt, Washington, D. C.; Miss Eleanor Cockerill, School of Applied Social Science, University of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Dr. P. J. Stewart Rodman, Philadelphia, Pa.; and Dr. George F. Cahill, New York, N. Y.

Soviet-Sponsored German Papers Hit Reich Zone Merger

Berlin, Dec. 4 (AP).—Russian-sponsored Berlin newspapers today criticized the Anglo-American zonal merger, while the western-licensed press hailed it as a step in the right direction for Germany's economic future.

"Neues Deutschland," organ of the Soviet-sponsored Socialist Unity Party, said the agreement was "not the way to guarantee Germany's economic unity."

The Russian-licensed "Berliner Zeitung" called the plan a "half merger which will endanger Germany's economic unity as proposed in the Potsdam agreement."

Marines Select 4 Brigadiers for Major Generals

The Marine Corps announced yesterday selection of four brigadier generals for promotion to major general.

They are Leo D. Hermle, E. Cajon, Calif., commanding San Diego Marine Base; Alfred H. Noble, La Jolla, Calif., assistant commander, First Marine Division; Franklin A. Heart, Culbert, Ga., commanding Marine Barracks, Parris Island, S. C.; and William J. Wallace, Church Hill, Md., commanding general of air, Fleet Marine Force.

The promotion, approved by the President, are subject to Senate confirmation.

Scott Death Probe Ordered By Coroner

Demand for an investigation of the death of Charles W. Scott, 24, who died in police custody November 2, were granted yesterday when Coroner A. Magruder MacDonald ordered an inquest.

No date for the inquest was set, but Dr. MacDonald said it would be held as soon as witnesses were subpoenaed.

Scott, a Negro, died in the District jail infirmary 36 hours after the stolen car he was driving crashed into a truck fatally injuring Detective Harry E. Hamilton, who clung to the side of the car in an effort to halt the driver.

A death certificate was held up in Scott's death pending chemical and pathological examinations. On November 8, a verdict was issued attributing the death to shock from antitetanus serum.

The coroner's order for the inquest went out yesterday after a 70-minute conference with Curtis P. Mitchell, Scott's former attorney, Mrs. Dorothy K. Funn, legislative secretary of the National Negro Congress, and Mrs. Marguerite Henderson, also of the NNC.

Insistence on an inquest came less than a week after Scott's death. The first request came from Mitchell. Later the NNC joined in the requests. At one time the District Commissioners rejected demands for an inquest asked by the NNC.

Exhumation of Scott's body will be unnecessary, MacDonald said yesterday, because a coroner's jury was sworn in for the case on November 4, but was not called to duty.

In response to a request from the Commissioners for a full report on the case, Police Chief Harvey G. Callahan, in his report Tuesday, said:

"The Police Department stands ready at any time to cooperate fully in any investigation which may be ordered by competent authority."

Plague Cases Believed Controlled in Argentina

Buenos Aires, Argentina, Dec. 4 (AP).—Sanitary authorities said today they believed the outbreak of bubonic plague which started in Buenos Aires last week causing three deaths was under control now. No new cases had been reported in the past 24 hours. Fodder stocks, believed the home of infected rats, were burned.

Contributors Oid Laski

London, Dec. 4 (AP).—Morgan Phillips, secretary of the British Labor Party, announced today that "money is flooding in" from voluntary contributors to help former Labor Chairman Harold Laski pay the costs of an unsuccessful libel suit against the Newark (England) Advertiser. The costs are estimated between \$40,000 and \$60,000.

Fighting Blaze Two Firemen Overcome by Gas Here



FIREMAN W. E. THOMAS Examines the trouble spot

Two firemen were overcome by illuminating gas from a disconnected heater while they were fighting a blaze which destroyed the third floor apartment at 1920 13th st. nw. yesterday afternoon.

The fire was started, police said, when a 3-year-old boy, deciding he wanted to ride a streetcar, lit two matches to hunt for his coat in the dark closet. The apartment is occupied by the Harry Patterson family, according to police.

Both of the firemen were admitted to Emergency Hospital for treatment for inhalation of illuminating gas and smoke and for cuts and burns about the face. They were: Pvt. M. V. Ready, 32, of 1304 U st. se., and Pvt. Arnold Graves, 28, of 110 R st. ne.

Both men were attached to No. 9 Engine Co. Four other men from the same engine company, which was the first to respond to the alarm, were relieved of duty by Deputy Chief J. A. Mayhew, who feared they had absorbed some of the escaping gas.

The gas heater was located in the rear room of the third floor

Holdup Nets \$200 as Pair Keep Promise

Two young men, who looked at wedding rings, kept their promise to return later to the proprietor of the Navy Jewelry Shop, 727 8th st. se., yesterday, and then robbed him of \$200 in cash on the second trip.

The proprietor, Adolph Michels, 55, told police the men first came to the store in the morning and asked to see the rings. They said they'd be back later.

The pair asked to see the same tray of rings when they returned the second time, Michels said. When he put the tray on the counter, one of them grabbed both of his hands while the other ordered his secretary, Mrs. Mary J. Mattia, 31, of 1233 B st. se., to get behind the counter.

The bandit had to tell her three times before she heard him. The third time, he ordered, "Get behind the counter or I'll kill you," as he thrust his hand threateningly into his coat pocket, Michels said.

Mrs. Mattia was then ordered to hand over \$200 in cash from the cash register. In their haste to escape, the bandits left the tray of rings behind, according to police. Michels said they jumped into a waiting taxicab which was parked by a fire hydrant across the street. The taxicab driver was taken into custody a few hours later and held at the Fifth Precinct Station House for questioning, police said, but the bandits were still at large late yesterday.

apartment. Firemen were standing in that room, playing their hoses on the blaze in the next room when they were affected by the gas, police said.

The third floor was completely destroyed by the fire. The two floors below were damaged by smoke and water.

Fourteen pieces of apparatus responded to the local and box alarms, and the blaze was brought under control in 20 minutes. The 3-year-old boy, who police said was apparently alone in the apartment at the time, escaped injury.

IF YOU PLAN A
WINTER VACATION
read the December issue of
FUN in the SUN

The new intimate resort magazine that tells you where to go, how to get there and the cost.

25c... Now on newsstands
237 E. 48 St., New York 17

FUN
in the sun

NO PRICE INCREASE
We have not increased our price on Hunter since the removal of O.P.A. price ceilings. Therefore, you should pay no more than you have been paying.

"First over the bars!"

Time, patience and skill make Hunter a champion. For superb whiskies, like prize-winning jumpers, must be developed slowly, expertly and with infinite care. Matchless in flavor and all-around excellence, today's Hunter adds still greater distinction to its title: An American Gentleman's Whiskey since 1860.

HUNTER
Fine Blended Whiskey

Hunter-Whose Distilling Co., Inc., Louisville, Ky. Blended whiskey, 92 proof. The straight whiskies in this product are 8 or more years old, 40% straight whiskey, 60% grain neutral spirits.

4/3 QT.
4.07

In 1846
Elias Howe invented the sewing machine and TOWN & COUNTRY was founded... We celebrate the completion of our first hundred years with the largest issue in our history... 356 pages... a richly illustrated review of American life for the past century... a collector's item... unprecedented in magazine publishing...

100th ANNIVERSARY ISSUE
DECEMBER
\$1.00
AT SELECTED NEWSSTANDS
TOWN & COUNTRY

State Council Works on Plan For More Coal

Richmond, Va., Dec. 4 (AP).—Gov. Tuck indicated today that it probably will take several days to work out details of any specific plan of the Virginia State Council of Defense, named yesterday by the Governor to seek to obtain more coal for State activities.

At his press conference this morning, the Governor said he had no further announcement concerning the present coal situation in Virginia.

The Governor also said that he had received a number of letters approving the action that he had taken thus far in trying to secure coal to maintain operations of essential activities.

Simultaneous with the Governor's appointment of the council it was disclosed that limited new sources of coal are believed to be in sight, although officials declined to comment on what the possible new sources might be.

Among letters received by the Governor from industrial concerns were several stating that the firms would be forced to close within a few weeks unless fuel can be obtained. The American Viscose plant at Roanoke, which employs 3,300 persons, has less than two weeks' supply on hand, while the Norfolk & Western Railway office in the same city announced 200 employees would be laid off at the end of the week unless more coal is obtained.

While Norfolk estimates it has ample coal to last until Christmas—for necessary purposes—Lynchburg's traffic bureau manager predicted last night that the Government's embargo on freight would mean that "90 to 95 per cent of manufacturing industry's workers will be out of work. It is the sharpest blow to Lynchburg in its history," he added.

Danville Mills, the newly-installed oil-operated boiler, were said to be in fairly good shape, but the Danville Community Hospital reported only one week's supply of coal on hand.

Through reduced consumption the University of Virginia decided to make its stockpile last until the beginning of the Christmas holidays.

Baltimore to Suffer
Baltimore, Dec. 4 (AP).—Baltimore is threatened with economic stagnation as the result of freight and parcel-post embargoes and further cuts in railroad passenger service, says C. H. Ponder, executive vice president of the Association of Commerce.

"The embargoes . . . practically mean the suspension of the distribution system of the entire city," Ponder declared last night, adding that the cessation of freight shipments from export with the exceptions of food and fuel would drastically cut waterfront activity in the Nation's second Atlantic port. Meanwhile, industrialists estimated that 16,000 had been thrown out of work in Maryland because of the coal strike, predicting the figure would climb to 25,000 next week unless a settlement is reached.

A member of the Governor's coal conservation committee, William B. Leberer of Frederick, said a complete survey of public institutions in that city is being initiated at once because of reported serious fuel shortages.

Leberer said Montevue Emergency Hospital in Frederick might get special allotments of coal from the solid fuel administration since it reported only enough to last through the week.

Cumberland Industry Hit
Cumberland, Md., Dec. 4 (AP).—Major industries in this western Maryland city indicated today they cannot operate normally for more than 10 days or two weeks unless the normal flow of coal and freight is restored.

Cumberland division officials of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad announced meantime that an additional 700 workers will be furloughed from their jobs after Friday in the maintenance, production and mechanical departments here and at Keyser, W. Va.

A survey today of the effects of the continued coal crisis and new freight restrictions imposed by the Government indicated 10,000 workers in the District might be idle by January 1.

Kelly Springfield Tire Co. officials said they have enough material on hand for only 10 more days of operation.

The Celanese Corp. announced it would have to start furloughing workers in two weeks because of a supply shortage.

Both firms have sufficient coal on hand but inability to get materials through the freight embargo may slow or close them down.

Schools Threatened
Annapolis, Md., Dec. 4 (AP).—David S. Jenkins, Anne Arundel County school superintendent, said today that the county schools had enough coal "if used carefully" to keep them heated until December 20 when the Christmas holidays begin.

"But there is absolutely no assurance that the schools will be able to operate after January 6 unless the situation changes and the present controversies end," he declared.

New \$400,000 Power Line Planned in Md.
Frederick, Md., Dec. 4 (AP).—The Potomac Edison Co. has announced that during 1947 it will construct a high voltage transmission line from its enlarged steam-generating power station at Williamsport to Frederick. The line will require about a year to build and will cost approximately \$400,000, company officials announced.

The 27.8-mile line will carry current at 66,000 volts but will be so constructed that it can readily be converted to 132,000-volt operation in the future.

New C. & P. Vice Presidents



W. J. McManus, R. W. Michie, W. A. Trapnell
Promoted to vice presidents of Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Companies, with offices in Washington

Major organization changes, effective December 1, were announced yesterday by the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Companies following meetings of the board of directors.

William J. McManus has been elected vice president (public relations), William H. Trapnell, vice president (personnel relations), and Robert W. Michie, vice president (revenues).

John A. Remon, vice president, will assist the president on general operating and engineering matters while Robert C. McCann, vice president, will assume the duties of vice president in charge of current operations.

Mr. McManus, who succeeds H. R. Maddox recently elected president, is a native of Westmoreland County, Va., and a veteran of 25 years' experience with the C. & P. in Washington.

Mr. Trapnell, who succeeds Mr. McCann, entered the telephone business in 1927 with the C. & P. of Baltimore City.

Mr. Michie came into the C. & P. organization at Washington in 1927 as a statistical clerk.

Mr. Remon, a veteran of 37 years, was vice president in charge of operations.

Mr. McCann began his telephone career in 1923 and formerly was vice president of personnel relations.

Markey Told Staunton Man To File Protest Gets 23 Years With Senate

Senator Green (D., R. I.) said yesterday that he would inform John Markey, unsuccessful Republican candidate for United States Senator from Maryland, that Markey's protest against seating of Democratic Senator in the Senate on January 3 should be filed with the Senate.

O'Connor led Markey in the November election but Markey informed Green, chairman of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, that he would contest seating of O'Connor.

Markey sent the committee a copy of a notice addressed to O'Connor which said that Markey would "contest your reported election on November 5, 1946, to the Senate of the United States and protest against your being seated."

Chairman Green pointed out that the present Senate Elections Committee soon will expire if the Senate reorganized as is expected under the La Follette-Monroney Act.

Green said that the Markey-O'Connor contest must first be referred to the new Senate and then to one of the new committees, probably the Rules Committee.

Court Action Urged On Recount Move
Baltimore, Dec. 4 (AP).—The Baltimore Board of Election Supervisors waited today to hear from D. John Markey on his suggestion that he take court action to obtain a recount of votes cast for United States Senator in the November 5 general election.

James L. Hennegan, board president, wrote attorneys for Markey advising them that unless proper court action was taken by December 16, the city voting machines would be cleared in preparation for the Municipal Primary Elections.

Markey, Republican candidate, was defeated by Gov. Herbert R. O'Connor for the Senatorship, but has filed notice that he will contest the seating of O'Connor.

Two weeks ago Charles Ruzicka and George Cochran Doub, Markey's attorneys, wrote the board asking for a recount. The board denied the request, on the ground that the letter was not filed within 10 days of the election, as required by law.

In denying the request, the election board suggested that Markey appeal to the courts, and added that it would offer "no objections" to a petition . . . praying an order to be passed requiring this board to reexamine the votes cast . . .

The machines have been locked and sealed since the election, and the board said that it would extend the 30-day period for such practice an additional 10 days, or until December 16.

"If you still are desirous of having a reexamination of the votes cast for the office of United States Senator at the past election, this board urges you to proceed at once to secure the necessary order of court to accomplish this end," Hennegan wrote.

Innkeeper Shot Twice by Bandit
Baltimore, Dec. 4 (AP).—Tavern Proctor David Feinglass known as "Fat" the man who waved a revolver in his crowded bar and said "This is a stickup, give me your money," wasn't kidding.

Feinglass said, "Aw, go on," and waved his hand, certain it was all a big joke. The bandit put a bullet through the waiting hand, a second bullet through Feinglass' other arm, then fled without taking anything.

Robert France Named To Baltimore Bench
Annapolis, Md., Dec. 3 (AP).—Governor O'Connor today appointed Robert France, general counsel to the Public Service Commission, associate judge of Baltimore City Supreme Bench, to succeed J. Craig McLanahan, who died.

The Governor, in announcing the appointment, said he had conferred with judges and lawyers before making his choice.

O'Connor said he had not yet given any thought to a successor to France in his commission post.

Army Reserve Prefabricated Building for Farmers Units Formed In Virginia

Richmond, Va., Dec. 4 (AP).—Activation of three field artillery battalions, an anti-aircraft battalion, a cavalry reconnaissance squadron, and four unattached units of the Army's Organized Reserves in 15 Virginia cities and towns was announced today by Col. Alfred S. Knight, senior instructor, organized reserves, Virginia military district.

This is the first group of reserve units to be activated in the State under the plan for the post-war organized reserves, Knight said.

The location of organized reserve units was co-ordinated with the plan for the postwar National Guard, now in the process of activation after being returned to State control from Federal service in World War II.

Must Take Active Part
Reserve officers to remain in the active reserve will be required to take an active part in the organized reserve program, otherwise they will be placed in the inactive reserve where promotions and training are not available. Reserve officers are to be required to maintain and further their military qualifications by serving on active duty and attending schools or local branches of those schools, and studying Army extension courses.

The battalions are:
The 78th Field Artillery battalion, motorized (153 mm. howitzer, tractor drawn) with headquarters in Norfolk, commanded by Lieut. Col. Clinton E. Thurston, Jr., Norfolk; 78th Field Artillery battalion, motorized (8-inch howitzer, self-propelled) with headquarters in Charlottesville, commanded by Lieut. Col. John F. Larriek, Charlottesville; 78th Field Artillery battalion, motorized (8-inch howitzer, tractor drawn) with headquarters at Roanoke, commanded by Lieut. Col. Robert W. Uricio, Roanoke; 46th Anti-aircraft Artillery automatic weapons battalion (mobile) with headquarters at Richmond, commanded by Lieut. Col. Louis Eisen, Richmond.

The 317th Mechanized Cavalry Reconnaissance Squadron with headquarters in Lynchburg, commanded by Lieut. Col. Robert F. Brown, Lynchburg.

Unattached Units Listed
The four unattached units are:
The 87th Coast Artillery Mine Planter Battery (type 2) less attached medical personnel, with headquarters at Norfolk, commanded by Capt. Lloyd H. Burton, Norfolk; 87th Coast Artillery Gun Battery (harbor defense) with headquarters at Portsmouth, commanded by Capt. Vernon C. Nicholson, Portsmouth; 87th Coast Artillery Gun Battery (harbor defense) with headquarters at Hampton, commanded by Capt. Millard F. McKinsey, Hampton; 81st Coast Artillery Battery (155 mm. guns) with headquarters at Virginia Beach, commanded by Capt. Henry W. Adermann, Virginia Beach.

Units making up the 78th are: Headquarters and Headquarters Battery, Charlottesville; Service Battery, Richmond, commanded by Capt. Hillman C. Kurfess, Richmond; Battery A, Richmond, commanded by Capt. William C. Pollock, Richmond; Battery B, Warrenton, commanded by Capt. Frederick A. Potts, North Wales, Warrenton, and Battery C, New Market, commanded by Capt. John Gray Paul, Jr., Bird Haven.

'Solomon' Ruling Takes Baby From Foster Mother
Baltimore, Dec. 4 (AP).—Mrs. George Andreaskis had her 14-month-old son back today as a result of a Solomon's judgment handed down by Circuit Judge Michael J. Judge.

Judge Manley awarded the mother custody of her baby in ruling against Mrs. Glen James Stedham, who asked to adopt the child. Mrs. Andreaskis testified the child was born while her former husband was overseas, and that she agreed to give the child to Mrs. Stedham.

Under the agreement Mrs. Stedham feigned pregnancy and the mother registered at the hospital under Mrs. Stedham's name, Mrs. Andreaskis told the court.

She added she had since been divorced and now wanted the child back.

Potomac Group Asks Governors To Attend Parley
Winchester, Va., Dec. 4 (AP).—The Governors of four States, Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania, have been invited to attend the quarterly meeting of the Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin which will be held at George Washington Hotel here on December 12 and 13.

A short business meeting of the commission and individual committee meetings will fill the agenda on Thursday.

Friday the commission and its guests, including the Governors and other interested officials of the several States, and the chairman, executive director and members of the Virginia Water Control Board, will attend a general session. In the afternoon the group will go to Front Royal to inspect the recently completed waste treatment at the American Viscose Corp.

Justice Jackson To Get Degree
Westminster, Md., Dec. 4 (AP).—Associate Justice Robert H. Jackson of the United States Supreme Court is to receive an honorary doctor of laws degree from Western Maryland College tomorrow in a convocation honoring his work as chief United States prosecutor of the Nazi war criminals.

The justice will be presented for the degree by Robert J. Gill of Baltimore, one of his military assistants at Nuremberg.

Dr. Fred G. Holloway, president of the college, will confer the degree, and Jackson is expected to follow with brief extemporaneous remarks to the student body.

The ceremony is scheduled for alumni hall at 11 a. m., to be followed by a luncheon for the honoree and other guests. Among the latter are Governor O'Connor and Governor-elect William Preston Lane, Jr.

Cement Official Retires
Frederick, Md., Dec. 4 (AP).—Guy S. LaForge, for the last 26 years superintendent of the Lehigh Portland Cement Co. plant at Union Bridge, has retired. He has been succeeded at Union Bridge by Raymond Wilson of Allentown, Pa.



BIG CORN CRIB—Workmen put up a mammoth prefabricated crib near Decatur, Ill. The crib has a capacity of 5500 bushels of corn plus an overhead granary holding 2700 bushels of small grain. The framework comes pre-cut and is bolted together

Md. Legislative Hopper to Get Woman Dies 9 Major Proposals on First Day At Concert

Baltimore, Dec. 4 (AP).—A spokesman for Governor-Elect Lane said today all legislation necessary to put the complete Democratic campaign platform into effect would be ready for introduction into the General Assembly when it convenes New Year's Day.

The platform, adopted by the Democratic State Convention on July 23, calls for:

1. A constitutional amendment "to provide more equitable representation than now exists" in the General Assembly. It would give Baltimore City and certain densely populated counties a greater proportion of the total membership.

2. A constitutional amendment "to provide more equitable representation than now exists" in the General Assembly. It would give Baltimore City and certain densely populated counties a greater proportion of the total membership.

3. A redistribution of State revenues "designed to eliminate inequalities and inequities against the taxpayers of Baltimore City, the counties and incorporated towns."

4. The lowering and eventual elimination of the State Real estate taxes.

5. Improvement of hospital facilities.

6. A bridge across the Chesapeake Bay, linking the Eastern and Western shores.

7. Pay increases for State employees.

8. Expansion of conservation and agricultural facilities.

9. Overhauling of the Maryland unemployment compensation act.

Some of the proposals do not need legislative approval and are already in effect for some of the others, including the bay bridge, already exists.

Walsh Heads Committee
Former Attorney General William C. Walsh heads a committee appointed by Lane to study and draw up legislation embodying the platform.

reapportionment of General Assembly representation proposals.

Attorney General Elect Hall Hammond heads a committee charged with the responsibility of putting into legislative form all other proposals which would have to be submitted to the General Assembly.

He has called a meeting of the committee for next Monday.

Attorney General Elect Hall Hammond will be the first of the Statewide officers of the incoming administration to take office. He will be sworn in by Governor O'Connor at a ceremony in Annapolis on December 16.

Governor Elect Lane will take office before January 3, so that O'Connor may appear in Washington to claim the United States Senate seat that day. Lane will go through the ceremony again on January 8 to begin his regular term.

State Comptroller Elect James J. Lacy will not take office until mid-January.

May Caucuses on Jan. 1
The members of the legislature probably will break with tradition on January 1 by holding the party caucuses on the morning of the 1947 session convenes instead of the night before, leaders said today.

They explained that many of the sons had objected to the idea of having to handle business matters on New Year's Eve.

Lane will be the first governor-elect to have served out the unexpired term of a predecessor in Maryland history.

The name of Senator Byrnes (D., Balto., 5th) has been mentioned more than any other in speculation among political observers about a possible New Year's Eve president to take the place of Senator Lindsay (D., Balto.), who was not a candidate for office in the last election.

Byrnes was reported to be favored by a strong group of Democratic Senators, including several from the eastern shore.

Lane has given no intimation as to whom he would favor for the post.

reapportionment of General Assembly representation proposals.

Attorney General Elect Hall Hammond heads a committee charged with the responsibility of putting into legislative form all other proposals which would have to be submitted to the General Assembly.

He has called a meeting of the committee for next Monday.

Attorney General Elect Hall Hammond will be the first of the Statewide officers of the incoming administration to take office. He will be sworn in by Governor O'Connor at a ceremony in Annapolis on December 16.

Governor Elect Lane will take office before January 3, so that O'Connor may appear in Washington to claim the United States Senate seat that day. Lane will go through the ceremony again on January 8 to begin his regular term.

State Comptroller Elect James J. Lacy will not take office until mid-January.

May Caucuses on Jan. 1
The members of the legislature probably will break with tradition on January 1 by holding the party caucuses on the morning of the 1947 session convenes instead of the night before, leaders said today.

They explained that many of the sons had objected to the idea of having to handle business matters on New Year's Eve.

Lane will be the first governor-elect to have served out the unexpired term of a predecessor in Maryland history.

The name of Senator Byrnes (D., Balto., 5th) has been mentioned more than any other in speculation among political observers about a possible New Year's Eve president to take the place of Senator Lindsay (D., Balto.), who was not a candidate for office in the last election.

Byrnes was reported to be favored by a strong group of Democratic Senators, including several from the eastern shore.

Lane has given no intimation as to whom he would favor for the post.

Parsons Quits, Hopes for New Va. GOP Setup

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 4 (AP).—Lester S. Parsons, Republican candidate who lost his race for Senate against Harry F. Byrd, announced today he has resigned from the Republican State Executive Committee in the hope the action will lead to a complete reorganization of the party in Virginia.

Lawrence C. Page, also of Norfolk, another Republican leader in the State, has also resigned from the executive committee. It was announced at the same time.

Parsons said plans were being made to reorganize all Republican city and county committees in his district and he hoped the others would follow suit.

"For a long time I have pondered the question of how we could bring the Republican Party into a strong position in Virginia," he said.

Republican State committees will be asked at their meeting Saturday in Roanoke to urge Federal legislation to eliminate "undue restrictions upon the right of the citizens of this Commonwealth to vote in all national elections."

The chairman of the First District GOP committee, Walter Johnson, said that he would urge that such action be taken in Roanoke. He said that he was convinced "that Virginia will need Federal assistance" to throw off the yoke of the State-wide political machine.

Johnson added that he normally was opposed to "Federal intervention in matters within a State."

Johnson was an unsuccessful candidate for Congress on November 5, opposing the Democratic incumbent, Representative S. Otis Bland of Newport News.

More State Oyster Bars To Be Opened

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 4 (AP).—Despite the transportation difficulties besetting Maryland's oyster industry due to the coal strike, the Tidewater Fisheries Commission announced today the opening of more oyster bars.

A commission spokesman said, "express shipments of oysters by rail had been curtailed and made getting oysters to market a real problem."

He added that the price situation had improved, however, after the bad crop in October and were now virtually stable.

Approximately 30,000 bushels of oysters have been dredged from the Poplar Island area—the first opened in November when the market was stabilized.

The main area to be opened Monday for dredging is that in the Chesapeake Bay near Kent Island, shore near Bloody Point and "up to but not including Love Point Bar."

Two sections—Broad Creek and Graveyard—have been planted by the State. The October inspection tour of commission experts showed oysters to be of good quality in the area.

Bars opening for tonging Monday include Blunt's in the Chester River; Shuffler's and Sunken Island, both in Anne Arundel County; waters of the Chesapeake Bay, and Dixon's in the Choptank River.

Antarctic Ship's Missing Puppies Returned to Police

Norfolk, Va., Dec. 4 (AP).—Two of three sled dogs reported missing from the Navy's Antarctic Expedition Flagship shortly before the ship sailed Monday, have been turned over to station police at the Norfolk Naval Station, according to a Fifth Naval District spokesman.

The two huskies were brought to the station by a woman who left without identifying herself after saying she had returned the puppies on reading newspaper accounts of the contamination caused by their disappearance among expedition personnel, the spokesman said.

The two puppies were in a litter of five born three weeks ago to "Lady," one of 27 huskies which sailed with the expedition.

W. Va. Deer Hunter Accidentally Killed
Kingwood, W. Va., Dec. 4 (AP).—Gene R. Curtis, 53, a Clarksburg insurance company official, was accidentally shot to death in the woods near Bruceton today while hunting deer, State Trooper L. V. Minnick reported.

It was the second fatality of the deer season, which opened in West Virginia Monday.

Willis Clinton Ross, 51, of Elkview, near Charleston, died last night in a Morgantown hospital of a wound suffered Monday when he gun accidentally discharged while he was hunting in Cooper's rock State forest.

Minnick said Curtis, his son, Gene B. Curtis, and other companions were "driving" deer through the woods about 5 miles from Bruceton when one member of the party fired at a buck and the shot struck the Clarksburg man.

A spokesman said that the board and the distilleries which supply the State had anticipated the embargo for some time. As a result, the ABC Board has built up a backlog of 250,000 cases—exclusive of the stocks now in the stores. This is considered ample for one month's demand and the spokesman said that the board contemplates no reduction in the previously announced ration for December.

Chamber Aide Hurt In Balloon Stunt
Martinsburg, Va., Dec. 4 (AP).—H. Nelson Clark, manager of the Martinsburg Chamber of Commerce, was in a hospital here today following emergency operation and treatment on his hands which were badly cut and bruised accidentally as he was assisting in a balloon parade here, sponsored by merchants and ushering in the Christmas shopping season.

He became caught between a parking meter and a small truck under the balloons. His left hand was crushed and some bones broken; the right hand was hurt seriously.

Drunk Driving Charged As Truck Leaves Road
Frederick, Md., Dec. 4 (AP).—Fifteen tons of sugar were nearly dumped into a ravine along Route 40 near New Market yesterday when a large tractor-trailer truck left the highway. State Police charged the driver, Harvey L. Shoppert, Martinsburg, W. Va., with drunken driving.

SMOKED HAM
READY-TO-EAT, HOT OR COLD
SMOKED HAM AND BACON with that marvelous old-time flavor are now ready for you at HICKORY VALLEY FARM, a real farm place in the Pennsylvania-Dutch Countryside. Delicious flavor and texture. Under the supervision of a master, these delicious hams are slowly smoked in the old-fashioned way. SPECIAL OFFER: 10 LBS. SMOKED HAM, ready-to-eat, hot or cold, average weight 15 pounds, \$1.50 per pound. BACON—Sliced, ready-to-eat, hot or cold, average weight 10 pounds, \$1.00 per pound. SHIPMENT PREPARED TO ANY POINT IN THE UNITED STATES. PLEASE SEND CHECK WITH ORDER.

HICKORY VALLEY FARM
LITTLE KUNKLETON STRONGBURG, PENN.

Red Drive Rolling Swiftly in Shansi

Ohio Court Rules:

Landlords May Prohibit Children

Columbus, Ohio, Dec. 4 (AP).—Landlords legally may keep children from living in their properties, the Ohio Supreme Court ruled today in authorizing the eviction of a World War II veteran and his family.

Reversing an opinion by the Cuyahoga County Appellate Court, the State tribunal upheld the right of the Lammont Building Co. of Cleveland to oust Marvin Court, his wife and baby from one of its apartments. The baby was born after Court and his wife moved into the apartment.

The four-to-three decision declared "a landlord may validly stipulate in a rental agreement that the occupancy shall be confined to adult persons, and where a tenant brings a young child to live in an apartment in violation of such agreement, he may be evicted."

At Cleveland Mrs. Court burst into tears when informed of the Supreme Court's ruling.

"I don't know what we are going to do—move out into the street, I suppose," she said. "This ruling was not only important to us but to all other parents who have children and who are at the mercy of landlords."

The tenants have been sending their \$52.50 rental each month to the company, but the money on each occasion has been returned.

Case To Be Appealed
Cleveland, Dec. 4 (AP).—A far-reaching Ohio Supreme Court decision, holding that the birth of a son 16 months ago to Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Court violated their apartment lease, will be appealed to the U. S. Supreme Court, Attorney Morris Morganstern said tonight.

Morganstern reported he would fly to Washington this week to file an appeal, noting that the decision in the State's highest court was split, 4 to 3.

Gold Pin, Tie, Diploma Sent Ike by Belgium

Brussels, Dec. 4 (AP).—A golden tie-pin, a "victory necktie" and a diploma of honor were handed today to Admiral Alan G. Kirk, United States Ambassador to Belgium, to be delivered to General Eisenhower on behalf of the Federation of the Holders of the Belgian Croix de Guerre.

The green and gold of a vivid yellow and green striped silk of a type used by Belgian patriots during the German occupation as insignia for recognition.

Sweeping Victories Acknowledged by Nationalist Sources

Peiping, Dec. 4 (AP).—Sweeping victories for Chinese Communist armies in five districts of Shansi Province were acknowledged today by government military sources as the Red drive rolled swiftly toward Taiyuan, provincial capital 250 miles southeast of Peiping, and Fengyang, 80 miles farther south.

Confirmed reports said the Communists had captured a group of cities and villages in southwest Shansi and were pushing north-eastward toward Fengyang, one of the province's largest cities.

The Communist offensive in Manchuria, aimed at the capital city of Changchun, also gathered force with attacks on Chüchun, 30 miles to the northeast, and several points east of the capital. Large Communist forces were reported massed east of Changchun.

Other Communists, squeezed into the lower Kwantung peninsula of Manchuria by government forces under Gen. Tu Li-ming, were reported to have retreated southward within 17-20 miles of Russian occupied Dairen.

Tu's troops still held "to their safety zone outside Dairen awaiting the signal for entry into the port."

Communist armies also were active in Shantung Province, across the Gulf of Chihli from Dairen. A Central News Agency dispatch said that in the southwestern section of the province the Reds captured Chuancheng, ancient provincial capital.

German Doctor Admits Killing 30 Children

Frankfurt, Germany, Dec. 4 (AP).—Dr. Walter Eugene Schmidt, a former lieutenant colonel, admitted before a German war crimes court today that he killed 30 children as part of the Nazi program of exterminating thousands of ailing or defective Germans.

The children would have died in two or three days anyway, insisted the former chief physician at the Eichberg asylum. He is one of six doctors, nurses and administrators accused of operating the asylum as a "murder factory" where euthanasia killings were systematically carried out.

Spain Eyes U. N. Moves

Madrid, Spain, Dec. 4 (AP).—The government-controlled Spanish press today published the full texts of the United States resolution on Spain to the United Nations and Generalissimo Francisco Franco's answer in which he denied that Spain was Fascist. The papers commented that the United States resolution was an attempt to appease Russia.



FLEET PARADE—With the white ensign of Britain's newest cruiser, HMS Superb, flitting in the foreground, the cruiser HMS Diadem and battleship HMS King George V steam in line astern during fleet maneuvers.

U. S. Army's 'Hate-the-German' Policy Scrapped by McNarney

Frankfurt, Germany, Dec. 4 (AP).—Gen. Joseph T. McNarney was officially reported today to have scrapped the United States Army's "hate the Germans" policy, and to be preparing to ask Washington to revamp its entire orientation of youthful soldiers heading for occupation zones.

An informed Army source said the United States policy of teaching soldiers to regard the Germans as an innately militaristic people was helmed by a directive issued by McNarney's Europeans theater command.

The directive reportedly recalled all Army training manuals, books and films in the theater tending to instigate hate, and ordered troops to help the German rebuild the economy and political freedom of their war-torn country.

The Army source said that "we suddenly woke up to the fact that the policy of teaching GI's to hate the Germans was out of date, inasmuch as we are stimulating the democratic growth of the German government, youth organizations and trade unions."

The officer said that new soldiers were still getting "Hate the German" indoctrination back home, and that McNarney consequently

23 Are Injured On Liner Elizabeth In Rough Crossing

Southampton, England, Dec. 4 (AP).—Twenty-three persons on the luxury liner Queen Elizabeth were injured in rough weather in crossing the Atlantic and four were sent to hospitals when the ship docked today.

The injuries occurred when the ship ran into 40-foot waves and rolled 23 degrees last Monday. Officers said the crossing was the roughest since 1942, when the Elizabeth was damaged by weather when carrying troops.

On this crossing the liner suffered no structural damage and was only 45 minutes behind schedule.

Reparations Halt by U. S. 'Unchanged'

Berlin, Dec. 4 (AP).—The United States will not resume reparations deliveries to Russia and other countries ravaged by Germany until all occupying Powers agree to future German boundaries and administer Germany as an economic unit.

Brig. Gen. William H. Draper, Jr., American economics chief, advised the other Allies that the United States position on reparations "remains unchanged" until the Potsdam agreement is carried out.

"When the boundaries of the future Germany are determined and she begins to operate as one country, industrial disarmament can proceed and a large share of her industrial plants, machinery and equipment can go in reparations to the countries ravaged by Germany," he said.

The Potsdam agreement granted Russia and Poland 25 per cent of available reparations from the western zones of Germany and shiploads of machinery have left the British zone on regular schedules.

But only a trickle has left the American zone since Lieut. Gen. Lucius D. Clay, deputy military governor, advised the other three powers last May that dismantling was halted until other provisions of the Potsdam declaration were fulfilled.

Sen. Chavez Denies That His Speech Insulted Argentina

Mexico City, Dec. 4 (AP).—United States Senator Dennis Chavez (D., N. M.) said today that he did not insult Argentina during his speech to the Mexican Senate yesterday.

A group of Argentine legislators here for the inauguration of President Miguel Aleman said in a written report to the press that they walked out on Chavez as the "only method of protest against an unconsidered judgment against Argentina."

Chavez said his exact words were: "I am a partisan of the good neighbor policy. I believe in the good neighbor policy. The good neighbor policy means exactly what the words express and should apply to all countries, large and small, including Argentina and Spain."

U. S.-Australia Aviation Pact Celebrated Here

The signing of an air service agreement between the United States and Australia was celebrated at a luncheon in the Willard Hotel yesterday.

Under the pact, the United States is authorized to serve Australia with air transportation, and Australian planes en route to Vancouver, Canada, are permitted to land to take on or discharge passengers at San Francisco, Calif.

Guests at the luncheon included Capt. E. C. Johnston, deputy director general for civil aviation of Australia, and Deputy Administrator Charles I. Stanton of the Civil Aeronautics Administration, who signed the agreement. Host was C. Jerry Smart, United States representative for the Australian aviation agency.

THE WASHINGTON POST
Thursday, December 5, 1946

5

IT'S WED IN THE WOOD!

OLD THOMPSON
BRAND

TASTES BETTER because it's put back in barrels after blending

86.8 Proof—47% Grain Neutral Spirits

Glenmore Distilleries Company, Louisville, Kentucky

Post Want Ads Bring Results

THE MOST FAMOUS BOTTLE IN THE WORLD

AS PORTRAYED BY THE FAMOUS ARTIST
Russell Patterson

HAIG & HAIG The Oldest Name in Scotch

IT HAD TO BE BETTER TO ENJOY SUCH UNIVERSAL PREFERENCE FOR 319 YEARS

BLENDED SCOTCH WHISKY 86.8 PROOF • SOMERSET IMPORTERS, LTD., NEW YORK

Distributor: Milton S. Kronheim & Son, Inc., Washington, D. C.

As near as
your Esso Dealer...



Copyright, 1946, Esso Inc.

ONE OF THE WORLD'S GREAT TIRES!

Its name is ATLAS...and it's a name to remember as tires become more plentiful. It's a first-rate, quality tire in every way. Behind it are sales of over 26 million ATLAS Tires. And behind it stands Esso Marketers' reputation for quality products.

Especially important with winter driving ahead—the ATLAS tread is designed to give special safety grip on the road. Throughout, this tire is built to give you service.

With it goes a written warranty of satisfaction that's good on the spot at over 33,000 dealers in the U. S. and Canada.

When you need new tires, see your Esso Dealer and get ATLAS. You'll be glad you did!

The Sign of "Happy Motoring"

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

For safer winter driving
get your ATLAS Tires now!

- ☒ Extra toughness for extra wear
- ☒ Wide, deep safety-grip tread
- ☒ Performance road-proved over 16 years
- ☒ Broad, written tire-life warranty
- ☒ On-the-spot service by 33,000 dealers
- ☒ Backed by ESSO, a name you can depend on

NOTE: If your dealer does not have the size ATLAS Tire you need, place your order now for future delivery.

"IT'S THE TIRE THAT MAKES GOOD ON THE ROAD"

Here's news that is news! Now you can get Philadelphia Blend in the handy flat flask bottle so convenient for so many occasions. The same fine Heritage Whisky that has won national favor. Ask for it at your dealer's today!

Philadelphia
The Heritage Whisky

BLENDED WHISKY FAMOUS SINCE 1894

86.8 PROOF • 47% GRAIN NEUTRAL SPIRITS • CONTINENTAL DISTILLING CORPORATION, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Home-Town Debt to GI Called Heavy

Although the war is more than a year over, the home communities of the 13½ million returned veterans are still heavily obligated to help GI Joe get back on his civilian feet, President Truman said yesterday.

In a message to the opening session of a two-day veterans' affairs conference at the Hotel Statler, sponsored by the National Social Welfare Assembly, the Chief Executive said:

"... There still remains a great obligation of gratitude, duty, and self-interest in seeing that the veterans are properly integrated into civilian life, into their own home towns and their own communities."

Veterans seeking homes, jobs, training or school are still in need of local assistance, the President said. He stressed that disabled veterans deserve "every consideration."

Indifference Embittering Veterans
Maj. Gen. Graves B. Erskine, Re-training and Reemployment Administrator, warned the 200 representatives of social welfare, health, educational and church organizations that local indifference to veterans' needs was embittering the returned former servicemen.

Such a veteran, Erskine declared, "will face the danger of being exploited by unscrupulous men. He will be easy picking for Communists and other subversive elements."

Erskine called attention to needs of the disabled former servicemen, and urged local leadership to extend itself in finding jobs for war wounded.

"I have been shocked to find on the streets of Washington more beggars, most of them disabled, than in any city I've seen outside of China," the Marine general asserted. "The solution is not to throw these people off the streets and forget about them. ... Steps should be taken to provide these persons with the rehabilitation facilities they need."

In the questioning that followed his talk, General Erskine made it clear his reference to Washington beggars did not imply that those beggars were necessarily former servicemen.

Problem One for U. S.
Representative Edith Nourse Rogers (R., Mass.) expected to head the House Veterans Committee when Congress meets next month, pointed out that the so-called "veterans problem" was really an American problem, since "80 million" Americans are veterans or related to veterans.

"The veteran," she said, "wants no sympathy, but understanding, and an opportunity for his place in the sun."
Robert E. Bondy, director of the assembly, asserted that "signs of anarchy" toward the veteran are appearing earlier after this war than after World War I.

"It seems a set race as to which recession will set in first," Bondy said, "the economic recession or the spiritual recession."

Sam Stavisky, veterans reporter of The Washington Post and a former Marine, opened the conference with "the veteran's viewpoint." He charged that too few communities have really tried to provide decent housing for their veterans. He warned that "the way the veteran is treated in his home community will largely determine the veteran's attitude toward our democratic way of life."

Alexandria Eyes Purchase of U. S. Housing Projects

Purchase of three war housing projects in Alexandria will be considered by the Alexandria Housing Authority next week, it was revealed yesterday.

Following a conference with officials of the Federal Public Housing Authority, which has announced plans to dispose of the three projects, the local agency scheduled a meeting for Tuesday night to draft a resolution paving the way for acquisition of the projects. The measure will be subject to approval of City Council.

According to plans discussed at the conference with FPHA representatives, the more than 500 homes could be purchased by the local agency, with payments to be made from rentals.

The projects are Cameron Valley, built for war workers at Fort Belvoir; Chiquapin Village, which houses employees of the Naval Torpedo Station; and Ramsey Homes, a development for Negro war workers in the city.

Flagstad Coming Here

Oslo, Dec. 4 (AP)—Norwegian passport authorities said today Kirsten Flagstad, Norwegian soprano, had been granted an exit permit and that she would go to the United States after a visit in Sweden. Her husband, Henry Johansen, was once charged with collaboration with the Nazis during the German occupation.

'Station B'nai B'rith ...'



FOR GOOD LISTENING—S 2/c Grover Douglas of Marion, Ind., a bed patient at Bethesda Naval Hospital, receives a radio for his use while in the medical center. The B'nai B'rith women of Montgomery County presented 14 radios for use of the patients. Taking part in the presentation are (from left) Patricia Seitz, Red Cross recreation supervisor at the hospital; Mrs. Harry Solomon, Red Cross chairman of B'nai B'rith; Mrs. Lawrence Freedman, B'nai B'rith president, and Capt. L. C. Stone, executive officer of the hospital, who officially accepted the radios.

Operation 'x'—?

Here's How Army Chose That Jargon

"Operation Confusion," the War Department's application of meaningless meanings to important things, was unscrambled yesterday—for all the good it will do you.

There's no need to shake the bushes or the nearest intelligence officer for hidden meanings, speech inversion or split infinitives. For all you know, "Operation Pinup" might still mean that Pig 311 has had a litter.

Nearest super-subterfuge to see the light of day was "Operation Paperclip," disclosed yesterday as the properly confusing term applied to the United States' use of imported scientists to hasten our researching.

Actually the enemy-adding jargon was put into use at the start of the war by an agency under the Joint Chiefs of Staff. The War Department still won't disclose the name of the agency—a good guess might be "Operation Clarity."

Haphazard List Scrambled
The agency compiled a list of from 5000 to 10,000 words, checked them with the dictionary, eliminated all proper names, Federal and State designations and then scrambled them into a haphazard list.

Then the list was broken up into lots and parcelled out in code book form to oblige people in high places who could really make them mean nothing when applied to something—which was the idea. The British and other Allies were in on the whole thing. They even offered to trade us "Lancashire" for some old, tired idea such as "Pentagon."

"Just to give you an idea," a helpful spokesman explained, "a theater commander might want a word to designate an end run on some V-2 rocket-launching sites. He might call it 'Seagull,' but probably wouldn't. He would call it 'roscud'—that would be good," he chuckled diabolically.

Anyway, some of them ended up like this:

"Operation Overlord"—the invasion of France.

"Operation Husky"—the invasion of Sicily.

"Trident" was a Conference

"Coronet" and "Olympic"—projected invasions of Japan; "Crossroads"—the Bikini bomb tests; "Roundup"—code name applied to

the operation before "Overlord" was substituted (then "Roundup" became the telephone code designation for Supreme Headquarters in Europe).

"Trident," the conference held before the assault on Sicily; "Grape-shot," the Fifteenth Army group's spring drive up the Po Valley in April of 1945; "Argonaut," the Yalta conference.

"Quadrant" was the Quebec conference and Lord Mountbatten's attempted seizure of Rangoon from the south was known as "Dracula."

Note of Cheer: Yuletide Trees For District Beat Embargo

By Earl J. Wilson
Post Reporter

It looks as though Washington's Christmas trees are going to get into town by the skin of their teeth.

Most of the fragrant evergreens are already "rolling" toward the city and consequently will beat the freight embargo which goes into effect after midnight tonight.

So, along with the District Commissioners' recent ruling that it will be okay to use indoor Christmas lights, it is beginning to appear that most Washingtonians will have a holiday with all the trimmings, despite the beetle-browed king of the coal buckets.

A Baltimore and Ohio railroad spokesman said three or four carloads of Christmas trees already are here, and that 90 per cent of the rest are on the way. The freight embargo does not block shipments en transit, he said, but it may delay them.

A Pennsylvania railroad spokesman said they also had three or four cars in from Nova Scotia and Quebec loaded with trees.

More than a million scoters built in a year is the production record claimed by a Chicago company.

HEDDA HOPPER Kanin Picks His Cast

Hollywood, Dec. 4.—Garson Kanin has arrived and will go right to work. He'll put "Born Yesterday" on our boards with Lucille Ball, Bill Holden, and Bill Bendix just as soon as Lucille finishes her present picture.

I wish the El Patio would produce Lenore Coffey's great play, "Family Portrait." It's about a great character, to o. His name was Christ ...

Moyna MacGill, Angela Lansbury's mother, is among "The Birds and the Bees" at Metro ... Humphrey Bogart and Lauren Bacall were quite pleased when they saw their pictures on the front page of the San Quentin newspaper; but the prisoners didn't know that in "Dark Passage," Bogey plays a guy who escaped from there ... Helene Thring, Max Reinhardt's widow, flew in from Vienna for a top role in "High Conquest." Irving Allen, who dined me sumptuously in Paris last summer, shot the backgrounds for the picture around the Matterhorn.

The Conversion of Vic
Vic Mature has gone interior decorator with a vengeance. He put a roof on a patio to make an outdoor game room of it. One whole wall is formed by an aquarium that has tropical fish to make faces at visitors. On another side is a screen for Vic's projection machine. You sink to your knees in his red carpets. His couches are nine feet long and almost as wide. When I asked why, he said, "Because they're easier to give in to than get up from."

Artie Shaw found a home in New York, but couldn't find office space here. So seeing Mickey Rooney's name over a door, he went in and said, "Since Mickey's busy making a picture, I'd just like to use his office." When Mickey's manager, Sam Stiefel, protested, Shaw explained, "It'll be all right with Mick. He didn't object when I married his former wife; why should he mind my using his desk?" ... Mickey's fans will object to "Love Laughs at Andy Hardy"—his tenth film in that series. To say the producers have run out of ideas is an understatement. During the preview there was a certain aroma in the theater that wasn't perfume.

Hitting the Big Time
Abe Burrows is being kidded by his writing pals. He made Vogue magazine ... Bob Mitchell is sending his fans slave bracelets for Christmas ... Sally Eilers is having beau trouble. The two she'd like love some one else ... Gloria Swanson never caught up with former husband Bill Davis. He was hiding out on a friend's ranch near Reno ... Compton Bennett's family arrived. He hasn't yet heard from James Mason. It was Compton who directed "The Seventh Veil"—remember? ... I don't know what goes on with Howard Hawks (who's supposed to have rifted with his wife); but I do know that Slim gave a birthday party for Howard's parents when he was on location ... Peter Shaw, Metro's new find, and Marie McDonald sharing a dinner at the Dells. At the same place Elsa Lancaster ordered a turkey dinner

for the whole "Turnabout Theater" cast.

Happy Venture
Sorry I had to miss the cotillion ball in San Francisco the other night. Parents of this year's crop of debutantes got together for one gigantic coming-out party. A list of 10,000 guests had to be whittled down to 1200 ... Skitch Henderson has formed a 20-piece orchestra and has dance dates all over town. He'll play for the Beverly Hills High School prom ... Mrs. Bursleigh Drummond, winner of our last contest last spring, is writing a book that promises to be another "Egg and I." It's about her experiences with a trailer, in which she's lived with her husband for eight years. Some of the incidents—mostly humorous—she reveals are amazing. She told me a story of her father, who loved dogs, but never had one. When he was 90, he brought home a stone dog and sat it beside him. Then Mrs. Drummond bought him a real pup. Her father enjoyed it for two years. Now the pooch is sharing their trailer ... I wonder whether Harry Cohn will go ahead with plans for "Carmen," since it already has been done superbly in France by one of the greatest actresses of that country ... "Dream of Butterfly" is the title of the picture in which Seymour Nebenzal will use Puccini's music from "Madame Butterfly." The setting will be in New York and Paris instead of Japan. How far afield can you go? ... Jane Harvey, Desi Arnaz's canary, can have her pick of studios and parts ... Virginia Field is longing to take her baby home to England to meet its grandfather.

Prelate Urges British Guard Minority Rights
London, Dec. 4 (AP)—Dr. C. F. Garbett, Archbishop of York, urged the British government today to work in international conferences for the protection of civil and religious rights against "the rising tide of nationalism in almost every country throughout the world." He told the House of Lords that the position of minorities was "very precarious."

Old Shell Kills 10
Amstetten, Austria, Dec. 4 (AP)—Ten persons—two Soviet soldiers and eight Austrian civilians—were killed today when a German anti-aircraft shell exploded at Amstetten railroad station in the Russian zone 50 miles west of Vienna. The shell apparently had lain near the station since the war. The blast was said to have been caused when rail workers started a fire to warm their hands.

Ready to Drink
... chill and pour

CROSSE & BLACKWELL
OLD FASHIONED
EGG NOG

Contains whiskey, rum, apple brandy and imported brandy ... blended with fresh dairy products by experts ... maintaining Crosse & Blackwell's reputation for fine products since 1706 ... THIRTY PROOF.

THE CROSSE & BLACKWELL CO.
Liquor Division • Baltimore, Md.

DISTRIBUTED BY
Milton S. Krensholtz & Son, Inc.
1425 New York Avenue N.E., Washington, D. C.

YOUR DEALER HAS IT!

It's Simply Wonderful!

Savoia
Brand California WINE

Wonderful when guests arrive! Wonderful with meals at home—it turns each everyday dinner into sparkling Holiday celebration. Rich and mellow beyond compare—yet costs but few cents a glass!

G. FAVA FRUIT CO., U. S. Bonded Winery, Md. No. 5
Washington Distributors
Potomac Wine & Liquor Co. 1315 4th St. N.E.

Coal crisis forces Office of Defense
Transportation to order further
reductions in Passenger Service—

More Trains Come Off! Drastic Adjustments!

Beginning December 9

WITH OUR OWN COAL SUPPLY DIMINISHING RAPIDLY—and that of other railroads, too—the Office of Defense Transportation, to save vital fuel, has ordered another 25 per cent reduction in coal-burning locomotive mileage, effective December 9. This compels us to make further deep cuts in passenger train service.

MANY MORE TRAINS WILL COME OFF DECEMBER 9 in compliance with this order. In addition, some trains will be

combined. Others shortened. Many sleeping cars, parlor cars and coaches will be dropped. Everything to lighten the load, save coal and still spread service as far as we can.

RESERVATIONS ON SUSPENDED SERVICES are automatically cancelled by the Office of Defense Transportation's order. Your money will be refunded or we will endeavor to adjust reservations to remaining service if space is available.

TRAINS WITHDRAWN:

to Buffalo—

BUFFALO DAY EXPRESS (train #571) leaving 8:10 A.M.

from Baltimore to Harrisburg—

TRAIN #513, the connection for TRAIN #400 leaving 1:30 A.M.

TRAIN #505, the connection for TRAIN #142 leaving 2:00 P.M.

from Baltimore to Parkton—

TRAIN #441, the connection for TRAIN #420 leaving 4:30 P.M.

ADDITIONAL IMPORTANT CHANGES:

LIBERTY LIMITED, 1st section (train #57), to Chicago leaving 5:10 P.M. consolidated with 2nd section (train #59) leaving 5:20 P.M. COACHES 571, 572 and L1 and SLEEP-

ING CARS 590 and 594 withdrawn.

INDIANAPOLIS SLEEPING CARS withdrawn from TRAIN #21-31 leaving 6:15 P.M.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, CONSULT YOUR TICKET AGENT. Time Tables will not be reprinted. We suggest that you preserve this advertisement for the duration of the emergency.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

**WATERPROOF
WITH THE
BIG THREE!**

**Steelcote
QUICK
LEAK-STOP**

For holes or cracks in basement walls or floor where water is actually coming through.

**Steelcote
DAMP-SEAL**

For damp masonry. Stops wet spots on basement walls. Made in white and 7 decorative colors.

**Steelcote
RAIN-SEAL**

For porous masonry. Effective waterproofing agent on concrete basement walls. Easy to apply inside or outside.

SOLD BY ALL GOOD HARDWARE, PAINT STORES AND LUMBER DEALERS
STEELCOTE MANUFACTURING CO.
3418 GRANT ST. ST. LOUIS 8, MO.
MARTIN WIEGAND, Inc.
603 So. Capitol Street,
Washington, D. C.
Telephone NA. 1103
Wholesale Distributors

Don't be switched insist on

Delmar
QUALITY WINES

Distributed by The Globe Distributing Co., Washington, D. C.



Look for the special winter travel
resort numbers of The Washington Post

In next Sunday's Travel and Resort section of The Washington Post you will find the answer to all your winter vacation problems. An extra special amount of space will be devoted to winter resorts to help you pick the place you want to go.

YOU might be thinking of the sunny south, a restful trip to the mountains, or long for the gay winter sports of the lake resorts ... No matter what you have in mind, you are sure to find the answer among the many featured vacation stories, photographs of picturesque resortlands, and information-packed ads which will appear in the December 8 issue of The Post.

The Washington Post

'47 Price Drop In Farewell

By the United Press
Paul A. Porter said yesterday as he stepped out of his job as OPA chief that he believes the public can look for a gradual return to lower prices starting early next year.

There is a good chance that the family food bill will not be as high as it is now and that present inflated prices of clothing and other necessities, including some consumer durables, will drop, he said in an interview.

The jovial Kentuckian, who waged a losing battle to keep OPA intact, does not look for any "abrupt changes" from today's prices, but he anticipates a "general downward adjustment as production rises."

Maxwell L. McCullough, former OPA regional administrator at Dallas and a member of the Washington staff since September, 1944, was named acting OPA administrator to have charge until OPA and other wartime agencies are consolidated.

Would Avoid "Limb"

Emphasizing that he did not want "to go out on a limb" as a prophet on his last day in office, Porter said:

"It is obvious to anyone who has studied the tensions in the price structure during the reconversion period that there must be some substantial adjustments if we're going to maintain maximum production and full employment."

By adjustments, he said he meant more moderate prices.

Some consumer goods, he continued, "appear in danger of pricing themselves out of the market—we don't now have a balance in many lines between the national income and the price level."

He said it is hoped that the relationship between income payments and prices would reach the "point of equilibrium" early next year, "so maximum demand can be maintained with moderate prices."

Labor Unknown Factor

The labor situation is "the great unknown factor, but once that is resolved, I see no reason for pessimism, but on the contrary, a real prospect for full production, high employment and moderate prices," he said.

He added that he had received increasing evidence in recent days from producers that they are making every effort to adapt their price policies to the "realities of the market." Referring again to the labor question, he commented that "if there is a sudden upsurge in costs from any cause, we could get into serious trouble."

Porter, who said he was very happy to be leaving the OPA, is thoroughly convinced that the Nation is much better off since controls were lifted late this year than it would have been if they had gone off in July. That, he said, could have produced an "explosive" situation.

Silent on Own Future

Porter noted that many economists have predicted a business recession next year, but he had no comment on his own views. Nor would he discuss his future at this time. He reportedly will take a \$50,000-a-year radio job.

A former newspaperman and one-time publicity director for the Democratic National Committee, Porter said he might do "some writing" on subjects, including why so many public officials do not want to stay in the Government.

Charlottesville to Get Portsmouth Homes

Portsmouth, Va., Dec. 4 (AP)—Buildings from Dale Dormitories and from Crafoord Homes, in Portsmouth, are being dismantled and will be shipped to Norfolk and Charlottesville for reassembly and use as veterans housing.

Break down of the distribution follows:

Nine apartment buildings from Crafoord Homes will be sent to Charlottesville to the University of Virginia for housing for war veterans and their families.

Thirteen buildings from Dale Dormitories will be set up at Oak Leaf Park, near Norfolk for Negro veterans.

Nine buildings from Crafoord Homes will be set up at Roberts Park, on Virginia Beach Blvd., for Negro veterans.

The buildings cost a total of \$390,000.

Danish Group to Visit Naval Academy Today

Annapolis, Md., Dec. 4 (AP)—Seven members of the Danish Naval Commission will pay a formal visit to the Naval Academy tomorrow.

Included in the group will be Rear Admiral B. H. Andersen, Commodore F. H. Kjolsen, Capt. P. A. Moersch, Capt. H. J. Rasmussen, Lieut. Comdr. F. Haugsted, N. K. Nielsen and E. H. Thomassen.

Yanks, Tommies to Bear Same Arms (U.S. Type), Britain Says

London, Dec. 4 (AP)—A high government source confirmed today that the United States and Britain will arm their foot soldiers with common weapons, and current reports said these would be based almost exclusively on American models, for small arms at least.

This source said the two countries already have begun the task of standardization of infantry equipment and that talks are going on in Washington on other means of coordinating British and American armed forces.

It was understood that under standardization the present British .303 army rifle would be discarded in favor of the American .30-caliber, but it was not known whether the semiautomatic American Garand would be issued to the British.

All small antitank weapons such



THE GONDOLIERS ON SET—In Roosevelt High School Auditorium, 13th and Upshur sts. NW., the curtain will rise tonight at 8:30 o'clock on the student-produced operetta, "The Gondoliers." In this scene, made at a rehearsal, Ida Gass (left) and Sylvia Rubin (17) dance for the "King." Carle Rubbe, seated on his throne, with his "wife," Margaret Lupton, at his feet. The operetta will be presented again tomorrow night at the same time, same place.

U. S. Cafeteria MacArthur's Japanese Aims Loss \$292,563; Under New Russian Attack New Hike Seen

A hint of food price increases in Federal building cafeterias operated by Government Services, Inc., was given yesterday in a GSI statement announcing that cafeterias are operating at a loss.

The corporation said a loss of \$292,563 was incurred in operations during the first nine months of this year.

Carrying such a loss means "we are actually subsidizing purchasers of meals in our cafeterias during that period to the extent of the loss suffered," A. E. Demaray, president, declared.

He added, "This corporation could no longer, without endangering its sound financial position, continue such subsidization."

When asked whether any additional food price increases are planned now, a GSI spokesman declined to comment.

The loss statement was contained in a six-page leaflet distributed to 135,000 cafeteria patrons, the first of a series to be issued quarterly.

Blaming higher food and operating costs for the continuous loss, GSI said recent food price increases have helped reduce the monthly deficits.

Another reason cited for the loss was that the cafeteria business consists "largely of the serving of lunches, at hours and locations selected to suit the convenience of Federal workers, whereas commercial restaurants serve only the number of meals and are open as many hours as are profitable."

The statement said 23,292,274 persons had been served meals during the nine month period at a charge of \$8,360,150.01. Expenses amounted to \$8,652,713.76 during the same period.

At the same time that losses were rising, unobligated working capital was being reduced, the balance sheet showed. The statement said the "corporation had been compelled to use its unobligated funds to meet the wartime need for more cafeteria units in Federal buildings."

"More recently, the heavy losses caused by the increased operating costs have cut further into these funds," the statement noted.

The pamphlet explained that GSI is a nonprofit distributing corporation, operating under contracts with various governmental agencies.

The firm has no stockholders, pays no dividends and under its contracts pays a percentage of any net surplus into the United States Treasury as rent.

Officials of the firm include Demaray, who is also associate director of the National Park Service, Interior Department; vice president, C. A. Peters, deputy commissioner for building management, Public Buildings Administration; and secretary and general manager, Samuel Good-

manager, Capt. F. W. Hoover.

This source said the standardization was intended to prepare the armed forces of the two nations for service together in the security forces of the United Nations.

He said that Russia would be welcomed to join in the standardization conversations but that decisions already taken have made standardization of certain small arms an accomplished fact.

No discussions have been held, the Government source said, on standardization of training methods or weapons and equipment of the two navies and air forces.

MacArthur's Japanese Aims Under New Russian Attack

Moscow, Dec. 4 (AP)—The political aims which General MacArthur is pursuing in Japan were assailed as "reactionary" and conditions of the Allied Council in Tokyo were declared "abnormal" today in one of the strongest protests over the Japanese situation to appear to date in the Soviet press.

Political Commentator A. Sibirsky said in Red Star:

"The policy conducted by MacArthur (of course not without the knowledge and approval of the State Department) pursues far from democratic aims and sharply departs from the policy planned by Allied leaders for Japan."

"Serious Alarm" Expressed
Expressing "serious alarm" over the present situation in Japan, which he characterized as one of daily rising tension caused by Premier Shigen Yoshida's government's inability and lack of desire to solve internal problems such as unemployment and demilitarization, Sibirsky declared:

"The present situation in Japan not only is proof of the complete failure of the policy of Yoshida's government, but the natural consequence of the line pursued by MacArthur, without whose support the reactionary policy of the pres-

ent Japanese government would be absolutely impossible. Evidently the main reason for the situation which has been created lies in the very character of political aims pursued by the Americans in Japan and, we would say, in the Far East."

Charging that not one important proposal or recommendation made thus far by the Allied Council had been adopted by MacArthur, Sibirsky wrote:

"The abnormal conditions of the Allied Council's activity have evoked dissatisfaction of all its members except, of course, the United States representative."

The writer interpreted a proposal made by the United States representative, George Acheson, Jr., last September that the council be expanded as a "sign it is becoming harder for the Americans to ignore the Allied Council's decisions and that the Americans would like to convert the council into a cumbersome, clumsy organ in which the representatives of many countries would enter into endless talks."

Referring to a recent Soviet proposal in the council to count all former Japanese army and navy officers, Sibirsky said:

"A census registration of former Japanese officers would expose before the whole world the fact that they are being employed in aims very far from the principle of the Potsdam agreement."

The writer asserted that talk was spread "in American aggressive circles that the Japanese army should fight in a future war dressed in American uniforms."

W. B. Long Takes Oath As St. Marys Sheriff

Leonardtown, Md., Dec. 4 (AP)—William B. Long of California, St. Marys County, has been sworn in here as the new high sheriff of St. Marys County. He succeeds Howard Hammett, who was appointed four years ago upon the resignation of Dan Bowles. Circuit Court Clerk C. B. Greenwell, Jr., swore in the new sheriff.

Long, a Republican, ousted his Democratic opponent P. B. Robinson, in the recent general election.

Fire Damages Church

Staunton, Va., Dec. 4 (AP)—Second Presbyterian Church here was badly damaged by fire late Monday night, causing loss estimated at between \$20,000 and \$30,000.

NAUSEA

For Land and Sea Travel. Results guaranteed or money refunded. THE WORLD OVER.

RESINOL OINTMENT

Proves Wonderful For Itching Skin!

Remo—A Doctor's favorite liquid—promptly relieves itch of skin irritations due to external causes. In three sizes.

Gas on Stomach

Relieved in 5 minutes or double your money back. What causes stomach acid excess, indigestion, flat gas, sour stomach and heartburn, doctors usually prescribe the famous acid-reducing medicine known as Resinol. No laxative. Resinol can be taken 10, 15, or 20 minutes after each meal on return of health to the old condition.

Help Kidneys If Back Aches

Do you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Headaches, Nervousness, Leg Pains, Stiffness, Swollen Ankles, Rheumatic Pains, Bladder Weakness, Painful Passages, or feel old and run-down, due to non-organic and non-systemic kidney and bladder troubles? If so, there is good news. The very first dose of Cystex (a physician's prescription) usually goes right to work helping the kidneys flush out excess acids and wastes which may have caused your trouble. To prove what Cystex may do to bring you joyous help from the pains and distress due to above mentioned kidney and bladder troubles, get Cystex from your druggist and give it a fair trial exactly according to the simple directions. Unless completely satisfied and delighted with your rapid improvement, your money back is guaranteed. So don't suffer another day without trying Cystex.

Spooks' Capers Jinx Old House

Langley, England, Dec. 4 (AP)—One night last April an 18-year-old girl named June Buckland awoke, she said today, to find a tall, misty figure standing by her bed. She thought it strange but, being a reserved girl, she didn't mention it to her family.

Even so, the family soon got the idea there was something unusual about the 300-year-old house into which they had just moved. Strange

knockings were heard. Moanings and creakings came out of nowhere. Then, three weeks ago, June's brother, Jackie, 5, fell sick in the night. Their mother, Florence, got up to attend him. A hand gripped her wrist—and, she said with a worried frown between her eyes, there was no body attached to the hand.

"Two days later," Mrs. Buckland said in an interview with the Brit-

ish Press Association, "I awoke and there was this misty figure standing by the fireplace. I put my head under the bedclothes but felt I just had to look again. The figure was still there."

That's the way things have been ever since in the troubled household of the Bucklands in this dreamy village near London.

Something pulls the bedclothes off sleeping members of the family. Doors open and footsteps are heard—but nobody comes in. Koda Shelock, 10, who lives with the Bucklands, found herself sleeping under the bed one night. She didn't know how she got there.

The British Society for Psychical Research said it planned to send a man around.



"DON'T JUST ASK FOR 'BEER'
... ORDER BUDWEISER"

With more people asking for Budweiser than ever before, you'll never get your share if you merely order 'beer'. If you don't ask for your Budweiser, somebody else will. The world's largest brewery is working at full capacity to supply dealers with the most popular brew the world has ever known.

So, to get your share,
don't say 'beer', say

Budweiser

TRADE MARK REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH

ST. LOUIS



...SURE that this is the rock which commemorates the landing of the Pilgrims from "The Mayflower" in 1620 and the first permanent settlement by Europeans in New England.

You're Sure when
you Say Seagram's



DESIGNED FOR YOUR PLEASURE
TODAY, TOMORROW AND ALWAYS

Say Seagram's and be Sure
... of Pro-War Quality

Seagram's 7 Crown Blended Whisky. 65% Grain Neutral Spirits. 86.8 Proof.
Seagram-Distillers Corporation, Chrysler Building, New York

The Washington Post

Published every day in the year

PHILIP L. GRAHAM, Publisher

Editor: ALFRED M. BRANTZ

Business Manager: DONALD M. BARNARD

Advertising Director: WYATT COY

The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to use for publication of all news dispatches credited to it or to any other source appearing in this paper and local news of special interest published herein. Rights of reproduction of all other matter herein are also reserved.

1337 N. Street N.W., Washington 4, D. C.

Telephone: National 4300

New York Office: 370 Madison Avenue (16)

Chicago Office: 300 North Michigan Avenue (1)

Philadelphia Office: 520 South 15th Street (2)

CARRIER DELIVERY

District of Columbia and Suburbs

Daily and Sunday: Daily Only: Daily Only

One week: \$4.50 One month: \$13.50

Elsewhere

Daily and Sunday: Daily Only: Daily Only

One week: \$5.00 One month: \$15.00

BY MAIL—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

Washington, D. C. and Suburbs

Daily and Sunday: Daily Only: Daily Only

One week: \$4.50 One month: \$13.50

Other States, Mexico and Canada

Daily and Sunday: Daily Only: Daily Only

One week: \$5.00 One month: \$15.00

Rates to Foreign Countries not listed

will be furnished upon request.

Entered at the Postoffice, Washington, D. C.,

as second-class mail matter.

Thursday, December 5, 1946

Contempt

The price of the contempt of court of which Mr. Lewis and his union have been found guilty is pretty stiff in terms of money. He is mulcted in a personal fine of \$10,000, his union in a sum totaling \$3,500,000—with possibly more to come if the guilty parties remain obdurate. No doubt the miners' leader, who at last report was said to be paid \$25,000-plus a year by his minions, in addition to a liberal expense account, can afford the present cost of his luxury. In court he said that aside from his current assets, he had only enough money to cover his debts. Even comfortably-fixed citizens may well envy him; they could not cover their debts out of anything else than assets. Nor is the union likely to feel the pinch. It is said the miners' treasury still contains \$13,500,000, so that after the fine has been paid, there would still be a cool 10 million dollars left. Some day we shall know these things for sure, for the reform is bound to come out of this revelation of the private satepries we have been creating, and that is union accounting. In a society based on law a man or a body of men must be prepared to pay the price of contempt of our judicial institutions. Law is our secular god. Equality before it is fundamental in our democracy. If a man defies it, or contemns our judiciary, then he must be prepared to accept the consequences. Few men can have been guilty of such arrogant hubbubbing as the glowering Mr. Lewis. In keeping his hat on in the presence of the bench, he even brought his contempt into court with him. The report of his contumely is not likely to be forgotten, nor the candid shot of his caning of the press photographer and his camera. There can be no sympathy for this kind of thing among a people who know as by instinct what depends upon the protection of the dignity of their institutions. The hand of America at long last has been raised, in sheer self-defense, against John L. Lewis. He will be a plucked bird, indeed, if he continues much longer to flout both our judicial majesty and public opinion.

Labor's Rights

In his statement to the court after being found guilty of contempt, John L. Lewis declared that Judge Goldsborough's restraining order deprived miners of their constitutional rights of freedom of speech, the press, and assembly, and of freedom from involuntary servitude. Regardless of the applicability of the Clayton and Norris-LaGuardia and injunction acts, therefore, Mr. Lewis has invoked the Constitution in support of the indignity he claims for himself and the UMW. What Mr. Lewis forgets or chooses to ignore is that these cherished rights do not license individuals to go their several ways completely indifferent to the welfare of the community. Moreover, liberty of action that may be harmless when practiced by the individual may become antisocial and highly oppressive when indulged in by organized groups.

Under the common law, combinations of workers banded together to secure wage increases were once considered conspiracies in restraint of trade, even though the principle of freedom of contract for individuals was recognized. The powers and privileges gained by unions in the course of years are based on legislation and court decisions reflecting social trends. They are not an outgrowth of the rights guaranteed to individuals by the Constitution, although it would be hazardous to guess how far the Supreme Court might be willing to go in following the Lewis line of reasoning, in view of some recent decisions.

In *Labor and the Law*, Charles O. Gregory points out that the whole of our law is a practical compromise between complete freedom of action and expression and the "common convenience of all." No organized group within the community can emancipate itself from reasonable legal restraints imposed for the welfare of the body politic by alleging an invasion of the individual rights of members. Businessmen are hedged about by a mass of legislation interfering with their freedom to conduct their business as they see fit—prohibitions against combinations to restrain trade, to desist from certain practices labelled unfair, etc. And everyone of us is constantly subjected to restraints on our freedom through summary laws and police regulations designed for public protection.

Since we do not believe that the American people will have much patience with the view that the miners' constitutional

rights are being invaded by the action taken to end a strike that is bringing loss and suffering to millions of Americans. The only way we can preserve the constitutional rights of individuals is to protect them from raids of organized groups resolved on gaining their ends, regardless of the consequences to others.

Arms And The Men

Out of a welter of diplomatic politicking for propaganda purposes there has emerged in the Political and Security Committee of the U. N. General Assembly the first step of any real significance in dealing with the problem of international armaments. This first step comes from Mr. Molotov. Yesterday, in a speech which seemed to justify all the wind and fury which this committee has emitted, he gave up the veto power over the day-to-day operations of organized disarmament. Russia's retreat has suddenly put the issue of arms control in a zone of hopefulness.

Clearly no nation is going to disarm till it is sure of the same action by other nations. Certainly on this score is to be achieved only by a cooperative enterprise which is so organized as to make inspection and control automatic. This is what the Russians hitherto have balked at. They would agree to a kind of organization, but only if they always retained the right to stop any action on the part of the organization. This reservation of a veto power would have been no improvement on reliance on the word of a government pledged to disarmament. It invested the arms talk in unreality. It seemed to guarantee only a no-organization. It would have killed all prospect of ending the arms race.

A disposition to look the Moscovite horse in the mouth is to be expected. Mr. Molotov hitherto has been unyielding on Russia's retention of the veto in any international action. He has seemed to defy Stalin himself. A month ago, for instance, when Stalin was assuring the United Press' Hugh Baillie of Russia's support of "strict international control" over atomic energy, Mr. Molotov was berating Mr. Baruch for sponsoring it. What has made for the jelling of Russian diplomacy? It is said that the Molotov speech came after a long conversation with the Kremlin. The supposition is tenable that the Russians may have concluded that, with the entire world, with the exception possibly of Poland, likely to be arrayed against them, they might as well cave in. The handwriting already had appeared on the wall. Soon the report of the Atomic Energy Commission will appear in the Security Council, and, even if Russia and Poland stay aloof, the report doubtless will be the go-ahead signal for the other nations.

This is what the Russians simply cannot face. They cannot face the prospect of the world going it alone—of what would be an anti-Russian alliance till the Russians made it an all-in association. Since VJ-Day they have condemned their fellow nations to non-action. They have sought to prevent the pacification of the world while they picked up war booty in territory and other prerequisites. Last May Secretary Byrnes, seeing the world in process of disintegration and collapse, decided to move the non-Russian world off dead center. This could be done only in two ways: by following Talleyrand's definition of the balance of power and matching the forces of resistance against the forces of aggression and by letting it be known he would line up with any country willing to cooperate in doing specific things in the cause of pacification.

So there was the offer of a 25-year treaty for the control of Germany. There was the offer to merge zones in Germany without waiting for Russia. There was the Stuttgart warning that the United States did not recognize as permanently binding Russian acquisitions in eastern Germany. There was the clear-cut division on postwar settlements demonstrated at the Peace Conference in Paris. There was the hint that the Atomic Development Authority could be set up without Russian participation. Stalin and his coadjutors are nothing if not cool calculators of world chances in this game of strategy and counterstrategy. What yawns ahead of them, if they persist in running a mystery state bent upon constant enlargement, is an organized non-Russian world, and they know it. This doubtless explains Molotov's change of front.

But the Molotov step, even at the most optimistic evaluation of it, will only put the feet of the nations on the right road. The goal still is far distant—the goal, that is, of the nations disarmed in favor of the United Nations. Control of all arms by the United Nations implies the monopoly of all arms by the United Nations. This must be the end result in the minds of whole peoples sick of the new arms race on the heels of the world cataclysm. Mr. Molotov says he is not resigning the veto right on the proposals leading to arms control. It is, of course, a necessary caveat. But, if the pressure is kept up, we may yet organize the quest for peace. We can do so only by taking two steps to Russia's one, for we have the power and they have the weakness, and in these circumstances a two-for-one rate of progress is much more statesmanship than magnanimity.

Hated, Inc.

The series of articles by Mr. Edward T. Follard on the Columbians, Inc., of Georgia was concluded yesterday in *The Post*. This, if we may say so, was an admirable example of first-rate, interpretive reporting. Mr. Follard was not content to report the surface facts; he made an effort to get behind them into the circumstances and influences which made possible the appearance of so strange and sinister a phenomenon. The result is that no one who has read these articles is left in any doubt of the inspiration, character and purposes of the Columbians and similar sects, or of the economic and psychological factors which may make possible their further development.

Chief among them is the factor of frustration, a condition which the fears and insecurities of modern life have made so common

place that the term itself has become almost a catchword. The two leaders of the movement, as Mr. Follard has shown, are men to whom the notion of their own unimportance and obscurity had become altogether intolerable. Their following is recruited from persons frustrated in other ways; that is, from persons who feel vaguely that society has afforded them no real status and that something or somebody must be to blame for it. As Mr. Ralph McGill, editor of the *Atlanta Constitution*, who is quoted by Mr. Follard, put it, the Columbians address themselves to

... good, plain persons of little or no education, of little working skills, in a very low income group. They talk to people whose lives are dreary at best. They work on people in the most squalid slum areas; and to a person unable to read or write, or to one with no more than a third or fourth grade education, the appeal has logic.

What the Columbians are frankly and cynically seeking is to canalize this discontent until it becomes hatred and to provide hatred with an object.

A few persons, while acknowledging the accuracy and insight of Mr. Follard's articles, have criticized the publication of them on the ground that such organizations as the Columbians thrive mainly by the publicity given to them. With this we disagree. Columbians, like its parent, Nazism, is not a disease in itself, but another of innumerable symptoms of a disorder, partly material and partly spiritual, which in greater or less degree has infected the whole of the modern world.

Revolt Of The Lasses

As if with the coal strike, the Communist menace, the Ku Klux revival, the mounting cost of living, the juvenile crime wave and so on, we didn't have enough internal problems to worry us, comes the famous anthropological lady, Dr. Margaret Mead, to warn us that the female sex is in a dangerous state of unrest.

In an article in the current number of *Fortune*, Dr. Mead discloses that at least one fourth of American women are thoroughly dissatisfied with the conditions of "semi-voluntary slavery" imposed upon them by marriage. Their grievances include the loneliness and boredom of staying at home, with nobody but babies to talk to, and the fact that their husbands, when they come home in the evening, are just too damn tired out by the business of making a living to do anything but read the paper. Thus, for sheer lack of practice, women who formerly fancied themselves as conversationalists find that on the infrequent occasions when the opportunity comes to step out in society, they have nothing to say. The words, it seems, just "clot on their tongues."

Then again, Dr. Mead finds, women are bitter because they can't choose their own jobs the way men do. They find it unreasonable and unjust that, merely because they fall in love and want to be married, they have to become homemakers, even though they may hate cooking and dislike children.

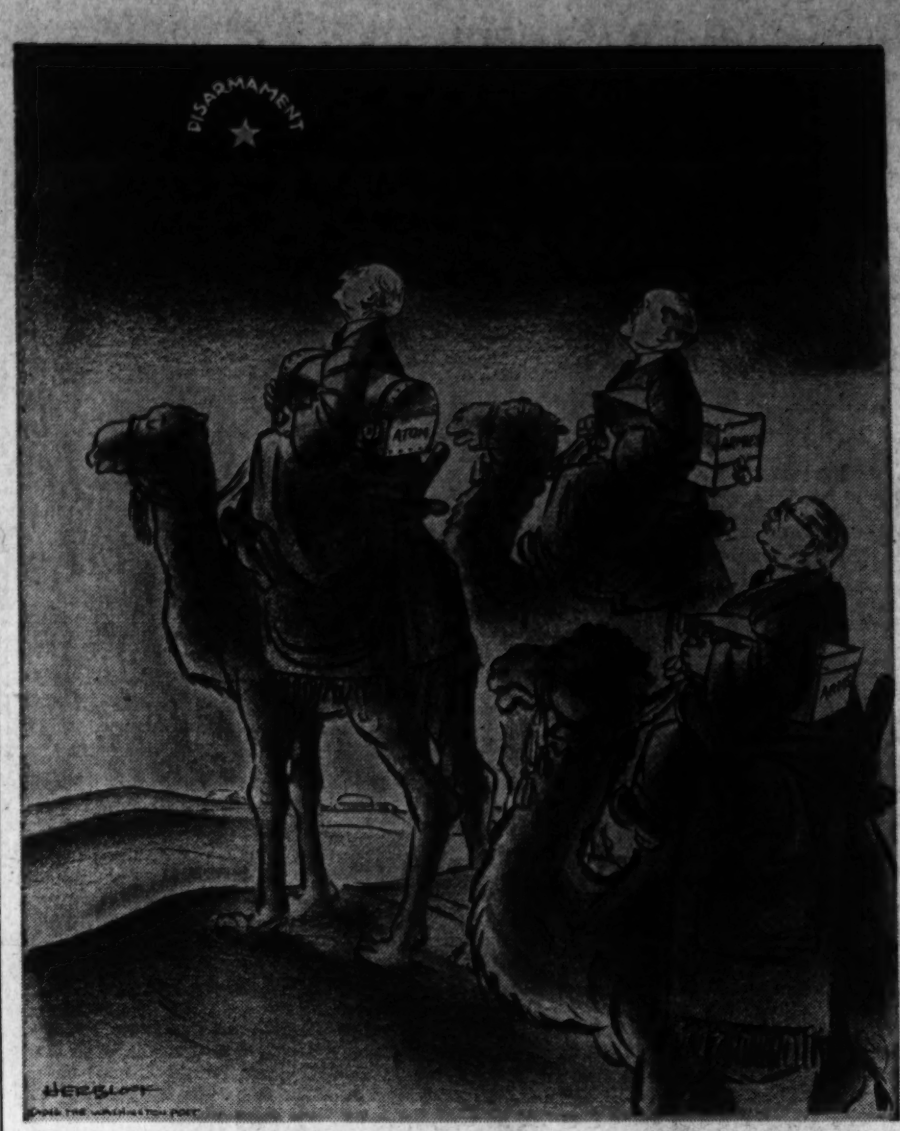
Dr. Mead herself seems to be in strong sympathy with this rebellion of her sisters. However, she is satisfied that the problem is not to be solved, as some think, by such institutions as nursery schools, day care centers, diaper services, play schools; and so on. For some curious reason children brought up by such institutions seem less happy and satisfied than children brought up in the grubby old-fashioned way by their mamas and papas.

Therefore, Dr. Mead tosses the problem squarely into the laps of inventors and laboratory technicians. The only hope, she thinks, lies in getting more mechanical robots to take over the drudgery of housework, and also perhaps in getting women to undertake certain activities, such as canning, laundering and so on, on a communal basis, so that the tedium and drudgery of it can be relieved by pleasant and instructive conversation. What would then remain of the good old American home "where be shared living—a family eating, sleeping and playing together." But, even that will not be enough unless men can be made "to take a greater part in these activities that we call living, as opposed to making a living."

Now all this sounds well, but there may be a catch in it that Dr. Mead has overlooked. It seems to us that after *pater familias* has put in a day trying to earn enough to keep up with the installments due on all these new labor-saving gadgets that Dr. Mead talks about, he may find himself too tired even to read the comic strips, to say nothing about chatting in an entertaining fashion about Ming pottery, existential philosophy, early Irish paleography and the finer things of life in general.

Ambassador To Britain

In appointing O. Max Gardner, Undersecretary of the Treasury, as this country's Ambassador to Great Britain, President Truman has made a move which should win general approbation. Although at the very top rung of the American diplomatic ladder, the post is not one which, if precedent is any guide, calls for special diplomatic training. The best American Ambassadors at London have been men who combined a natural gift for diplomacy, broad understanding of political and economic issues based on varied and executive experience in public affairs, common sense, and ability to get along with people of all stations and classes. Mr. Gardner possesses these qualities. He made an excellent record as Governor of North Carolina, he has been high in the councils of his party during two Administrations, he has proved to be a very able Treasury official. There is one aspect of his record which will especially commend him to the British. A North Carolinian, he was a friend and disciple of the late Walter Hines Page, one of the most beloved of American Ambassadors to Great Britain.



Letters To The Editor

Trusteeship Policy

The question of the trusteeship agreements now before the United Nations Council on "trusteeship" does not seem to be receiving the impartial opinions and decisions it deserves. This matter, I daresay, is of vital importance not only to the large majority of our human society comprising the bulk of dependent nations but to the American peoples as a whole whose resources in wealth and men will be inevitably called upon to wage another "holy crusade" in not too far a future should the members of the Council allow territorial greed and imperialistic sentiments to sway over their better judgments.

Thus far a progressive view has been taken by the Council on the fate of millions in the mandated territories but no definite or satisfactory decision or even honest discussion has been given to the several millions of people under the grip of colonies and protectorates.

Africa, perhaps, is a very good illustration on hand; large sections of comparatively advanced groups are yet under what is described as protectorates. A typical example is Nigeria in British West Africa with a population of some 25 million or more. This section is seething with dissatisfaction and nationalism and is struggling for self-determination under a strong iron clutch of imperialism. It does seem a challenge to all Christian and liberty loving peoples of the world if a fair chance cannot be given these teeming millions in our contemporary society.

If the main criteria before the trusteeship Council are peace and legitimate development of these dependent nations toward self-government, I see no reason for not bringing most, if not all, of the territories now termed colonies and protectorates, under the trusteeship policy. I think that the American peoples should demand that the United Nations send a delegation consisting of experts and impartial observers to these territories and submit their findings before the world Council.

If peace is worth anything, money and labor should not be the question at issue. To ignore this step and blindly relegate the future of several millions of dependent people who have fought so gallantly and sacrificed very generously to the Allied cause with hopes for a better future and full confidence in the accepted principles of Christian justice, will be tantamount to betrayal and loss of faith. Indeed, democratic governments should have failed themselves should they have NWANKWO CHUKWUEMEKA, Vice President, African Students Association of the United States and Canada.

"Bull In A China Shop"

The editorial of November 25, "Bull In A China Shop," raises some interesting questions. Proposals by members of the former Truman Committee to investigate our military government in Germany are severely condemned on the grounds that making public possible deleterious behavior and administration in Germany would "damage our prestige in Germany and prejudice our negotiations in Germany." Although *The Post* maintains that in general "maximum publicity" is the best way to keep down abuses "and promote efficiency" in this instance possible abuses should go unnoticed because of diplomatic necessities and danger of losing prestige. (I wonder if our prestige is so great at present in Germany as this fear implies.)

Communications must be addressed to the editor and must carry the complete name and address of the writer, though pen names will be permitted at the editor's discretion. Letters of less than 200 words will be given preference, and all letters are subject to condensation. Contributors are limited to one letter a month. No communication can be returned.

military policy in Germany is a matter outside the proper concern of the public. Repressed complaints and rumors of mismanagement without opportunities for hearings in defense of accusations might do considerable damage to the prestige of the United States policy at home.

In a democracy I trust that public support (unfortunately for the diplomats) is as necessary for success as prestige abroad. Walter Lippman's realistic discussion of disarmament policy leads me to suspect that foreign governments already know far more about United States Government in Germany than the American public. Although *The Post* editorial uses the plea for diplomatic secrecy sincerely, this excuse has often been used to block troublesome criticism.

SANDRA SAUNDERS, Chapel Hill, N. C.

Army-Navy Game

In listening to the Army-Navy game on November 30 many memories came back to me.

I am one of the survivors of the class of 1892, so of course as a cadet saw the first game in 1890 which incidentally was the first game ever played at West Point. It terminated in a 21-0 victory for the Navy. The game in 1891 was played at Annapolis and gave a 21-0 victory for the Army.

In 1891 Dennis Michie, a classmate of mine, and a son of Prof. F. L. Michie of the USMA, captained the Navy team.

Adams of '92 played center in both games and I believe is still alive. General Kutz, who now lives in Washington, of the class of '93, played in one or both games as a halfback. William Barden, still living in Washington, played end in one or both of the games. Butler Ames, a relative of Gen. Benjamin Butler, played end.

As I listened I felt proud of both the teams. All of us who listened admired both their skill and courage. Of course, as an Army man I was glad of the Army victory, only I am not sure that the better team won.

J. P. JERNEY, Brig. Gen., USA (Retired), Washington.

Lincoln And The Constitution

My old Tennessee friend, Col. Wade H. Cooper, in his letter to *The Post* of November 29, replying to my letter of the twenty-sixth, gives voice to the strangest doctrine that ever came from the mind of a sensible person, when he says: "It would seem that the Constitution and the Government were interdependent." This proposition needs only to be stated to show its fallacy. Wherein is the creator ever dependent on his creation?

Amplifying this fallacy, Colonel Cooper says: "Without the Constitution the Government could not exist and vice versa." I am sure he knows better than that. The Constitution always precedes the Government it creates. It establishes the metes and bounds within which the Government operates. The Government nowhere defines the terms of the Constitution. It is the servant of the Constitution.

In concluding his earth-shaking opinion, Colonel Cooper seeks to shut me up with this statement: "Indeed, Mr. Lincoln understood and fought to preserve the Constitution." I find no such fact in his life or in the history of his Presidency. It is in none of his messages to the Congress; it is not in the Gettysburg Address. He fought to save the Union! Some say he fought to destroy slavery.

If it be true that Mr. Lincoln understood the Constitution, then his acts are not to be explained in the light of that knowledge. Chief Justice Taney said that his proclamations following the attack on Fort Sumter—"the blockade of the ports from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, the enlistment of forces in the Army and Navy, and orders for the enforcement of martial law and the suspension of habeas corpus"—were each and every one "a declaration of war." He was joined in that opinion by the jurists of Great Britain and France.

Now the Constitution places the awful power to do these things in the hands of the Congress; and I for one, am unwilling to believe that if Mr. Lincoln understood the Constitution, he would not, at the very outset of his Presidency, have overridden the Constitution and usurped the delegated powers of the Congress.

In his first inaugural he advanced the unique doctrine that the Chicago platform was "a law to those who nominated and elected me, and to me." This drew from the celebrated lawyer and statesman, Jeremiah S. Black, a remark that smacks of contempt, when he asked what must the people think of a President who took his law

from a political platform and not from the Constitution. I cannot believe that if Mr. Lincoln understood the Constitution, he would have made such an untenable statement.

From another noted man of that period—he was an intimate friend of Lincoln—we learn that "the fact which elevated President Lincoln into power had completely emancipated itself from all the trammels of the Constitution and the laws, as well as from all judicial decisions, and stood before the world an absolutely free majority. Hence, in his first inaugural address, he coolly announced the naked proposition, that the majority must submit to the minority, or the minority to the majority; just as if the question of submission to the Constitution and the laws were an obsolete function of defunct parties."

I have too much regard for the fair fame of Mr. Lincoln to believe that if he understood the Constitution, he would have fallen into this error. The great question of questions that shook the Constitutional Convention almost to destruction was the protection of minorities, and even a tyrant in constitutional history knows that all the checks and balances in our Constitution came as a result of that tempest. But Mr. Lincoln did not know that. He had never read a history of the Constitution.

In 1863, in his instructions to General Schofield, in command of the Military District of Missouri, President Lincoln says: "No person in the service of the United States shall assist in returning fugitive slaves to their masters." Now, if he had been acquainted with the Constitution, he would have known that that venerable instrument said: "No person held in service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another, shall, in consequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from service or labor; but shall be delivered up on claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due."

Mr. John L. Lewis, who was the subject of my letter which Colonel Cooper assails, is but following the pattern set him by President Lincoln. He, too, does not understand that the Constitution is the supreme law of the land—above any and all laws passed by the Congress—and that when he defies the Government, as he has done, he is threatening this country with civil war.

DAVID RANKIN BARBER, Washington.

Jingoism or Pacifism

By Malvina Lindsay

Glorifying War

MANY OLDER people of today left school with the impression that one American gloriously licked at least 10 foreigners in all past wars, and could easily do so again. Many younger ones came out of high school or college in cynical revelation against all war—then had to face fascism's "blood and iron" hordes.

How should today's youth be taught to regard war and peace? This is a foremost question at the Paris conference of UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization). Delegates have demanded that the world's schools stress international cooperation, eliminate nationalistic bias in textbooks. American Delegate William C. Carr has proposed that UNESCO examine whether member nations are glorifying war in their schools, or realistically depicting its sufferings.

But recently an American general warned that, in view of the world's terrible new weapons, and its lack of progress toward peace, America would need to indoctrinate its children in nationalism for the next 50 years.

Meanwhile, a committee on international relations of the National Education Association has asked suggestions from 200 prominent Americans as a first step in the study it is making on: What should American school children be taught about international affairs?

WAR HAS never been glorified in American schools in anything like the Nazi and Fascist manner. In fact, many of the old readers, which had such wide influence on the public mind, gave the subject realistic treatment. Old Kasper's famous phrase, "But 'twas a famous victory," that he kept repeating in *The Battle of Blenheim*, to little Peterkin, who had found a skull unscathed by a blow, gave many a school child his first doubts about military glory. Nor did *The Night Before Waterloo*, or *The Charge of the Light Brigade*, gloss over war's tragedy.

However, much past school history was largely a recital of America's military achievements and its heroes' exploits, and gave little attention to social, cultural and economic development. Much anti-British feeling in this country dates back to gloating school room treatment of the Revolution. A more constructive trend in history teaching started around 1915. In the 1920's the debunking of war got under way. This carried through the 1930's and produced the student pacifist movement—which, many believe, handicapped American preparation for the last war.

Some educators are now decrying what they call the flabby sentimentality and blindness that made America produce a generation of peace-minded children, while the rest of the world was arming. Others maintain that the mistake was not in debunking war, but in failing to develop responsibility for an alternative to it.

DEFENDERS of the teaching of the 1930's maintain that many former student peace leaders made exceptionally good soldiers because they knew what they were fighting for. Training in blind, goose-stepping patriotism, they say, doesn't develop responsible fighters in the American tradition.

As to teaching emotional, adolescent nationalism—and its complete mangle—and its point out that no one can win with that. Another war would be largely one for survival of civilians, with neither side being able to boast, "But 'twas a famous victory." Aggressive nationalism is as sentimental an answer to the new mass killing weapons as pacifism was in the 1930's to a rising Hitler.

Middle of the road educators say a way must be found to teach children both the realities of war and their responsibility to forestall it. The trend now is to teach the importance of world cooperation, and to awaken interest in the United Nations. But many educators are wary of being too idealistic about this. They don't want students to ditch their own responsibility for peace entirely on the U. N., but rather to realize that if it fails, the problem is back on their own doorstep. These educators also recognize that nationalism has its value, that it is a halfway station between provinciality and one world living. They would recognize the need to cherish and defend the best of the American heritage, yet also seek zealously the cooperation of other nations in bringing about the next step toward a unified world—the prevention of war.

Plain People

I have just read "The Plain People" by H. Green Thum, written by Dieter Cunz in Sunday's editorial section. Having been born to and reared in an Amish family, I am particularly about the accuracy of facts that are published from time to time in the various newspapers or magazines. This article is one of the most accurate I have come across. About the "blue gate legend," I was pleased to read that Professor Cunz was careful to inform the reader that the Amish deny that story. He is correct. The tale is not only untrue (not so).

The facts are simply presented without being hampered by a pretentious air or by personal opinion. Orchids are in order for Professor Cunz for keen logic (and for telling the truth). RUBY MILLER, Washington.

Job For Congress

It is civil war! John L. Lewis versus Uncle Sam. A few of us versus all of us. Congress should be summoned at once!

DELCEVARE KING, Quincy, Mass.

By Walter Lippmann

On Dealing With Franco

IT IS QUITE true that the Franco regime will not disappear just because the United Nations adopt the resolution offered by this Government. But it is no less true that the Franco regime will not disappear if this did not break off diplomatic relations with Spain. The difference between the two policies is not that one is merely verbal and the other is effective. Each of the proposals is only a first step. It is only when we visualize the next steps that the real difference can be understood.

IF OUR first step is to break diplomatic relations, then our second step—if Franco remains—would have to be a rupture of economic relations—a refusal to trade with Spain. If this did not work, the next step would have to be a blockade. The next step after that would have to be the creation of a Spanish government supported by troops of the United Nations.

Now it would be a great mistake to take the first step on this path unless we are all united and prepared to take all the others. If we were united and prepared to take all of them then later perhaps—though even that is not certain—Franco would be forced out at some point in the series of steps. But if we are not united and prepared to take the whole series of steps, then to take the first one or the second, and no more, would almost certainly be as ineffective as were the actions of the League of Nations against Japan and against Mussolini.

Experience has demonstrated again and again that measures "short of war" do not work unless those who employ them are ready and willing to go to war. Since we do not mean to go to war with Spain, let us not take any of the steps which are significant only if they could lead to war. Let us not start something we do not mean to finish.

THE PROPOSAL of the United States is a first step on a quite

different path. It is an offer of assistance to the Spanish people in the exceedingly difficult and dangerous task, which they alone can perform, of removing a usurper and restoring legitimate government. The next step, which may already be prepared, would be a pact of union among the leading parties in Spain—of all the parties except the diehards of the extreme right who are involved with Franco and the irreconcilables of the extreme left. The union of the parties inside Spain would have to rest on the principle of restoring legitimate government, excluding reprisals, granting amnesty, and protecting the individual rights and the established interests which were lawful in Spain before Franco usurped power with the help of Hitler and Mussolini.

WITH SUCH an agreement inside Spain, and a corresponding agreement among Spaniards in exile, the next step would almost certainly have to be an agreement with the Spanish army to remove Franco and to protect the provisional government.

For this mediation may be required. But the mediator must be acceptable to the Spanish people. The United Nations as a whole cannot mediate between the legitimate Spanish parties and the Spanish army. No one of the great powers—not Britain, not France, not the United States, not the Soviet Union—is qualified to mediate. All will be suspect because all are now engaged in a world-wide conflict of power. The acceptable mediator is any—must be governments which cannot be accused of using mediation to intervene for the purpose of controlling the destinies of Spain.

THE OBVIOUS mediators would appear to be the Latin-American republics—individually or jointly. They cannot be suspected of having designs upon the independence of Spain. They speak not only the same language of the Spanish people but the language of Spanish civilization. Their friendliness cannot be doubted. They are not aliens of a different culture, and the honor and dignity of all things Spanish is inseparable from their own honor and dignity.

The Federal Diary

By Jerry Klutz

Biological War Employees Prefer Military Rating

DID YOU KNOW—THAT the lack of security for Civil Service workers is threatening the progress of our vital preparedness plans? For example, that employees in the Army's super-secret biological warfare laboratories—one is at nearby Frederick, Md.—are protesting because their jobs were converted from military to civilian. Their opposition, admittedly, points up this weakness in the civilian system.

These employees have developed the world's most deadly germs and they could turn them into a weapon potentially far more devastating than the atomic bomb. Their lives are constantly at stake, and every safeguard must be taken daily to protect themselves from disease and death.

An Army mislaid man or officer who dies or is injured in such hazardous work is well cared for, free hospitalization, medical care, cheap insurance, free burial, etc. In contrast, the Civil Service employee who risks his life in the same work is given the minimum of protection, almost nothing in comparison.

THAT people do the damndest things? Like the Midwest girl who, in filling out an application for a Civil Service job, wrote this answer to the question which asked her sex: "YES, ONCE IN OKLAHOMA."

THAT the State Department, of all places, is now one of the Government's leading public works agencies? It has a big dam-building and flood-control program on the Rio Grande River, and it's acquiring many embassies and stations abroad.

THAT John P. Monroe, the lobbyist who gained wide notoriety for his house on R street and OPA charges against him, is back in business here? He operates from the former Turkish Embassy in the 1700 block of N. st. nw. His concern is Advice, Inc.

THAT several employees of Treasury's Bureau of Engraving and Printing have been infected with a strange kind of ink poisoning that develops into a skin disease? Public Health Service doctors are investigating.

THAT I once read a then-secret report which said the filing system in the White House was "antiquated and grating," that it hadn't been changed since 1906, and that it was easily possible to find the most confidential material in the open files?

THE report said that frequent attempts had been made to modernize the system, that outside experts had been brought in and suggestions made, but that the White House employees let the outsiders "have their fun" and they'd go back to the old system when they left.

THAT the only respect I ever had

for the Communists—their organizing ability—has been badly shattered? It came about in this way: during my exposure of the extreme leftwing acts of CIO's United Public Workers, I was urged to lead a fight to get an avowed Communist reinstated to her job in the State Department. I was the victim of mistaken identity of the red-faced Reds.

THAT the House Appropriations Committee soon will lose two of its ablest staff members? John Pugh, the committee clerk, is planning to retire after 35 years of hard work and loyal service for Uncle Sam. And Jack McFall, who was once slated to be his successor, will join the diplomatic service. The GOP control of the House had nothing whatever to do with the decision of either man. The Republicans would be delighted to keep them both.

THAT Agriculture's of Animal Industry has developed a new method for tattooing hogs? The method is painless to the hog and it's so effective that the marks are clear on the hog's carcass after he has been through the slaughterhouse.

THAT I'm on my way to Arizona for the health of my wife and three sons. I won't return for several weeks, probably around February 1, and I'd like you to help keep The Federal Diary going while I'm away.

In every Federal agency there is a gold mine of little-known information. It's made interesting—an unusual job, an interesting employee, a humorous incident, or forgotten historical data—like some of the items above and others in similar columns to follow.

Merely write down the bare facts and mail them to me as either: c/o The 76 Ranch, Bonita, Ariz., or, in the case of this newspaper, be sure and address your letters to me. To help you think, The Post will give four \$25 saving bonds for the best four stories received before January 1, and I will serve as Judge. All material received will be the property of The Post, and none of it will be returned.

'Human Sausage' Black Market Murders Charged

Budapest, Dec. 4 (AP)—Police disclosed today seven persons have been arrested in a weird inquiry in which a gang of former German SS men is charged with killing 12 persons and utilizing their flesh for sausage sold in black market.

Two policemen were said to be among the victims of the gang and two detectives investigating the ring just escaped ambush and a similar fate.

Police said all seven persons arrested confessed. One report said 80 persons, including five women, had been linked to the gang.

Oil Firm to Pay Bonus

New York, Dec. 4 (AP)—Tide Water Associated Oil Co. today announced all employees, except vessel personnel and casual employees, would receive a "cost of living" bonus equal to one week's base compensation.

Off The Record

By Ed Reed



Washington Calling

By Marquis Childs

Nationalism In Atomic Energy

RECENTLY in this column was told the story of how the United States' supply of thorium, a valuable element in the process of atomic fission, was shut off by the fiat of an Indian Maharajah. The order shutting off America's supply of thorium from India came after the United States had refused a British request for atomic bombs.

Further facts that have come to light make this episode seem even more revealing. Both British and American authorities deny that the ban on thorium from India is a deliberate retaliation. Nevertheless, it has the look of a reprisal.

The thorium that has been used by the Manhattan Project in the production of atomic energy comes from a mineral known as monazite sand. Monazite sand contains 27 other different kinds of rare materials essential to industry. In past years the United States has imported about two thirds of its required supply of monazite sand from the state of Travancore in India, and one third from Brazil.

Last April the three American firms importing monazite sand for refining in this country were told that they would not be allowed to get any more of the product from Travancore. This meant the end of a source of essential American industry if the ban was to be permanent. Incidentally, the products derived from monazite sand are even more important to industry in war than in peace.

THE LEADING importer and refiner is the Lindsay Light & Chemical Co. of Chicago. Charles R. Lindsay, head of the company, went immediately to London. There, he came up against a blank wall.

Lindsay was told politely that, since Travancore was an independent state, there was little that the British government could do about the ban. The maharajah, he was told, wanted to develop industry in his own country instead of being merely a supplier of raw materials.

Returning to this country, Lindsay sought help in Washington. He had the backing of the other two firms dealing with this rare material—one in Maywood, N. J., and the other in Brooklyn.

Illegitimate Birth Rate High Among Youths

Of approximately 83,000 illegitimate births reported annually in the United States, 75 per cent involve girls between the ages of 15 and 24 years, Dr. Dorothy B. Ferebee of the Howard University medical staff told the second annual Health Education Institute for Ministers at the university yesterday.

Turning to District figures, Dr. Ferebee said that of 1776 illegitimate births reported here in 1944, 480 were white and 1296 Negro. Of all Negro births reported here, 20 per cent are illegitimate, she said. Of all white births reported, 2.8 per cent are illegitimate, she added.

Dr. Ferebee closed her remarks with a plea for establishment of community facilities to care for unmarried Negro mothers. She said that there is no public facility available now, and that only one small private facility exists.

Dr. George C. Ruhland, District health officer, told the meeting of plans for cancer control service here. He also pointed out that the District's death rate has fallen 32 per cent in the last 10 years.

The Rev. Francis W. McPeck, resigning director of the social welfare department, Washington Federation of Churches, declared that ministers should tell their congregations that personal health is a duty to God.

He also urged ministers to encourage "middle income" persons to participate in voluntary health insurance plans. "If voluntary health insurance plans do not succeed, then compulsory health insurance should be enacted by Congress without delay," he added.

Yesterday's session closed the three-day meeting of the institute.

Lindsay entered into correspondence with Canada's Minister of Supply, C. D. Howe, suggesting that if empire preference and the need for dollars was the issue, he would be willing to consider building a refining plant in Canada. Howe took the matter up with London. Later he sent word to Lindsay that Lord Portal, chairman of the British Atomic Energy Committee, had said nothing could be done at present.

From firms he has dealt with in England in the past, Lindsay has had the more or less plain intimation that if Americans want the products derived from monazite sand, they will henceforth have to get them from Great Britain. Perhaps, one letter suggested, orders for next year would be considered, although that was not certain since the demand was already so great.

NO MONAZITE sand has come into this country from India since March. Reserves are being rapidly depleted. Derivatives of monazite sand are essential to the motion picture industry. They are essential in electronics, radar and radio. Thorium is vital to certain industrial processes quite apart from its use in atomic fission.

British officials here do not talk about the thorium dispute. They simply say that it has no connection with any action taken by the United States in connection with atomic energy.

They do, however, remind the American inquirer that we have a law which prohibits the export of any fissionable material except under license. This is a provision of the law, adopted by the last Congress, covering control of atomic energy. Perhaps, it is gently intimated, the Maharajah of Travancore may have read this law. He may feel the same way about the export of thorium from his country.

That is where the matter stands today. If there are no imports from India by February or March, the entire film industry will gradually come to a standstill.

This, of course, is minor compared to the larger meaning that the episode may have. It suggests a pattern of fierce nationalistic competition in the field of atomic energy. We cannot assume too noble a pose in all this. Our monopoly of the new power inspires fear, suspicion, jealousy and hatred throughout the world. It makes for the kind of atomic armaments race that is certain to bring disaster, and the shadow of that disaster is already upon us.

Alexandrian Gets Job to Remodel School as VD Unit

An Alexandria contractor yesterday gave the Commissioners the lowest of five bids submitted for remodeling the Toner School into a rapid-treatment center for venereal diseases.

Norman C. Rogers of 707 S. Pitt st., Alexandria, offered to do the job—to be financed by both United States Public Health Service and District funds—for \$59,850.

The building, last used as a school six years ago, will be the city's second rapid-treatment center. It will help alleviate overcrowded conditions at the Gallinger Hospital venereal disease center.

The school building at 24th and I sts. nw., will be ready for occupancy in two or three months, Health Department officials estimated last night.

Shorthorn Wins

Chicago, Dec. 4 (AP)—H. L. Straus, Reisterstown, Md., cattleman, won several blue ribbons in competition for polled Shorthorns at the International Livestock Exposition today.

Straus was first in the class for a champion pair, male and female, bred and owned by the exhibitor. He placed both first and second in the class for two females bred and owned by the exhibitor. He was first again in the class for yearling pair, male and female, owned by the exhibitor, and took both first and second in the class for pairs of calves, male and female, bred and owned by the exhibitor.

The Maryland herd then won a silver trophy for Straus in the class for the best 10 head of polled Shorthorns.

Plan For Germany

By Barnet Nover

Half-Way Back To Potsdam

IF THE CALCULATIONS of the men who drew up the agreement for the economic unification of the British and American zones in Germany are correct, the combined region, roughly half of the Reich, will be self-sufficient by the end of 1949.

By that time, it is hoped, the volume of exports from the two zones should be sufficient to pay for essential imports of food and raw materials.

Up to now the United States and Great Britain have paid for such imports out of their own pockets. The cost to the American taxpayer during the past year has been in excess of 200 million dollars. The bill for the food we have had to bring into our sector in Berlin alone has been in the vicinity of 60 million dollars.

The burden which Great Britain has had to assume in keeping the population of their zone fed and supplied with minimum imports of raw materials has been twice ours.

Yet these expenditures have, at most, had only a palliative effect. As long as the terms of the Potsdam agreement are honored only in the breach, as long as Germany remains divided into zones sealed off from one another, she will continue to be an economic burden to the western Allies and particularly Great Britain and the United States.

REPEATED efforts to get France and Russia to join with the other occupying powers in breaking down the economic barriers inside the Reich have failed. Great Britain and the United States have now acted alone.

They have done so in the hope that through the pooling of the resources to be found in their two zones a great financial burden now being borne by the American and British taxpayers will be lifted and further disintegration of German economy will be arrested.

Unification should also, in the long run, mean an improved ration for the 40 million people in the British and American zones. This ration—1550 calories daily—is barely enough to keep body and soul together. Indeed, a report issued by American Military Government headquarters in Berlin states that "Physical deterioration from slow starvation has begun." The hope now is to raise the daily ration level to 1800 calories.

The unification plan is also motivated by the belief that with the British and American zones economically united it will prove far more advantageous to Russia and France to fall in line with the plans of Washington and London rather than continue their present policy of aloofness.

THE FRENCH POSITION has been that not having been a signatory to the Potsdam agreement they are neither legally nor morally bound by its terms. They

have insisted that the minimum price for their participation in any unification scheme must be the separation of the Rhineland and Saar from Germany and the internationalization of the Ruhr. With respect to most of this program, the French are opposed by the British, the Russians and the Americans although, at Stuttgart, Secretary Byrnes declared himself as in favor of the economic incorporation of the Saar in the French system.

Whether the new French government will emerge from the present confused political maneuverings in Paris will abandon this policy for one of cooperation with the other western powers remains to be seen.

UNLIKE FRANCE, Russia is a signatory to the Potsdam agreement. However, during the past year she has shown no disposition to live up to the pact's clearly expressed provisions regarding economic unification.

From the beginning, Russia has insisted on playing a lone hand. But this policy, while profitable at first, is no longer paying dividends.

The fact is that, so far as the Soviet Union is concerned, the German war has begun to run dry and this at a time when Russia's thirst has grown for products which German industry might supply and which Russia cannot turn out in sufficient quantities to meet the vast needs of the war-battered people of the USSR.

SINCE LAST JULY when Russia's over-all policy toward Germany made a right-about-face, the unification of the Russian and the Anglo-American zones in Germany has been a possibility. But the price which Russia asked has been far greater than London and Washington have been willing to pay.

Russia has demanded that she be paid 10 billion dollars in reparations, much of it to come out of Germany's current production. Were this demand satisfied it would mean postponing indefinitely the program favored by Great Britain and the United States of paying for Germany's necessary imports by German exports.

The alternative possibility would be to permit German production to reach so high a level that payments both on reparations account and for imports would be possible. That would mean reviving Germany's war making capacity.

Even the more modest plan we have just initiated will mean an additional expenditure by Great Britain and the United States of a billion dollars. To satisfy Russia's demands would add considerably to that burden.

However, the unification of the Russian with the British and American zones would, by hastening the day of self-sufficiency for Germany, mean, in the long run, a net reduction in the cost of the occupation to the western powers. It may be worth while, on that account, to satisfy part of the Russian claim to reparations out of a current production. But whether Russia would be satisfied with half a loaf or a quarter of a loaf is not at all clear.

LEONARD LYONS Loose-Leaf Notebook

New York, Dec. 4.—Another defendant in the Nickel-Merger case—expected to turn State's evidence. He's telling his story to the grand jury now, and probably will testify for the prosecution. Summer Welles is leaving for a tour of Europe. . . . When Florentino LaGuardia retires as head of the UNRRA next month he will devote the free time to the completion of his book. . . . Republican leaders now planning legislative moves for the new Congress are agreed that the much discussed 20 per cent cut in income taxes for next year is impractical, and it, therefore, will not come to pass in 1947.

Moss Hart's valet, Charles—to whom the playwright is a hero—is one of the backers of Hart's new show, "Christopher Blake." . . . Monday night in the Stork Club. Ernest Hemingway met Ingrid Bergman, the "Maria" of the film adaptation of his story, "For Whom the Bells Toll," and told her that he saw the movie in eight instalments. Hemingway saw it two reels at a time, in different movie theaters here and in Europe. . . . When Pat O'Brien arrived in Rome for his audience at the Vatican, the sister of the Queen of Egypt was removed from her suite at the Hotel Grand to make room for the screen star and his wife.

Elliott Roosevelt's friends were startled by his denial of the Newsweek story, a denial in which he said that he would not comment on statements made privately at a private party, and which were off the record. Elliott's book, "As He Saw It," is a report of statements made privately and at confidential sessions. . . . Secretary of the Interior Krug and Ernest Gruening, Governor of Alaska, are discussing a project for establishing a paper industry in Alaska, to be financed with RFC funds.

De Beers, the diamond monopolist, has entered a fantastic bid for the Rhodesia mine discovered by the Canadian geologist, Dr. J. T. Wilkinson. De Beers wants to buy the mine and close it to preserve the market prices. Dr. Wilkinson presented a 20 per cent interest in the new mine to his brother, a wounded war veteran, and 1 per cent to a Canadian friend.

At the Carnival Saturday night Milton Berle introduced "Mrs. Bob Waterfield," wife of the pro football star. There was no applause until Berle further identified her "Julie Russell." . . . One of Floyd Odlum's business associates tells of the day Odlum came home and told his wife, Aviatrice Jacqueline Cochran, "Darling, I bought you a new plane today." And one of the house guests said: "I guess all the flower shops were closed."

Albert D. Lasker has been spending his Saturday afternoons these past few months at the shop of an art dealer, to whom he finally apologized: "I feel funny, coming here and just looking at the paintings without buying one." . . . "Oh, that's quite all right," the art dealer assured him. "I wish I had a thousand like you." . . . "Why do you say that?" asked Lasker. . . . "I merely was repeating something told by another art dealer, who also was visited each week by a man who looked at the paintings but never bought one," said the dealer. "He told the visitor 'I wish I had a thousand like you,' and when the man said: 'How could you live, if you had a thousand like me?' and the dealer explained: 'I got 5000 like you.'"

England's Minister to Panama, Greenway, visited Leonora Corbett and told of his new post, where he will supervise 100,000 Jamaicans. "I'm anxious to get there and see aoodoo doctor," he said. "A few years ago I decided that neither hair tonics nor ointment could restore my hair. Now, only a voodoo doctor can do it." . . . Arthur Rank, Britain's foremost movie man, said that the British Broadcasting Co. is the movies' best friend. . . . Because the BBC has driven more people into the cinema than has anything else. . . . Ruth

Thursday, December 5, 1946

Grin and Bear It

By Liteby



Nelson B. Bell About the Showshops

Film Factories Battle For Premiere One Size Larger Than Ringling

THE CINEMA, in a manner of speaking is itself again. For five long years the spectacular hullabaloo of the "Hollywood premiere" was unknown in the land. Now, with the only remnants of the war confining themselves to the U. N. conferences, "first nights" are breaking out all over the place.

Wherever they erupt, if of sufficient magnitude and magnificence, these Babylonian war inaugurals of important pictures still are known as "Hollywood premieres" and unfailingly rock the film industry, and as many innocent bystanders as can crowd around, momentarily back on their heels.

The most prodigious event of its kind in the history of the motion picture, of course, was the recent premiere of the Twentieth Century-Fox camera version of Somerset Maugham's "The Razor's Edge," at the Roxy Theater in New York. One like that comes along no oftener than once in a generation—a lifetime, maybe—but that has not deterred the boys back on the West Coast. They have all raised their sights and are shooting at the same target.

Take Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer and "The Yearling," their leading entry in the race for this year's Academy Award, for example. Longer than the war in reaching the "cease shooting" stage, this filming of the Marjorie Kinnan Rawlings story of the Florida brush country will be given a "charity world premiere-advance" at the Carthay Circle Theater, Los Angeles, on Wednesday night, December 18, "marking the return to Hollywood of the traditional world premiere color and glamour for the first time since the prewar era."

For the charity aspect of the premiere, being sponsored by the Assistance League of Southern California, seats will be priced at a flat \$5, all proceeds to be used by the League to help all United States Navy libraries in the Pacific with books.

Starring Gregory Peck and Jane Wyman, directed by Clarence Brown and produced by Sidney Franklin—distinguished auspices—"The Yearling" will be the first picture road shown by M-G-M since "Gone With the Wind," and the first in film history to start a regular West Coast run before going into New York's Radio City Music Hall.

Cause for a Kick. One suspects that Frank Capra, William Wyler, George Stevens and Executive Producer Samuel J. Briskin, who comprise the new Liberty Films Co., won't like M-G-M's "for the first time since the prewar era" too much.

Also from Hollywood, Liberty announces that "the most elaborate and star-studded ceremony to be held in Hollywood since the war" is being planned to launch its first postwar production, Frank Capra's "It's a Wonderful Life."

This will come off next Monday night in the form of a dinner and presentation showing at the Ambassador Hotel to which will be invited all the stars and players who have appeared in films produced and directed by the above named gentlemen. The guest list reads like Hollywood's "Who's Who." Perhaps that's what it is.

This is the picture that stars James Stewart, not seen on the screen since his discharge from the AAF, and Donna Reed. It is slated for national release on January 30, but, like "The Yearling," will beat the gun by opening a Los Angeles pre-release run at two theaters on Christmas Day.

You can see for yourself how epidemic the thing is becoming. On the other side of the scene a slightly drastic situation is making itself felt in Hollywood. An almost wartime secrecy prevails in all the major studios with regard to their "location" shootings in the Los Angeles area. This is to avoid picketing of picture units working outside the studio lots. It is being grappled around that the labor dispute that has been raging for weeks in Hollywood has interrupted production more than the producing companies are willing to admit, and more and more film-

Will wonders never cease! Here is a musical review coming along for free, with the public invited. It is the "Gay Nineties Review," to be presented by the Interior Players tomorrow night in the South Interior Building. It has been rigged up in the form of prologue and half a dozen skits that promise variety, frolic and fun. And gratis, mind you.

For the benefit of short memories, tonight is the night and 8:30 the hour when the Mount Vernon Players will inaugurate the two-week run of "Lysistrata '47," in Undercroft Auditorium, 900 Massachusetts ave. nw. This is the original comedy-with-music version of the Aristophanes play contrived by Director Edward Mangum and Albert Berkowitz. The Greek script has been converted into a modern satire with gay music and lyrics.

Signs-of-the-Times Note. If the cops aren't looking, you might care to heed the admonition of the double-feature billing on the current marquee at the Pix Theater: "MISTER V" "FOLLOW THAT WOMAN"

Teach yourself winning Contract Bridge... enjoy while you learn. Culbertson's Self-Teaching Book.

Gordon's "Years Ago" is the first autobiographic play in history. George S. Kaufman told here: "This is the only play over which there cannot possibly be a suit for plagiarism."

KING OF THE ROYAL MOUNTED

REACTION

EFFECTS

FUEL

A Wyatt aide last night said the stand by Mr. Truman was this: Wyatt could not "go along with



FOREIGN

F at 13th

NOW . . . Dec

ers Open 10:15

FREE

Although thousands of pickets massed in the downtown streets, often shoulder to shoulder before the two struck stores, the Retail Merchants Association said its member stores would continue open for business.

pute with the AFL. It is our intention to recommend an immediate cause of action to our membership."

Misery of Head **Colds-Asthma**
Relief begins in ten minutes
or double your money back
These colds, sinusitis and wheezing or asthma
and cold makes you feel miserable. Doctors
prescribe among the fastest-acting medicines
for symptomatic relief—medicine like that in
tablets. No oily nose drops, no larvae. No
bring comfort in a jiffy or double your money

FREE! PUBLIC EXHIBITION!

Today Washington Will SEE AND THRILL TO "BESS"...

THE HORSE WITH THE HUMAN MIND *In Person*



HERE ARE JUST A FEW OF THE AMAZING TRICKS!

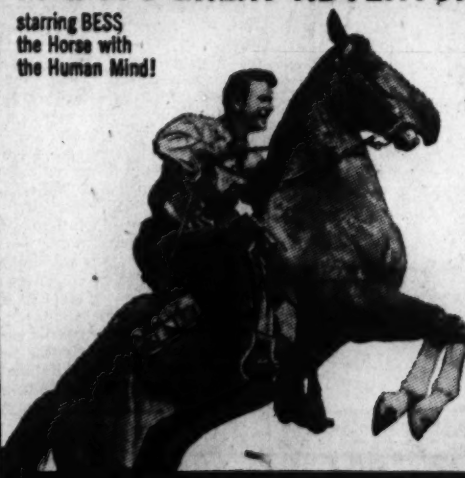
Bess will present the keys to the city
Bess will sign her autograph with a pencil
Bess will tell time accurately by your watch
Bess will open doors that are latched
Bess will count the people greeting her
Bess will do a koochy-koochy dance
Bess will hug and kiss those she likes

Bess will untie shoelaces with her teeth
Bess will reply "Yes" or "No" to queries
Bess will perform positions of a show horse
Bess will march like a soldier
Bess will put out the lights, pull up her
blanket, go to bed
Bess will do many other amazing stunts

AND THEN SEE!

M-G-M's GREAT ADVENTURE IN ACTION COLOR!

starring BESS
the Horse with
the Human Mind!



**The boy who loves
Gilbert and Sullivan**



The big-listed and faithful friend



Gallant Bess swims out to a ship at sea to join her wounded master!

GALLANT BESS

MARSHALL THOMPSON · GEORGE TOBIAS · CLEM BEVANS AND "BESS"
PHOTOGRAPHED IN NATURAL COLOR BY THE PINECOLOR PROCESS

LEWIS CARROLL

LOEW'S CAPITOL

100

LOEW'S PALACE

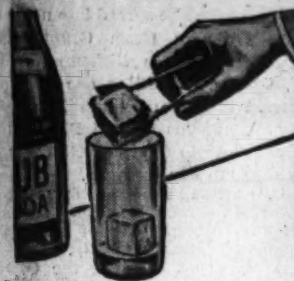
F at 13th

NOW . . . Doors Open 10:15

LOEW'S CAPITOL

**New Many Wear
FALSE TEETH
With Little Worry**

Don't talk, laugh or sneeze without fear of insecure false teeth dropping, slipping or wobbling. PASTETH holds plates firmer and more comfortably. This pleasant powder has no gummy, sticky, pasty taste or feeling. Doesn't cause nausea. It's Alkaline (non-acid). Checks "plate odor" (denture breath). Get PASTETH at any drug store.



Yes, it's a
BETTER DRINK
when I chill it
with these pure
CRYSTAL-CLEAR



Better bars and restaurants use American Ice cubes, made of precision-filtered, air-freed water. We deliver cubes to homes in our delivery area. Also delivered by authorized American ice dealers.



ATLantic 6900

Retired Government Worker At 72 Dons Santa Robes Again



Childhood's fondest hopes are told to Leonidas I. Beall

If having the Christmas spirit in your heart means anything... and if bridging the long, long years with an understanding of the wonderful and wide-eyed ways of children count at all...

Then we have a real, live Santa Claus right here in Washington, who at the wintry age of 72 can qualify.

Leonidas I. Beall is his name, but don't you tell anybody. From now until "The Day" is over he is once again portraying his favorite character, Ole Saint Nick.

Every morning now, at exactly ten o'clock the elderly gentleman with the flowing mustache and dancing blue eyes dons his Christmas regalia at Woodward and Lothrop's Department store and for a while sits gloriously on a golden throne in front of an enormous drum in the very heart of toyland.

Never Makes Promise
And then he begins to play the role he has been dreaming of all year.

His part is a precarious one, but after five years' experience, he usually comes out ahead. When a child asks the inevitable "Are you really Santa Claus?" he always smiles and counters with, "Well, what do you think?"

Santa never makes a positive promise and rarely a definite statement. Because he knows what he says might fill some child's stocking with disappointment.

He finds it hard to pare the list of some child whose parents obviously are not able to give much. And often he has to restrain an impulse to reach into his own pocket to buy toys for some threadbare little boy or girl.

Designed Own House

Beall lives with his wife at 6420 Western ave., Chevy Chase, Md., a house he designed himself. Here during the rest of the year he devotes much of his time to raising flowers. He has one son living here, and two daughters, one in Oregon and the other in Florida.

About five years ago, when the war was drawing younger men into other jobs, an appeal was made to retired men to go back to work. All that was offered Beall was a job as Santa Claus. At first he was a little nervous, but now he loves it.

At Christmas time during the war one of his hardest jobs was to answer the numerous requests of "Please send my daddy home to me."

Beall, after a long career in various Government offices, retired from the General Accounting Office here in 1927.

Better Health Program Is Predicted

Chicago (U.P.)—The Research Council for Economic Security foresees a better-planned medical service program in the United States which would include helicopters to fly doctors over impassable roads.

The council found that in some respects "our existing health organization is orthodox and inflexible in application."

Among developments, the council expects State-wide free ambulance routes to get operative cases to the hospital quickly, mobile health clinics for isolated settlements, and public health teams working regular routes like postmen.

The council found out that medical needs in every State and locality are different.

"Those who advocate some single measure to safeguard the national health fail to realize the complexity of the problem," the council reported.

Close study of data, the council said, reveals "enormous fluctuations" between the 48 States in population, medical facilities, sanitation and other matters relating to health.

Seven of the nine States having the highest mortality rate from heart disease are in New England. But, the council said, people live longer in New England and the death rate from heart disease reflects the longevity.

Of the 10 States leading in tuberculosis mortality rates, 8 are in the South. Tennessee and Kentucky have a death rate from tuberculosis four times as high as Utah, Wyoming and Nebraska.

Studies by the council show that the cancer mortality is most pronounced among older persons having good incomes and living in cities. Six of the seven States with greatest number of deaths from cancer are in New England.

Influenza and pneumonia deaths are highest in the South, where poverty and poor sanitation are important contributing factors.

New Faces in the Senate Eighteenth of a Series Montana's Ecton Homespun Man

Manhattan, Mont., Dec. 4 (U.P.)—Montana's first Republican Senator-elect since 1912 is a homespun man, when you meet him here on his farm, in a fertile valley shadowed by southwestern Montana's snow-topped Bridger Mountains.

Zales N. Ecton, who succeeds Burton K. Wheeler, greets you with a smile and extends a work-hardened hand. He has taken off the suits in which he recently campaigned to win the Senatorship from Democrat Leif Erickson.

Born in Iowa

A 6-foot, fair-haired 200-pounder with direct blue eyes and a smooth firm face, he tells you that:

He's an Iowan, 48, who served as a soldier in the first World War. He attended Montana State College and the University of Chicago, law school but was graduated from neither. He has been a dry land farmer for a quarter century and works his 1000-acre wheat farm with the aid of one hired man.

He served several terms as representative and several as senator in the State Legislature. Twice he was elected senator on both the Republican and Democratic tickets—and he's proud of that. He



ZALES M. ECTON

drafted, or helped to draft, laws for agriculture, education, taxes and public welfare.

Ecton takes you into his home, which is comfortable but not fancy. To get there, you travel a dirt-surfaced road which occasionally is snow-blocked in winter.

The telephone in the modest farm house hangs on a wall, complete with batteries and a crank. It's on a country line. "You ring three longs and three shorts for my place," grins the host. "And you

can't hear very plainly when you get your party."

The kitchen has a refrigerator operated with kerosene. The parlor has a battery-powered radio, and the house has acetylene lights. It is the home of a fairly prosperous Montana farmer. Ecton lives there with his wife and two children.

Ecton—no orator but a convincing talker who gets things done in committees—says he's a firm believer in "good business in government" and that he sees no reason why a Republican Congress can't get along with a Democratic President. He says he wants the Government to balance its budget and that he's against "meddling in the lives of the people." He's a foe of communism and the Columbia and Missouri Valley Authorities, which he calls "socialistic."

Ecton has no grand ideas about himself. Says he:

YOUR CHOICE!



EITHER CHOICE IS EXTRA-CHOICE CATSUP

"If I thought it took extraordinary intelligence to represent the people of Montana in Washington, I wouldn't be a candidate. What I think it needs is just ordinary common sense."

The Gift for the family a popularly priced new

PIANO
from
Jordan's



In one of these excellent makes:
**WINTER
LESTER
HUNTINGTON
STORY & CLARK**

Many happy hours this holiday season and for many years to come—can be yours when you choose a fine piano as your "special" family gift. The new spinets and consoles we now have in stock are ideal for any home—so adaptable is their size—so varied is their designing—so rich and easily controlled is their pure tone. Choose your new piano now for year-round musical pleasure from our wide selection of instruments in a price range to fit every budget.

May be purchased on convenient terms with your old piano accepted in trade.

JORDAN'S

(Arthur Jordan Piano Co.)
1015 Seventh St. N.W.
Phone NAational 3223

MASON & HAMLIN
and
CHICKERING
small pianos
are on display.

**RADIO
REPAIRS**

FREE PICK-UP and DELIVERY SERVICE
Anywhere in the Chevy Chase Area

7034 WISCONSIN AVE. BETHESDA, MD.
Wisconsin 7200

Perfect for dining...
and for entertaining!

Whether it's a dinner party of four, or a banquet for two hundred, the Terrace Dining Room at National Airport offers delicious food and unique entertainment for your guests. Yes, the Terrace can be rented for banquets or dances, and the busy airfield beyond the glass-enclosed dining room will provide an unusual background for your party.

Terrace Dining Room is a grand place for family dining, too... and this week the menu features roast young Tom Turkey and roast beef.

Call REpublic 6131, Ext. 468, for reservations and for further information about renting the Terrace for banquets and dances.

**TERRACE
Dining Room**
Washington National Airport

B.O.A.C.

BRITISH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS CORPORATION

**SPEEDBIRD SERVICE TO
Bermuda**

FLIGHTS EVERY MON • THURS • SAT.

Direct from Baltimore, spacious 60-passenger Boeing flying boats

**NEW
REDUCED FARES \$70** One Way **\$126** Round Trip

NO PASSPORTS REQUIRED (by U.S. citizens)

YOUR LOCAL TRAVEL AGENT IS OUR LOCAL OFFICE
Booking facilities also at most airline offices or at BOAC sales offices,
1124 Connecticut Avenue N.W., Washington 6, D. C.
Telephone: EXecutive 3944

Municipal Airport, Baltimore 22, Md.
Telephone: RIverside 0800

SPEEDBIRD SERVICE... Over the Atlantic... and Across the World

**48
HOUR
VENETIAN BLIND
SERVICE**

IN JUST 48 HOURS
JAFFE'S CAN CLEAN,
RE-TAPE AND RE-CORD
YOUR VENETIAN
BLINDS.

NEW BLINDS in Wood, Steel
or Aluminum. Free esti-
mate!

Jaffe

Metropolitan 2460
911 1/2 St. N.W.

**BROWN-FORMAN'S
KING
Black Label
BLENDED WHISKY**

BLENDED AND BOTTLED BY
BROWN-FORMAN DISTILLERS CORPORATION
AT LOUISVILLE IN KENTUCKY

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

By Drew Pearson

TWO WEEKS ago this column told how John L. Lewis had paid out around \$300,000 of miners' dues to a Springfield, Ill., mine owner, Carl Elshoff, to keep his mine closed.

It is now possible to reveal that since publication of that column, the Treasury Department has taken the John L. Lewis-United Mine Workers income tax return out of the files and is studying it with a view to possible prosecution.

Back in 1942, the Treasury had paid this payment to mine owner Carl Elshoff, but despite the urging of Secretary Morgenthau, experts finally decided not to prosecute.

The facts in the case are that Elshoff closed his coal mines on May 12, 1937, and remained closed for nearly two years, during which he received around \$300,000 from Lewis, who at that time was trying to throw out of work a rival union employed by Elshoff which had won an election under the Wagner Act. Since he couldn't win out under the Wagner Act, Lewis is closed the mine.

Later he reported the expenditure of the \$300,000 in his tax returns, but Elshoff failed to report the \$300,000 as income.

Thus the Treasury appeared at first to have a case against Elshoff and against Lewis. However, when Lewis discovered that the Treasury was probing the matter, a series of notes were sent by Elshoff to Lewis to make the transaction appear as a loan.

However, the Treasury claimed it had evidence that the notes were predicated and that this loan was pure afterthought to cover up the fact that Elshoff had failed to pay taxes on the money.

It was—and still is—the contention of Treasury experts that Lewis was guilty of conspiracy in helping Elshoff avoid income taxes. This was the ground on which the Treasury in 1943 wanted to prosecute. It finally decided not to on the grounds that it would be interpreted by a jury as labor persecution.

Now that the Treasury has dusted off the case and looked into it again, the decision may be different—if the statute of limitations has not run out.

(Note—Some very big tax scandals will leak out of the Treasury-Justice Department soon. Certain big tax evaders who know the right people got off scot free. It will be the worst scandal yet of the Democratic Administration.)

Steel Troubles
CIO President Philip Murray is worried about the coal strike for many reasons.

For one thing, tens of thousands of steel workers are being laid off. More important, the coal strike is threatening to wipe out the 15 billion dollars in profits his business built up during 1946.

Murray was hoping to base new wage claims on these profits so as not to cause new price increases. If the strike continues until after January 1, the CIO may have to renounce its whole wage-increase drive.

Messersmith Showdown
IT ISN'T being whispered outside the State Department, but Assistant Secretary of State Spruille Braden is laying it right on the line before Secretary Byrnes that George Messersmith, U. S. Ambassador to Argentina, must be fired.

The roly-poly Braden has long contended that Messersmith was too friendly to Argentine President Peron and disloyal to the State Department's anti-dictator policy. Now, however, Braden has secured about 50 secret letters written by Messersmith to American newspapermen and State Department officials denouncing Braden personally to gether with State Department policy toward Argentina.

Braden, who looks soft but is tough, will use these letters in a final showdown with Jimmy Byrnes. If Byrnes doesn't act in regard to Messersmith, Braden will resign. This, of course, would be a stupendous victory for Dictator Peron, who made it quite clear in his letter to Andrew Jackson Higgins, the New Orleans boat builder, that he was conspiring to get Braden removed.

Andy Higgins' Taxes
PEOPLE who know the real inside regarding Andy Higgins are wondering how come he is commissioned to trot around South America as a sort of unofficial ambassador.

Eyebrows are especially arched among those who know how Andy Higgins got behind in paying about a million dollars in income taxes during the 1944 election campaign.

At that time Higgins was chairman of the Businessmen for Roosevelt Committee, and was slated to make an important speech in Philadelphia introducing FDR to a big campaign crowd. Night before the speech, however, Higgins got word that Henry Morgenthau's tax collectors had been going through his New Orleans plant and found him behind in taxes to the tune of around one million dollars.

Furthermore, the tax collectors were getting quite ugly about payment.

At this point Uncle Andy nearly burst. Calling in Roosevelt's friends, he told them that next day instead of introducing Roosevelt, he would come out publicly for Dewey.

Finally Henry Morgenthau was persuaded to call off his Treasury dogs for the time being, and Higgins made his Philadelphia speech. Later he retained the law firm of Hugh Fulton, former counsel to the Truman Committee, to help handle his tax matters. It is understood the taxes are being paid up on the installment plan.

(Note—Hugh Fulton, once one of the closest men to Harry Truman, accompanied Higgins on his unofficial ambassadorial tour of Argentina.)

The Diplomatic Pouch
BERNARD BARUCH is urging President Truman to appoint his brother, Herman Baruch, as Ambassador to England. Herman is now U. S. Envoy to Portugal. . . Spanish Dictator Franco sent an emissary to Portugal last week to ask Don Juan of Spain to come back and take over the Spanish throne—whereupon Franco would step down. The plan fell through, however, when Don Juan refused even to see the emissary. . . Secretary of State Byrnes has decided to hold up once more the 40-million-dollar loan to Poland until the Polish government gives some guarantee of free elections in January. . . Top United States decisions on handling of the dangerous Greek situation, which this columnist predicted on March 31, 1946, are being made exclusively on the basis of information furnished the State Department by British Intelligence. . . The Greek government has secretly jalled or exiled all the top leaders of the leftwing EAM movement. This is the very group that fought hardest for the Allies during the war. Many of those jalled were honored and decorated by top American and British commanders in the Mediterranean. . . President Truman has authorized Secretary Byrnes to ask the Republican Congress to appropriate 400 million dollars for relief work in Austria, Greece and Italy during 1947. There will be no American money available for relief work of Soviet-dominated countries. . . The Foreign Ministers Conference and the current session of the United Nations General Assembly are now scheduled to end about December 15.

Copyright, 1946 by The Hill Syndicate Inc.

National Weather Summary



24-HOUR FORECAST—Mild weather is featured over the eastern half of the United States Thursday, together with little cloudiness.

Only northern New England, upper New York State and sectors near the Canadian border in the upper and western Lakes area, North and South Dakota will have near or below freezing afternoon temperatures Thursday.

Seventy degree temperatures are forecast in the Southern Plains, Texas and other portions of the Southwest, in the west Gulf area and southern Florida. Other Southern States will have maxima near or above 60 degrees.

A comfortably warm 68 degrees is expected at Kansas City and it will be around 65 degrees at St. Louis, Charleston and Los Angeles.

Fifty degree maximums are predicted in the Northwest, in Colorado, Ohio, Indiana, northern Illinois and southern Pennsylvania.

Air flow arrows show where warm or mild air is circulating over the Eastern and Central States, also where westerly winds are blowing in the Southwest.

The cold air front marks the advancing boundary line of cold air pushing southward from Canada into portions of the North-Central States.

A warm front in the Northeast shows the northernmost line of influence reached by the warmed southerly winds in the eastern half of the Nation. Sections of New England lying northeast of the front will be coldest Thursday.

Precipitation will be limited to light snowfall or snow flurries in northern New England, upper New York State, the upper and western Lakes region, parts of Minnesota and North Dakota, mountainous areas of Wyoming and western Montana. Light rain is foreseen persisting over the Northwest, while scattered showers are probable in the mountains of northern California and in Utah.

'Shipping' of Jews to Palestine Proving Bonanza to Italians

Savona, Italy, Dec. 2 (Delayed)—The Italian Riviera, once famed as a gold coast of luxurious casinos and beach resorts on the Mediterranean, has found a post-war bonanza in the millions of lire paid by desperate Jews who are trying to reach Palestine.

Clandestine passage costs \$2200 a person and more—so much that three trips about repay the cost of the vessel engaged.

Practically all the refugee ships have double-bottomed holds so Jewish passengers can be concealed from chance boarding parties from British warships.

Police Close Eyes
The traffic in human cargoes has been going on for months in big and little harbors along this coast. Secret sailings are well known to many and police officials admit they close both eyes to the traffic.

Genoa apparently is the center for illegal sailings. Jews arriving there are housed in a three-story building in the Via de Gaspari. The fluctuating population, fed by UNRRA supplies, ranges from 50 to 60 persons at a time.

Officially, Jews arriving in Genoa await their turn on the Palestine immigration quota. But every few days some of them disappear. Officially, nobody in Genoa knows what becomes of them. Unofficially even the police know they have found passage to the Holy Land.

A Genoa police official admitted that his men do nothing to prevent the embarkations. Officials explain that (1) Allied authorities do not communicate to them the names of arriving and departing Jews and do not permit effective control of foreigners; (2) Italy at present is being flooded with foreigners of all nationalities who cause officials great difficulty, and "every Jew who leaves Italy is one foreigner the less."

Most of Ships Italian
Most of the ships in the trade are Italian but some foreign ships also take part. The ships leave Ligurian harbors with a small cargo, bound for the Middle East. They proceed to established points on the coast to pick up Jews. These points generally are Albisola, Arenzano, Savona, Bereggi and Capo Noli.

Ships with double-bottomed holds are especially designed to accommodate from 40 to 50 Jews each, usually. The passengers are kept below deck by day but if no ship has been sighted they are permitted to go up in small groups at night for a few hours of fresh air.

The Jews usually live on biscuits and water for the voyage, which usually lasts from seven to eight days.

B. & O. to Lay Off 709 More Men
Cumberland, Md., Dec. 4 (AP)—Cumberland division officials of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad announced today an additional 709 workers will be furloughed Friday from their jobs in the maintenance, production and mechanical departments here and at Keyser, W. Va.

The new layoffs will bring to 947 the number of employees idled on the division this week because of the coal mine shutdown. The reduction of the work force was attributed both to the cessation of coal movements and failure to receive materials.

Railroad spokesmen said the furloughs probably will continue until a settlement is reached in the coal dispute. Workers were advised of the layoffs in poster notices.

Earlier in the week, 150 were furloughed in the heavy car repair shops at Keyser and 86 in the shops and roundhouse here.

Winchester Firemen Busy With 7 Alarms
Winchester, Va., Dec. 4 (SPL)—Local firemen have been kept on the run with seven alarms in the last two days, but most of the blazes have been chimney fires, probably caused by heavy firing during the present cold wave.

Greatest damage was at the D. C. Beauty Shop, which suffered several thousand dollars' loss in fire, smoke and water damage from a fire last night that started in a stock room; and a blaze yesterday afternoon that gutted a four-room apartment and destroyed or damaged all the contents.

City Attorneys Call Municipal Strikes Illegal

Bitter debate racked the National Institute of Municipal Law Officers here yesterday over a resolution on strikes against Government.

The city attorneys and corporation counsels from all parts of the Nation, concluding their three-day institute at the Statler Hotel, voted through a compromise which had originated from the floor.

It described "the use of a strike or work stoppage as a weapon against any municipal government on the part of any labor union, association or group of employees" as being legally unauthorized and an "unwarranted defiance of the sovereign authority of government."

Debate Lasts Hour
The original resolution was more comprehensive. Debate raged for more than an hour as members riddled it with amendments. Opposition to the original resolution was led by Thomas J. Parsonnet, corporation counsel of Newark, N. J., and an American Federation of Labor counsel. The measure finally adopted was submitted by City Attorney Ray L. Chesebrough of Los Angeles.

Other resolutions included: A request that proper legislation be obtained to quiet title of the States to tidelands and land beneath navigable waters.

Clearing Slum Areas
Recommendation that State Legislatures pass adequate legislation to enable cities to clear blighted and slum areas for redevelopment by private and public interests.

A request for congressional action giving the ultimate consumer benefit of public utility rate reductions ordered by the Federal Power Commission.

An urge to eliminate all delay in "expeditious return" of surplus airports to cities.

A request to Congress that legislation be enacted returning to municipal tax rolls land which has been held by the Government in a tax-free status and reimbursement to cities for tax-exempt holdings.

THE WASHINGTON POST
Thursday, December 5, 1946

13

It Must Be the Finest



IT'S 4 YEARS OLD
IT'S 90 PROOF
IT'S DISTILLED SOLELY FROM CANE JUICE

There is no finer rum distilled anywhere

IMPORTED BY
SHAW
NEW YORK 17, N. Y. SOLE U. S. AGENTS

TWO OTHER FINE GOVERNMENT HOUSE RUMS

WHITE LABEL—86 Proof GOLD LABEL—86 Proof

A very light-colored, light-bodied rum for the more delicate cocktails and coolers. Ideal for Daiquiris and pale Rum Collins.

Light-bodied. Somewhat darker than White Label. Recommended for Cuba Libras, Rum Manhattans, and Planters Punch.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE RUM

ONLY

CHEVROLET

GIVES BIG-CAR QUALITY AT LOWEST PRICES

In fact, Chevrolet has the lowest-priced line of passenger cars in its field!

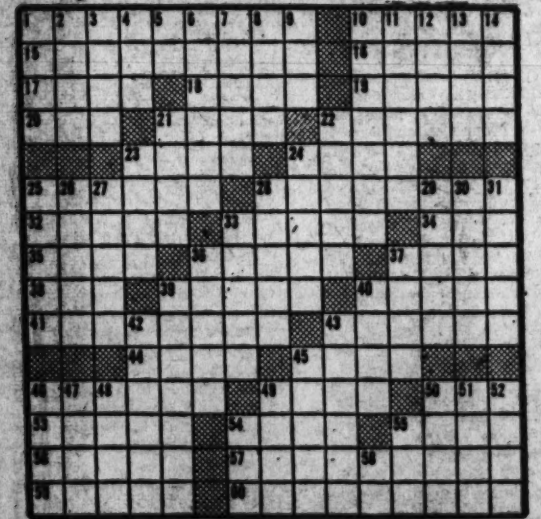
Moreover, the new Chevrolet is the only car in its field that gives Big-Car beauty, Big-Car comfort, Big-Car performance, BIG-CAR QUALITY AT LOWEST COST in all items of purchase

price, operation and upkeep. Take it from any and every standpoint, Big-Car quality—low purchase price—low operating and upkeep costs—all tell you to choose Chevrolet!

SEE YOUR LOCAL CHEVROLET DEALER

Listed on page 34 of your classified telephone directory

Daily Cross Word Puzzle



- ACROSS**
1. Cherry
 2. Candy
 3. Doll
 4. Save
 5. Tugboat
 6. Tugboat
 7. Tugboat
 8. Tugboat
 9. Tugboat
 10. Tugboat
 11. Tugboat
 12. Tugboat
 13. Tugboat
 14. Tugboat
 15. Tugboat
 16. Tugboat
 17. Tugboat
 18. Tugboat
 19. Tugboat
 20. Tugboat
 21. Tugboat
 22. Tugboat
 23. Tugboat
 24. Tugboat
 25. Tugboat
 26. Tugboat
 27. Tugboat
 28. Tugboat
 29. Tugboat
 30. Tugboat
 31. Tugboat
 32. Tugboat
 33. Tugboat
 34. Tugboat
 35. Tugboat
 36. Tugboat
 37. Tugboat
 38. Tugboat
 39. Tugboat
 40. Tugboat
 41. Tugboat
 42. Tugboat
 43. Tugboat
 44. Tugboat
 45. Tugboat
 46. Tugboat
 47. Tugboat
 48. Tugboat
 49. Tugboat
 50. Tugboat
 51. Tugboat
 52. Tugboat
 53. Tugboat
 54. Tugboat
 55. Tugboat
 56. Tugboat
 57. Tugboat
 58. Tugboat
 59. Tugboat
 60. Tugboat
 61. Tugboat
 62. Tugboat
 63. Tugboat
 64. Tugboat
 65. Tugboat
 66. Tugboat
 67. Tugboat
 68. Tugboat
 69. Tugboat
 70. Tugboat
 71. Tugboat
 72. Tugboat
 73. Tugboat
 74. Tugboat
 75. Tugboat
 76. Tugboat
 77. Tugboat
 78. Tugboat
 79. Tugboat
 80. Tugboat
 81. Tugboat
 82. Tugboat
 83. Tugboat
 84. Tugboat
 85. Tugboat
 86. Tugboat
 87. Tugboat
 88. Tugboat
 89. Tugboat
 90. Tugboat
 91. Tugboat
 92. Tugboat
 93. Tugboat
 94. Tugboat
 95. Tugboat
 96. Tugboat
 97. Tugboat
 98. Tugboat
 99. Tugboat
 100. Tugboat
- DOWN**
1. Tugboat
 2. Tugboat
 3. Tugboat
 4. Tugboat
 5. Tugboat
 6. Tugboat
 7. Tugboat
 8. Tugboat
 9. Tugboat
 10. Tugboat
 11. Tugboat
 12. Tugboat
 13. Tugboat
 14. Tugboat
 15. Tugboat
 16. Tugboat
 17. Tugboat
 18. Tugboat
 19. Tugboat
 20. Tugboat
 21. Tugboat
 22. Tugboat
 23. Tugboat
 24. Tugboat
 25. Tugboat
 26. Tugboat
 27. Tugboat
 28. Tugboat
 29. Tugboat
 30. Tugboat
 31. Tugboat
 32. Tugboat
 33. Tugboat
 34. Tugboat
 35. Tugboat
 36. Tugboat
 37. Tugboat
 38. Tugboat
 39. Tugboat
 40. Tugboat
 41. Tugboat
 42. Tugboat
 43. Tugboat
 44. Tugboat
 45. Tugboat
 46. Tugboat
 47. Tugboat
 48. Tugboat
 49. Tugboat
 50. Tugboat
 51. Tugboat
 52. Tugboat
 53. Tugboat
 54. Tugboat
 55. Tugboat
 56. Tugboat
 57. Tugboat
 58. Tugboat
 59. Tugboat
 60. Tugboat
 61. Tugboat
 62. Tugboat
 63. Tugboat
 64. Tugboat
 65. Tugboat
 66. Tugboat
 67. Tugboat
 68. Tugboat
 69. Tugboat
 70. Tugboat
 71. Tugboat
 72. Tugboat
 73. Tugboat
 74. Tugboat
 75. Tugboat
 76. Tugboat
 77. Tugboat
 78. Tugboat
 79. Tugboat
 80. Tugboat
 81. Tugboat
 82. Tugboat
 83. Tugboat
 84. Tugboat
 85. Tugboat
 86. Tugboat
 87. Tugboat
 88. Tugboat
 89. Tugboat
 90. Tugboat
 91. Tugboat
 92. Tugboat
 93. Tugboat
 94. Tugboat
 95. Tugboat
 96. Tugboat
 97. Tugboat
 98. Tugboat
 99. Tugboat
 100. Tugboat

POVICH

For three games now, the Redskins have been reserving Sammy Baugh with the Giants game in view. Further injury to Baugh might have killed off Redskin hopes for Sunday. They've been saving him for this one, which could add up to their smartest strategy of the year.

semi-pro basketball team to occupy their time during the off season. They are Charlie Mehelich, Tony Bova, Bob Davis, Val Jansante, Ralph Fife, Bill Dutton, Elmer Merkovsky and Max Kielbasa.

By Bill Burnett

Freshman Fullback Jack Cloud was the Conference's leading scorer. He was a unanimous choice of Post football writers who selected the mythical All-Old Dominion eleven.

sociation of American League
ord of 33 held by Joe Mogus
Cleveland as the Philadelphia W
riors defeated the Providence R
76 to 68, before 2335.

FLOOR WORK—Idaho's Dale Dykman, surrounded by City College of New York basketball players, hangs on to the ball as CCNY's Hilly Shaprio stretches full length in an effort to get it during the CCNY-Idaho game in Madison Square Garden. Sid Trubowitz (17), and Phil Farban (20), of City College, close in. Idaho, 46-35 losers to City College, meets Georgetown tonight at Uline's Arena.

The East was next with three, all from Army, while the South was represented by Halfback Charley Trippi of Georgia and Center Paul DeLoach of Georgia Tech.

MASTRANGELO, Notre Dame	Guard	RANNEY, William and Mary	Guard	MASTRANGELO, Notre Dame
MASTRO, Carolina	Guard	REIDEMANN, New York	Guard	MASTRO, Carolina
ANDREWS, Oklahoma	Guard	ST. JOHN, Georgia	Guard	ANDREWS, Oklahoma
ARMING, Ohio State	Tackle	WYDO, Cornell	Tackle	ARMING, Ohio State
ARMSTRONG, Washington	Guard	ARMSTRONG, Army	Guard	ARMSTRONG, Washington
WEDMEYER, St. Mary's	Back	EVANS, Kansas	Back	WEDMEYER, St. Mary's
RADMOND, Indiana	Back	TUCKER, Army	Quarterback	RADMOND, Indiana
CASB, U. C. L. A.	Back	JUNYCH, North Carolina	Back	CASB, U. C. L. A.
LAYNE, Texas	Back	GILMER, Alabama	Back	LAYNE, Texas

By Al Costello

24 Redskins Giants 14
*Denotes Eastern championship playoff.
Redskins won 8; Giants won 11; one tie.

and Dub Jones and Center Jack Tavener, Daley, former Minnesota great, has been sidelined all year by an ankle injured but is believed ready to play now.

14 if he recovers from the attack
considered likely.
Some believed the Garden w
take in a seasoned boxing

Regular league matches
Big Four Table Tennis League
be held today at 8 p. m. at the
atorium of the Washington
Light Co., 11th and H st. nw.

Bennings

DEAR FOLKS:
Charles Town hopes to have a "lot" for the meeting next summer. The American Totalizer Co. will try to supply one by that time. Owner-Trainer E. E. Miller suffered two broken ribs when kicked by one of his horses. Some evidence of the number of horses available here is shown by the fact that 500 sought entry places during the first three days of racing. The two horses whose names are always mixed up—Walter Haight and Walter Light—are both in the same race on the Thursday program. The most mispelled horse in racing circles, however, is Quona, which invariably comes up "Quona." There was a horse once named "T." And remember One Cent? He wasn't worth a thin dime. But Twenty Grand was worth more than his name implied. That duel between Annie's Dream and Late Time was a honey. They were head and head all the way and the two riders, J. Baird and R. Runyon both products of the meeting here last summer, really showed their stuff. Sam Gilman is looking for some horses to take to Tampa. Jockey Bobby Fitzgerald, who ran into electrical trouble here is one of the best-liked youngsters in the jockey's room. But it looks as if his riding career has gone by the boards. He probably will live longer, however. He was one of the many riders who battle to keep their weight down. See you on the rail. BILL

1—Miss Palmetto Belle, Wm. Lee.
2—Fay Gold, Wm. Lee.
3—Wendell, Wm. Lee.
4—Fay Gold, Wm. Lee.
5—Fay Gold, Wm. Lee.
6—Fay Gold, Wm. Lee.
7—Fay Gold, Wm. Lee.
8—Fay Gold, Wm. Lee.
9—Fay Gold, Wm. Lee.
10—Fay Gold, Wm. Lee.

Charles Town Entries, Odds

First Race—Four and one-half furlongs.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Post Consensus

AY THROAT
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)

Tropical Park

1—\$2000; 3-year-olds; claiming.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Jockey Suspended After He Is Found to Possess 'Battery'

Charles Town Boy Admits Using Device

Charles Town, W. Va., Dec. 4.—Found to have a "battery" in his possession after the running of yesterday's fifth race, jockey Robert W. Fitzgerald was ordered suspended by the stewards after a hearing this morning.

The 24-year-old Lancaster (Pa.) boy admitted to officials that he used the electrical device on the horse Swami, a winner in the mile and a sixteenth race. His case will be referred to the West Virginia Racing Commission with the recommendation that his license be revoked for all time.

Officials would not say that Fitzgerald would use a "battery." However, after he was dismounted he was escorted to the office of Chief Steward John T. Morrissey, where he was searched. The device, about two and a half inches long and half inch wide, was found in his supporter.

Fitzgerald said he had no accomplices, insisting it was his own idea to use the "battery" because the horse would not run and he was "experimenting." The horse is owned by the jockey's mother, Mrs. Virginia Fitzgerald.

There was no evidence of a betting cage, Swami closed at 8-1, believed to be a normal price in the cheap field. The winner paid \$18.20.

Fitzgerald rode his first winner at this track aboard War Smoke during the summer meeting of 1941. For the most part he has confined his riding to the smaller ovals. He is married and has one child.

Tropical Park

1—\$2000; maiden 2-year-olds; claiming.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Corn Tall on Coast, Too

San Luis Obispo, Calif. (U.P.)—Not all the tall corn grows in Iowa. California Polytechnic College students have proved by growing stalks 17 feet high.

Forgery Suspect Held

Frederick, Md., Dec. 4 (S.P.)—Charged with passing worthless checks in Brunswick recently, Jack Harris Billingslee, Brunswick, was held in \$2500 bond today to await action of the Federal grand jury.

Cardozo After Title

The undefeated and untied Cardozo High School football team will meet Bates High School of Annapolis, Md., here tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 at Brooks Field. The winner of the game will take the South Atlantic High School Athletic Conference title.

Richards in Line As Buffalo Pilot

Buffalo, N. Y., Dec. 4 (P.)—The Buffalo Evening News said today that Paul Richards, 38-year-old Detroit Tigers catcher, would be signed to succeed Charles Leo (Gaby) Hartnett as manager of the Buffalo Bisons of the International baseball league.

Chief Causes of Fire are Matches and Smoking

Chief causes of fire are matches and smoking, which accounts for 30 per cent of all fires from known causes.

Charles Town Race Charts

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1946—ST. WALTER HIGHT.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Daily Double, SATELLITE and RUN PRETTY, Paid \$83.60

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

FOURTH RACE—About 4 1/2 furlongs.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

FIFTH RACE—Maiden 2-year-olds; claiming.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

SIXTH RACE—Six and one-half furlongs.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

SEVENTH RACE—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

EIGHTH RACE—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

NINTH RACE—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

TENTH RACE—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

ELEVENTH RACE—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Twelfth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Thirteenth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Fourteenth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Fifteenth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Sixteenth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Seventeenth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Eighteenth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Nineteenth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Twentieth Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Twenty-first Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Twenty-second Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	3-1
4—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	4-1
5—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	5-1
6—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	6-1
7—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	7-1
8—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	8-1
9—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	9-1
10—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	10-1

Twenty-third Race—One and one-half miles.	Wt.	Odds
1—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	1-10
2—Wendell (Wm. Lee)	115	2-1
3—Fay Gold (Wm. Lee)	115	

Want Your Gift to Bring Stars To Her Eyes? Let's Go, Fellas

As old as the Christmas story is the wall of the male. "What shall I get HER for Christmas?" So gather around, fellows, we're going to help you out (the ladies can listen, too, but don't say we didn't warn you).

First off, what kind of a girl is she? Yes, wonderful—but let's go beyond that for a minute. Does she like sports, is dancing her forte, or is she a homebody who'd give her eyeteeth for a new waffle iron? That's the first thing to decide. Age is another consideration—grandma might like a knitted bedjacket, but just try to palm that off on gay, young Annabelle.

How much you can spend is another. Get the best you can afford, whether it's a handkerchief or a fur coat. Three printed handkerchiefs may appeal to you, but your best gal would like one honest-to-goodness linen one better—for the same price.

Speaking of handkerchiefs—no woman ever had too many—white ones, bordered ones and gay prints for her sports clothes—ranging in price from 59 cents on up. No sizes to worry about, either.

Perfume Always Pleases

Perfume, cologne and nylons are sure-fire pleasers. There are some French perfumes back on the market, some delightful domestic scents. Here you let your pocket-book be your guide—you can pay anywhere from \$1.50 to \$25 or even more, but every woman on your list will be pleased with perfume.

If the lady is your wife or a member of your family, invade the lingerie departments. (It still isn't according to Hoyle to give under-petties to casual friends.) Slips, panties and negligees are always welcome gifts—ranging from about \$2.50 for the slips to from \$25 to \$200 for the negligees. A good buy is a wool flannel tailored robe, ranging from \$12 to \$25. Fine for the college girl or any other girl for that matter.

A good bet for the lady who reads is one of the latest best sellers. A magazine subscription wouldn't be amiss either. And what cook ever had too many specialty cook books. None of these will set you back more than \$3, or \$5 at the most.

For the Cook

Also for the chief cook are wonderful herb sets, salad bowls, forks and spoons, pepper mills and real spices. Had you thought about a new appliance for her? Maybe an electric iron, a waffle iron, a vacuum cleaner or a washing machine. Some are available, but shop now! Furniture is another pleaser, but brother, take along an extra bill or two!

What woman doesn't lose gloves every time she pays a cab driver? Your girl does that too? Not if she has a pair of the gloves we saw the other day. They're soft dooskin, plain on one side, striped or checked on the other—all for \$10. If you think they'd be a bit sporty for Grandma then there are conservative gloves for much less money—it's the novelty that puts the price up.

More umbrellas end up in the Lost and Found than we'd care to

count. Did you know that they're making umbrellas complete with tricky cases now? You ought to find a good one for from \$5 to \$8.50—these with the cases come a bit higher.

For the lady who entertains a lot, how about a cocktail mixing set—select the one you like, job of mixing at the next party. Bridge players never have too many cards. We saw a packaged set of lovely cards—two decks—for \$2.50. Then there are fancy got up matches, score pads and many games.

The war's over and folks are settling back into somewhat permanent haunts—we'll bet she'd like a new address book to bring them up to date. These range from \$1 up and can be stamped with her initials to make it a personal gift.

Stationery—and Stamps

The casual acquaintance would like plain or floral note paper and cards, from 75 cents up. Stationery always strikes the right note. To be especially thoughtful, how about tucking in a supply of air mail and 3-cent stamps?

While we're on the subject of writing, how about a pen and pencil set. Here, too, your income is your guidepost. You can spend \$5 or \$75.

Is there any knitting going on at your house, how about a nice knitting bag at about \$6.50? Something to embroider or crochet might please the avid needleworker.

She's a collector? Fine—there are hundreds of figurines in the shops, from \$2 on up to hundreds. A pair of bookends will come in handy for the girl who reads a lot.

The gay night life's for her? O. K., how about a swish evening bag, jeweled combs for her hair, or a piece of jewelry.

Speaking of jewelry, it can be costume or real—it can cost 25 cents or \$2500—that's the way prices range. But there's plenty of it, goodness knows, and you should be able to find almost anything you want.

For Music Lovers

The music lover will thank you for a record album, a phonograph, radio, or tickets to some outstanding musical performance. A photo fan will go for an exposure meter, new reflectors, a case of hard-to-get flash bulbs or just an album to paste in her latest masterpieces.

The sportswoman will like a new sweater, golf clubs, tennis racket or even skis.

Then there are the household items like blankets, spreads, table mats and cloths. One store is selling linen damask napkins for \$20.25 a dozen. Also in this category come silver, china and glassware, not to mention books. But leave the hat buying to her, please!

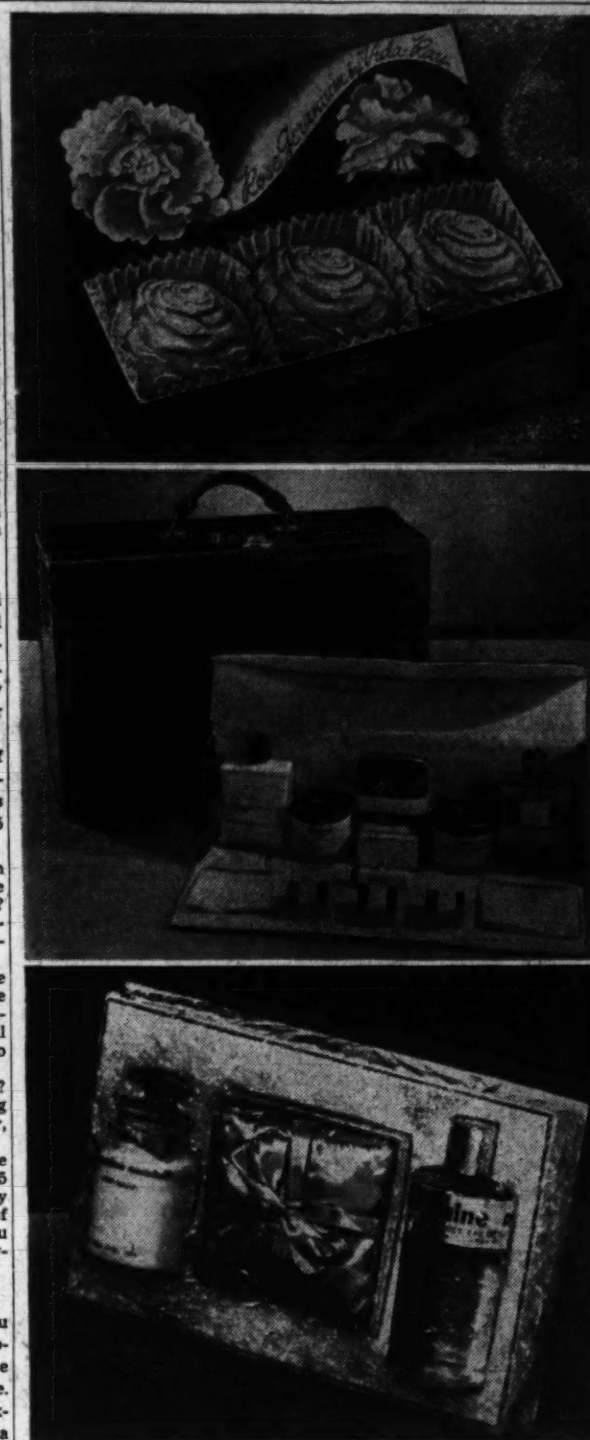
Now that you've had a Cook's tour of the wares in the stores, fellows, you ought to have an idea or two. All you need now is a fat pocketbook and the courage to fight the mobs around the counters! We're not kidding, either, this season. Good luck!

To Speak Sunday
John M. Haffert

John M. Haffert, internationally known author and lecturer, will give his talk, "The Apparitions of Fatima," under auspices of Study Guild Catholic Library, Sunday, 8:30 p. m., at Carroll Hall, 924 G St. N.W.

Mr. Haffert recently returned from Portugal, where he talked with Sister Lucia, only surviving one of the three children who witnessed the alleged apparitions at Fatima in 1917 when The Blessed Virgin is said to have prophesied World War II.

In addition to being editor of the Scapular Magazine, Mr. Haffert is lay apostle of one of the principal Apostolates in America and secretary of the Marian Federation of the United States.



Gifts of the type pictured are sure to please all the ladies on your list—from the teen-ager to great-grandmother. Bath accessories, soap, manicure kits and makeup cases are dear to the hearts of the feminine sex and you can find them at all prices, manufactured by your favorite company in a variety of scents

In Capital's Orange Blossom Parade

Nancy Smith Becomes Bride

Miss Nancy Virginia Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Roger Boswell Smith of Bethesda, was married November 27 to Robert Travers Rohrer, son of Mrs. Robert Travers Rohrer of Bethesda and the late Mr. Rohrer.

For the ceremony in St. John's Church, Bethesda, the bride wore a white satin gown with finger-tip veil and carried white roses. She was given in marriage by her grandfather, Roger R. Smith.

Mrs. Edwin Wendler was matron of honor for her cousin, in a blue net gown with pink roses. James Otey Urquhart was best man. Ushers were William G. Hill, Jr., Charles Grey Hurd, James R. Groscholz and John Douglass Burnham.

Following a reception at the Kenwood Club, the couple left on a West Virginia honeymoon.

The bridegroom attended Maryland University.

Scott—Kime

Judge and Mrs. Posey T. Kime of Washington, announce the marriage of their daughter, Helen Aileen, to George Albert Scott, on November 23 in the Second Presbyterian Church in Indianapolis, Ind. Mr. and Mrs. Scott will reside in Bloomington, Ind., where the bridegroom is attending Indiana University law school.



MRS. ROBERT ROHRER
... West Virginia honeymoon

The bride is a graduate of Pennsylvania State College. Mr. Scott, son of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Scott of Canton, Ill., is a graduate of Wabash College. He served as a lieutenant in the Marine Corps First Division in the Pacific during the war.



Mrs. Arthur Preston Price,
the former Alice Louise Stevenson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Stevenson,

Rockport, Ind., was married Saturday in Rockport. She and her husband, Colonel Price, will live in Washington after their wedding trip in Georgia.

Denton—Kirkegaard

The marriage of Miss Alice Marie Kirkegaard, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Rasmus M. Kirkegaard of Trent, S. Dak., to Howard Dunn Denton, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jay I. Denton of Pinckneyville, Ill., took place November 30 in Christ Lutheran Church. The Rev. William F. Gruening officiated.

The bride, wearing a beige suit with blue feather hat and brown accessories, had Miss Alice White for her only attendant. Robert F. Willshire served as best man.

Mr. Denton, a graduate of George Washington University, served in the Pacific and is now with the War Assets Administration.

Feldberg—Bondareff

Miss Helen Bondareff, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Bondareff of Washington, was married recently to Melvin N. Feldberg, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Feldberg of Boston, Mass. The wedding took place at the Carlton Hotel, with Rabbi Henry Segal officiating.

Given in marriage by her father, the bride wore a beige silk dress trimmed with pearls and sequins and carried a Bible overlaid with orchids. Her sister-in-law, Mrs. Daniel Bondareff, was matron of honor, costumed in a blue dress with sequin trim and carrying a sheath of roses. Paul Feldberg served as best man for his brother.

After a wedding trip to Williamsburg, Va., the couple will reside in Washington.

Silver Spring AAUW to Hear Miss Roquet

Miss Juliet Roquet, a young French woman who is studying terrestrial magnetism at the Carnegie Institute of Washington on an international study grant awarded her by the American Association of University Women, will speak to the Silver Spring branch of AAUW at the meeting Tuesday, December 10, 8 p. m., at the Jesup Blair Community House. Her topic will be "The Life of the French Women During the War and Now."

At the outbreak of war Miss Roquet was working on a doctor's degree at the meteorological observatory in Trappes, near Versailles. The observatory was taken over by the Germans in June, 1940, and she refused permission to remain at her post. She later continued her research at the Institute of Geophysics in Paris. At war's end she accepted an offer for a two-month period of study at the Imperial College of Science and Technology of London. She plans to return to Paris and complete work on her doctorate.

Hostesses for the Silver Spring Branch meeting will be Miss Marian Palmer White, chairman; Mrs. C. F. Nettleship, Jr.; Mrs. J. R. Kanagy; Mrs. R. C. Jacobson and Mrs. P. B. Morehouse.

Miss Juliet Roquet, a young French woman who is studying terrestrial magnetism at the Carnegie Institute of Washington on an international study grant awarded her by the American Association of University Women, will speak to the Silver Spring branch of AAUW at the meeting Tuesday, December 10, 8 p. m., at the Jesup Blair Community House. Her topic will be "The Life of the French Women During the War and Now."

At the outbreak of war Miss Roquet was working on a doctor's degree at the meteorological observatory in Trappes, near Versailles. The observatory was taken over by the Germans in June, 1940, and she refused permission to remain at her post. She later continued her research at the Institute of Geophysics in Paris. At war's end she accepted an offer for a two-month period of study at the Imperial College of Science and Technology of London. She plans to return to Paris and complete work on her doctorate.

Hostesses for the Silver Spring Branch meeting will be Miss Marian Palmer White, chairman; Mrs. C. F. Nettleship, Jr.; Mrs. J. R. Kanagy; Mrs. R. C. Jacobson and Mrs. P. B. Morehouse.

Ask Anne Your Questions On Homemaking

Will you please tell me how to keep granulated sugar from becoming hard after it is open to the air? And more important, how to soften it for use after it has hardened? G. G. S.

Sugar should be stored in an air-tight container—either a glass jar or a tin can. A slice of apple or a dried prune in the same jar will keep it moist. However, if it's in a tight container you don't need to resort to the fruit method.

If you're in a hurry to reclaim hardened sugar, put the lumps in a sugar sack and pound them with a hammer or potato masher. Or, rub it on a metal grater. When the time element is not important, put the sugar in the refrigerator for a few days or in a jar along with a piece of fresh bread.

Here are two women with the same problem:

1. Will you please tell me how to remove formula stain from a baby's cotton shirts and nightgowns? S. S. L.

2. Could you please tell me how to remove stains from my baby's clothes that were caused by formula made with evaporated milk dripping on them? V. L. K.

Two types of treatment may be necessary, if the formula contains any type of fruit or fruit juice. To remove the milk stains do this first: Soak the garments in cold or lukewarm, never hot, water. Then wash in warm soap-suds. If the stains have been allowed to set follow with this treatment: Make sure stain is free from soap. Dampen spots with lukewarm water and sprinkle on pepsin powder. Let it stand an hour, keeping spots damp. Sponge or rinse well with clear water.

If traces still remain, blanch the fruit in the formula and proceed this way: Sponge with cool water, rub in glycerine and let stand half hour, rinse with clear water.

Or, if the stains have set, do this: Squeeze lemon juice on the stains and place in bright sunlight. If the garments are white treat with ammonia, hydrogen peroxide and boiling water. Put a few drops of ammonia in a bowl of boiling water, apply hydrogen peroxide with a medicine dropper and rinse.

My dining room furniture was brown oak with black leatherette seats. There is also a very dark brown upright piano in the room. I decided to brighten the room and bleached all the furniture except the piano. I've given the furniture one coat of shellac and am disappointed in the appearance of the wood finish. The shellac makes it look too golden yellow. I had in mind a grayish-beige look. Can you suggest how I might achieve such a finish? What would you suggest I do to the piano to subdue its size and darkness? C. C. D.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

Susie Q



"I know what... let's sing school songs!"

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it. How about painting it the same color as the walls and then moving it flat against the wall? It certainly wouldn't stick out like such a sore thumb if you did that. Of course, if it's to be lighter you'll first have to remove the original finish.

Remove the coat of shellac from the furniture with paint and varnish remover and apply a coat of flat wall paint—either white or gray. Wipe it off before it is completely dry and then apply a coat of clear varnish. This should give you the gray look you're after.

The only way to change the appearance of the piano is to bleach it or paint it.

Today's Radio Programs | **THE WASHINGTON POST**
Thursday, December 5, 1944

	WMAA	630 WRC	980 WOL	1260 WINX	1340 WWDC	1450 WTOF	1500
	News, 6, 7, 8:30. Today's Parade, 6:45 Tennis Clock, 7:30-7:45 9:35 David Willis, 7:45	WRC Almanac, 5:30. News, 6, 7, 8:30. Today's Timekeeper, 6:05-9: Weather, 9:30.	News, 6, 6:30, 7, 7:30, 8, 8:30. Art Brown, 6:05-9, Sports, 7:40. Union Station, 8:35.	News, 6, 7, 8. Jerry Strong, Wake Up With WINX, 6:05-9.	Hunnickoff, 6:30. News, 6:30-7, 7:30, 8:15. Devotions, 6:45.	Corn Smezzing Time, 5:30-7:30; News, 6:30-7, 7:30, 8, Arthur Godfrey, 7:10- 9:45.	
9	:00 Breakfast Club :15 Don McNeill :30 Jack Owen :45 Sam Cowling	Joe Reichman Dream House News; Timekeeper	Musical Clock with Art Brown Easy Listening	News; Music in the Air " " " " Pat Griffith	Tune Shop What's Cooking? Alice Lane	Godfrey, Mahoney- Arthur Godfrey Home Service Daily	
0	:00 My True Story :15 " " Hymns :30 Hymns, All Churches :45 Listening Post	Herson in Person Lora Lawton Road of Life Joyce Jordan	" " " " Spice In Life Here's Kopeland	News; Music Hall " " " " Paul Griffith	Open House Crosby Time Pie-Up Times	Janice Gray Hymns Evelyn Wieters Time to Remember	
1	:00 Breakfast :15 " " with Breneman :30 Ruth Crena :45	Fred Waring Jack Burch Shaw David Harum	Cecil Brown Musical Comedy Band Was Behind the Chair Victor Lindlar	News; Symphony Hour Mozart's Symphony No. 7 (Mannin)	Largo Crosby Time Pie-Up Times	News You're the Top Grand Slim Romanceary	
2	:00 News, Events :15 South American Way :30 Glamour Maker :45 Kenney Baker	News; Dave Brinkley Look To This Day Van Damme Quartet Nancy Osgood	Ray Henle Madison Downey Cliff Edwards Easy Access	NEWS ROUNDUP Midday Star Time Lunch With Mills Latin Touch	Tello-Tell News; Music Man on Street	Kate Smith Andy Janney Romance, Helen Train Our Gal Sunday	
1	:00 Banqueting Talking :15 Accent on Sealed :30 Kitchen Kwiz :45	To Music Tim Pan Ballet Robert McCormick	This Story Goes Meet Your Neighbor U. K. Serenade John J. Anthony	News; Swing Serenade Melodic Moments " " " "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Big Sister Ma Perkins Young Dr. Malone Road of Life	
2	:00 Music Box :15 Jim Gibbons :30 Bride and Groom :45 John Nelson	Today's Children Woman in White Maguerite Laquerde of the World	Cedric Foster Erskine Johnson Queen for a Day	News; Pops Concert Rimsky-Korsakoff's Scheherazade (Montoux)	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Second Mrs. Burton Perry Mason Love Journey Road of My Dreams	
3	:00 Ladies Be Sealed :15 Accent on Sealed :30 :45 Gas, Barnes Octel	Life Can Be Beautiful Ma Perkins Pepper Young's Family Right to Happiness	Easy Does It " " " " " " " "	News; Tea for Two " " " " " " " "	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	Aunt Mary Dr. Paul Shampus Meal the Misses	
4	:00 Tommy Riggs :15 :30 :45	Backstage Wife Stella Dallas Lorena Jones Young Widow Brown	Buck Rogers " " " " " " " "	News; Broadway " " " " Music Hall	All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman All Sports Parade Tony Wakeman	House Party " " " " Surprise News	
5	:00 Terry & The Pirates :15 Sky King :30 Jack Armstrong :45 Charm School of Air	When a Girl Marries Portia Faces Life Just Plain Bill Front Page Farrell	Rog Harrison Superman Captain Midnight Tom Mix	News; Music Hall " " " " " " " "	Band of the Day Crooner's Battle Sports; Theater Theater of the Air	School of the Air " " " " Word from Country Fide Finder	
6	:00 Evans, Agronomy :15 Stardust, Sports :30 Earl Godwin :45 Singing Sam	News; Left Ed Tymer Time Brinkley; Bergman Lowell Thomas	Warner; D. C. Asig. Sports, Brundage Johnson Family Art Brown	NEWS ROUNDUP Bob Wolff, Sports Dinner Concert	Melody Lane Sports, Wakeman Supper Club	News; D. C. Diary City Desk; News Speaking of Sports News; Robert Trout	
7	:00 Louise Massey :15 Raymond Sving :30 Professor Owl :45	Supper Club News Dennis Day	Fulton Lewis, Jr. Furs on Parade News; E. Eaton Inside of Sports	News; Piano Date with Harry James Across the Footlights Miss; Guy's Revue	Popular Tunes Bill McGee Orch. News with Austed Miss; Guy's Revue	Mystery of the Week Jack Smith Show Mr. Kahn	
8	:00 Lem "n' Abner :15 Monitor News :30 Town Meeting :45	Aldrich Family Burns and Allen	Sound Off Dixie Varieties	News; Opera " " " " By Mascagni	To Win the Peace United We Stand News; 1450 Club (Jackson Lowe)	Suspense FBI in Peace & War " " " "	
9	:00 World Security :15 Work Shop :30 Rabbi Gerstenfeld :45	Kraft Music Hall News, 6, 7, 8:30 :30 Living: Voices In the Evening	News; Gabriel Heatter Real Life Stories Treasure Hour of Song	News; Arlie Shaw " " " " Music for Dreaming	1450 Club (Jackson Lowe) News; 1450 Club (Jackson Lowe)	Dick Haynes Show Reader's Digest Radio Edition Columbia Workshop	
10	:00 News, Events :15 Hour of Dreams :30 The Michael :45 Ray Michael	Abbott and Costello Eddie Cantor	Evening Serenade I Was A Convict	News; Arlie Shaw " " " " Music for Dreaming	Juke Box Revue Basketball Game 1450 Club	Reader's Digest Radio Edition Columbia Workshop	
	:00 News, Events :15 Hour of Dreams :30 The Michael :45 Ray Michael	News; Music Richard Kerness Story of Music	Voice of America Feather Lewis, Jr. Sweet Music " " " "	News—Post Preview Music for the Years " " " "	1450 Club (Jackson Lowe) News; 1450 Club (Jackson Lowe)	News, Collingswood Joseph Hersch Moore (Eddie Gallagher)	

Special Opera Broadcast Starring Sensational Italian Tenor (8:05 to 10 p.m.)

WINX
1340 on your dial

Ferruccio Tagliavini is often called the second Caruso. Hear him in tonight's complete performance of Mascagni's "L'amico Fritz", the first time this opera has been presented in Washington. 8:05 to 10 p.m.

WINX-FM
92.9 or 43.2 on your FM set

• Between 9 a.m. and 11:15 p.m., all WINX programs are duplicated on WINX-FM. See WINX listing above.

14-2

MY FIRST SHAVE!

IF ANYTHING EVER
HAPPENS TO ME I
SUPPOSE YOU'D
HARRY AGAIN. I
HATE TO THINK OF
ANOTHER WOMAN
USING ALL MY
LOVELY THINGS.
I COULDN'T STAND

FOOLISH TO THROW AWAY ALL
THIS STUFF AND REPAIR
THE HOUSE. THINK OF THE EX-
PENSE. IT WOULD BE PROHIBITIVE
WITH PRICES WHERE THEY ARE.
NOW, ANYWAY, I LIKE THE HOUSE
JUST THE WAY IT IS.

Rockville Boy Wins National 4-H Award

Kaiser Up \$94, Frazer Up \$124

Detroit, Dec. 4 (AP).—Price increases of \$94 on the Kaiser special passenger car and \$124 on the

Chicago, Dec. 4 (AP).—Dr. Alfred P. Haake, consultant to the General Motors Corp., declared today America faces a "challenge of collectivism from within and without the Government" and the challenge must be met by youth.

"You are the apostles of the American idea," Haake told the national 4-H congress. "In your keeping rests the future of our country. The greatest leader of all time had only 12 apostles, and one of those double-crossed him yet he built the greatest movement the world has ever seen.

"Consecrated devotion to the idea for which Jesus stood made his followers the most effective leaders in the world," he said and added:

"It is the same spirit with which

Frazier were announced today by Kalsen-Frazier Corp., bringing the factory list prices to \$1739 and \$1919, respectively.

W. A. MacDonald, vice president in charge of sales, said higher manufacturing costs necessitated the increases.

Ford and Packard now are the only passenger car builders which have not advanced prices since OPA controls were removed.

15-Million Studebaker Issue Placed Privately

South Bend, Ind., Dec. 4 (AP).—The Studebaker Corp., with the assistance of Lehman Bros., New York bankers, has placed privately with the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. and the Prudential Insurance Co. of America, 15 mil-

I frankly challenge you. You are more than a thousand. . . . There is nothing you cannot do for your country, if you will and are willing to pay the price in hard work and continued devotion to the ideals for which our forebears fought and built and died"

Dr. Williams Talks

Dr. Charl Ormond Williams of the National Education Association told the congress Americans spend 13 billion dollars annually for beauty and barber shop services and tobacco and alcohol but only 2 billion dollars for education. She characterized the situation "a national disgrace."

"This is a situation that concerns you, standing on the threshold of your life, more sharply than it does the tired older folks who do not have young children to educate," Dr. Williams, of Washington, added.

"The State must first do its utmost to guarantee to every child decent start in life through education. Then the Federal Government must come forward to help equalize within and among the States the educational opportunities of its children.

This Federal financial aid and leadership can and should be granted without Federal interference in the direction of the schools," she concluded.

Winners Announced

Meantime the club announced the following award winners:

Tractor maintenance—Perry Lee Adkisson, Blytheville, Ark.; Joel Svedman, Fort Collins, Colo.; Jim W. Eddy, E. Woodstock, Conn.; Eugene L. Fraze, Newark, Del.

N.Y. Central Plans Equipment Issue

New York Central Railroad Co. asked Interstate Commerce Commission authority yesterday to assume obligation for 20 million dollars of equipment trust certificates.

The proceeds would help finance purchase of new equipment, including diesel locomotives, baggage cars, stainless steel dining cars, and sleeping cars.

What's Going On and Where

Servile Activities

Vietory Chalken for Servicemen, 1115 Pennsylvania ave., n.w., games and refreshments, 8 p. m. to 11 p. m.

United Nations Service Center, 906 North Capitol st., informal dancing for all military personnel and their guests, 8 p. m.

H Street U-Box, 1911 H st. n.w., ceramics, 8 p. m.

Rational Catholic Community Society, 1814 N. W. Ave., bowling, 7 p. m.; dancing class, 8 p. m.

Congressional Supply Welfare Board, 1626 and Q sts. n.w., chess club, 8:15 P. M.

Salvation Army-U.S.O., 801 Market Space (Rt. at Penn) ave., pool tables and recordings, 8 p. m.; art-together, 8 p. m.

Youth center, 1311 R St. n.e., recreation, 10 A. M. to 11:30 p. m.; dance, 8 p. m.

American Navy U.S.O., 1748 G St. n.w., shooting, 1:30 P. M.; dramatics, 7 p. m.; dancing class, 8:30 P. M.

Congressional Club, 1544 21st st. n.w., dancing, 8:30 P. M.

Art Galleries and Exhibitions

Congress Gallery of Art, 17th st. and New York ave., n.w., 8 A. M. to 4:30 P. M.

Federal Institute of Arts and Indus-

George Spires, Jr., LaCrosse, Fla.; John Thomas Brannen, Portal, Ga.; Gene McNeen, Shoshone, Idaho; Roy C. Short, Centerville, Ind.; Robert Rockwood, Durant, Iowa; Oscar J. Palmer, Arkansas City, Kans.; Elwin Staples, Shapleigh, Me.; Truman Leo Kelly, Mount Airy, Md.; Stanley A. McLean, Sharon, Mass.; Carl Hearnberg, Albion, Mich.; Alan A. Swennes, Cottonwood, Minn.; Charles Rector, Bethany, Mo.; Wayne Herrin, Helena, Mont.; Donald Owen Perry, Malcom, Neb.; Alister P. Goodhue, Penacook, N. H.; Bob Lee, Albuquerque, N. Mex.; Walter Gorman, Kirkwood, N. Y.

Kein Everhart, Lexington, N. C.; Lavern Hanson, Bowbells, N. Dak.; Max Walker, Hillsboro, Ohio; Claude Carpenter, Tulsa, Okla.; Walter Horton, Jr., E. Providence, R. I.; Robert Thomas, Wagoner, S. C.; Everett Russell, Selby, S. Dak.; Harold Baxter, Greenville, Tenn.; Hiram G. Flak, Danby, Vt.; Louis D. Parham, Wyllysburg, Va.; Leonard E. Schmitt, Fond Du Lac, Wis., and Ralph Kimzey, Torrington, Wyo.

Scholarship

Safety, \$200 scholarships: Mary Tienkin, 15, Colorado Springs

pendence ave. nw., exhibit. 9c to 430 daily. Considered Hall of Modern Art, 1908-1910. See also, story of the Bridge, 1 p. to 6 p. m. Library of Congress, 1st and 2nd floors, history of the Army Air Force in pictures, 9 a. m. to 10 p. m.

National Archival, 8th and Pennsylvania ave. nw., 8:45 a. m. to 5:15 p. m. weekdays; 10:00 a. m. to 5:00 p. m. Saturdays. National Gallery of Art, 6th and Constitution ave. nw., 9 a. m. to 5 p. m.

sealer Falls, N. Y., and John William Hoglund, 15, Mellen, Wis.

Rite-Way, \$200 scholarships provided by the Rite-Way Farley Products Co.; Edward McFarland, Watertown, Wis., and Orvan Peters, 19, Mommene, Ill.

Died

CHERSELINE, EVELYN, On Monday, December 11, 1945, at Cleveland, Ohio, EVELYN of 721 F st. av., beloved daughter of William D. and Mary Thomas B. Cherseline, Mrs. Madeline M. Fierste, Mrs. J. E. Jones and Mrs. Thomas B. Cherseline. Mrs. Madeline M. Fierste, Mrs. J. E. Jones and Mrs. Thomas B. Cherseline. Remains resting at Chambers 14-2400 hours. 215 11th st. av. N. W. Major, December 8, at 9:30 a. m., Baughman funeral home, 215 11th st. av. N. W. Interment and 2 st. av. at 10 a. m. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

FRANKLIN, BYRON, On Monday, December 11, 1945, at Cleveland, Ohio, BYRON FRANKLIN of 14 Cleveland, Ohio, son of Mrs. Ben E. Franklin of 632 Quebec st. nw., son of a size 10 shoe maker, Mary Jo and Nancy Franklin. Remains resting at Chambers 14-2400 hours. 215 11th st. av. N. W. at 9:30 a. m. where services will be held Thursday, December 14, 1945, at 10:00 a. m. Relatives and friends invited. Interment Rock Creek Cemetery.

ERIBICO DOMERICA, On Sunday, December 11, 1945, at Cleveland, Ohio, ERIBICO DOMERICA, daughter of Mrs. James J. Domeric, beloved wife of Antonio ERIBICO, mother of Mrs. James J. Domeric.

[illegible]

through
to
prop-
agators,
names:

15, Hattiesburg, Miss. Charles C. Hartel, 17, Millville, N. J.; Sarah A. Lewis, 18, Union Mills, N.C.; Blaine Hatch, 20, Koosharem, Utah; Arlene Tobison, 18, Janesville, Wis. Names of the 4200 scholarships provided by the Victor Animatograph Corp., Davenport, Iowa: Dick Waldow, 18, St. Paul, Minn., and Naurice Koonce, 17, Tucson, Ariz.

Forestry, \$200 scholarships provided by the Quaker Forestry Association: Jack K. Newman, 16, Bens-

bor 5, at 3 p. m. International Congress on Forestry.

HERBERTMAN, MATTHEW, Co. Thursday, December 14, 1944. HERBERTMAN of 5322 Buchanan st., New York mother of Matthew Herbertman, at the 8th M. Hines Co. funeral home, Thursday, December 14, at 3 p. m. International Congress on Forestry.

STANTON, E. EUGENE (GENE), Co. Thursday, December 14, 1944. STANTON, E. J. EUGENE (GENE) STANTON of 1201 1/2 E. 12th St., St. Paul, Minn., brother of Wallace, Les, Stanley, Edward, and John, and sister of Mrs. J. J. Williams. Mrs. Burton, Mrs. Della M. J. Hanson. Services at Chambers for Thursday, December 15, at 10 a. m. Interment Ivy Hill, Laurel, Md.

162.49
107.94
103.48